INSURANCE
Nothing can take the place of one's own country. ONE'S OWN INSURANCE COMPANIES are the BEST.

REGD. NO. B. 1063

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

INSURANCE
SWADESHI in INSURANCE is easy. INDIAN INSURANCE COMPANIES are ready with their service.

VOL. XX NO. 212 BOMBAY SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1932 PRICE ONE ANNA

MOSCOW MANIFESTO AGAINST COLOURED RACES

Nothing Doing At Manchester Cotton Exchange

PRODUCERS UNWILLING TO CONCEDE TO STRIKE CLAUSE

TROUBLE SPREADS: PEACE MOVES BEHIND SCENES

LONDON, Sept. 1.

The strike in the manufacturing section of the cotton industry of Lancashire extended further yesterday in the north eastern part. The operatives' leaders are reported to be anxious for further mediation and "The Times" says that quiet moves are taking place behind the scenes to bring about this.

The strike is hampering the business of the Manchester cotton market. Little actual business was done on the Exchange, producers being unwilling to concede to the strike clause which buyers demand in contracts protecting them if delivery is impossible at a specified date.

Ballot papers have been issued to members of the Operative Spinners' Amalgamation regarding acceptance or rejection of the wage cuts. The result is expected next Thursday.

The general secretary is of the opinion that the ballot will result in a considerable majority for strike action.

The dispute is likely to figure prominently in the proceedings of the Trade Union Congress meeting at Newcastle next week. Representatives of the operatives will meet the General Council privately before the session opens and intervention by the Congress is considered possible.—Reuter.

AUSTRALIAN STRIKE OFF

—:o:—

MELBOURNE, Sept. 1.

Textile workers, who struck on August 25 against reduction of wages, following a fall in the cost of living, have called off the strike accepting the employers' offer of half of the proposed reduction.—Reuter.

ST. LEGER CALLOVER

LONDON, Sept. 1.

The following is the latest call-over on the St Leger:—

9/2 Dastur and Orwell offered (5/1 taken.

6/1 Udaipur, taken and offered.

6/1 Violator offered, 13/2 taken.

10/1 Fog Horn offered, 100/9 taken.

100/7 Loaningdale offered, 100/6 taken.

20/1 Celebrator, offered.

33/1 Silvermere offered, 40/1 taken.

40/1 Totaig, taken and offered.

Pay Of European Police Inspector

SIMLA, Sept. 2.

Civil Services (Emergency Deductions from Pay) Rules, 1931, have been amended to the effect that "provided further that the reduced pay of any European Inspector of Police shall not be less than the pay of any Sergeant of Police whose pay for duty performed on 30th November, 1931, was less than that of Inspector. The rule will have re rospective effect.—A. P.

STOP PRESS

England Versus All-India

—:o:—

LONDON, September 2

Following will represent England in the match against All-India Cricketers which begins at Folkestone tomorrow.—

Tennyson, Calthtrpe, Allom, South Africans, Owen Smith and Taylor, Australian, Hone, Woolley, Ames, Freeman, Hearne and Nichols.—Reuter's Special.

Race *SELECTIONS by "SENEX"*

(See Page 7)

LATE PANDIT TRIPATHY

Jubbulpore Mourning His Loss

(From A Correspondent).

JUBBULPORE, Sept. 2.

Jubbulpore was plunged in deep mourning and observed hartal today on the death of Pandit Balmukund Tripathy who expired of heart-failure this morning. He was an active worker in various religious, social, literary, educational and philanthropic institutions.

ABSCONDER REMANDED

MADRAS, Sept. 2.

Lakshmi Kantham, who was arrested yesterday evening after twelve days since his daring escape from the High Court premises was produced before the Chief Justice in chambers this afternoon and remanded to custody.

It is undecided as to whether he will be tried at the next sessions in November or earlier at a special session.—A.P.

Major G. R. Oberoi, I.M.S. who has held the post of Superintendent of the Central Jail, Naini, for several years and has had charge of a large number of political prisoners will be leaving Allahabad on long leave for nine months.—A.P.

HEAVY DROP IN EXPORTS TO INDIA

British Textile Industry's Plight

LONDON, Sept. 2.

India was Britain's principal market for cotton piece-goods in 1931 according to the Board of Trade Journal though the percentage has fallen. Forty-three per cent of Britain's cotton piece-goods were exported to India in 1913 compared with 20 per cent. last year while nearly 63 per cent. of unbleached piece-goods were exported to India in 1913 compared with 19½ per cent last year.—Reuter.

"WON'T PERMIT TO BE LYNCHED"

New York Mayor's Protest Against Governor's Action

NEW YORK, September 2.

Mayor Walker, who was recently examined by a committee of inquiry in regard to alleged corruption in municipal administration, has resigned. He stated that he was submitting his case to the people of New York. He criticised the way in which Mr. Franklin Roosevelt, Governor of the New York State, conducted the inquiry and said that the question was "Shall I permit myself to by lynched to satisfy prejudice or political ambition?"—Reuter.

Erection Of A Wall Causes Trouble

—:o:—

FYZABAD, Sept. 2.

An attempt to erect a wall near a mosque almost caused a Hindu-Muslim clash in Ajodhya which was averted by the prompt action of Mr. Milner White, the Deputy Commissioner of Police.

Bara Asthan, a 'mahant' was building a wall near the Kewra Mosque and this was resented by the Muslims who alleged that it was being built over a Muslim grave. Eventually the Muslims waited in a deputation on Mr. Miller White, who ordered the erection of the wall to be discontinued and took possession of the place under Section 145 C. P. C.—A. P.

The District Transportation Superintendent (Traffic), Hubli Junction, M. S. M. Railway, wires under date to-day:—

Regarding the breach at mile 237/14 and 237/8 between Walhe and Dondaij on the Poona branch, through running was resumed today at 2 hours.—A.P.

VON PAPEN OUT TO PLACATE NAZIS

—:o:—

Death Sentence On Two Of Their Comrades Commuted

LONDON, Sept. 2.

Berlin.—The fact that they were considered to have been unaware of the issue of the Presidential decree of August 8, threatening severest penalties for political terrorism has saved the lives of five Nazis who were sentenced to death at Beuthen for murder of a Communist.

The Prussian Government presided over by Von Papen to-day reached conclusion that as the decree only became effective 90 minutes before the murder was committed, it might be presumed that they had no knowledge of it and must be given the benefit of doubt. The sentences were, therefore, commuted to hard labour for life and the Government indicated that they would permit the rehearing of the case which will, therefore, come before an ordinary court.

The Government's decision is probably influenced by the consideration that the Nazis would quiet down if their comrades were shown mercy and also by the fact that numerous petitions asking for pardon were received from the Left Wing organisations.—Reuter.

GERMANY'S DEFENCE PLEA

French Press Howl

PARIS, September 2.

"The Premier has reported to the Cabinet on the foreign situation," is the laconic communique issued after three-and-half hours' sitting of the Cabinet to consider the German "aide memoire" on equality of armaments.

At the end of the Cabinet meeting there were no revelations. Nothing has transpired officially regarding the contents but according to a summary printed in the "Journal Des Debats" "from a reliable source", it does not contain figures or precise details but asks France to enter into frank and confidential conversations, which alone will lead to agreement. It says that if France is willing Germany will inform Britain and the United States, who might participate in the discussions.

The paper adds that the 'aide memoire' emphasises the necessity of finding a basis for scaling down armaments and to assure the security of all states in which Germany will help, but she must also consider her own security and defence. She is willing to dispense with arms prohibited to others but insists on her right to those allowed to others. It adds.

It adds that copies are being sent to other Powers. While the Paris papers, published before the Cabinet meeting, reechoed the cry to stand firm. M. Herriot himself after the Cabinet counselled coolness and caution pending a careful examination of the document.—Reuter.

GENERAL STRIKE ON RAILWAYS

Convention Meets In Madras

MADRAS, Sept. 2.

A special convention of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation commenced here to-day, Mr. Jamnadas Mehta presiding, for the purpose of considering the proposal for declaring a General Strike on Indian Railways over the question of retrenchment of Railway workers.

The President after his introductory speech placed before the meeting a draft notice prepared by him to be issued to the Railway Board on the subject. The discussion will be continued tomorrow.

The proceedings were not open to the press.—A.P.

CONGRESSMAN JAILED

Mrs. Sharma Fined Rs. 200

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 2.

Mr. Manzar Ali Sokhta was sentenced to-day by the City Magistrate, Allahabad under Section 17 (2) Criminal Law Amendment Act for assisting in the operations of an unlawful association and setnenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 200 in default three months more. He was awarded "B" class.

Mrs. M. P. Sharma, a lady Congress worker, was sentenced to a fine of Rs. 200 in default six weeks' rigorous imprisonment for leading a boycott procession.—A. P.

Congress Volunteers Arrested

CAWNPORE, Sept. 2.

Foreign cloth shops were again picketted to-day and resulted in three arrests, at the shops of Rai Sahib Gopinah and Harisingh Santokchand.—A.P.

Japan's Right To Station Troops In Manchuria

A TREATY OF ALLIANCE SIGNED

LONDON, Sept. 2.

Tokyo.—A treaty for defensive alliance between Japan and Manchukuo giving Japan right to station troops throughout Manchuria, it is authoritatively learned, will be signed and made effective before September 15.

The terms of the treaty provide for mutual respect for territorial sovereignity while Japan undertakes internal and external defence of Manchukuo.

NO PROTECTORATE.

A Foreign Office spokesman commenting in this connection said that there was no question of establishing protectorate and that Manchukuo would retain complete freedom in foreign and financial affairs.

He intimated that military agreement for fixing details were likely later. Meanwhile, it is asserted that there are no secret clauses contained in the Treaty copies of which will be communicated to the leading Powers before it is signed.

TO REGISTER OR NOT AT GENEVA.

Japan is yet indecisive as to whether she would register the treaty at Geneva. Except for the right to station troops in Manchuria the Japanese view holds that no new rights have been accorded to Japan and that the Treaty is merely in confirmation of old ones.

Renewed Rise In New York Prices

—:o:—

UNFAVOURABLE CROP REPORT

(From Our Commercial Correspt.)

BOMBAY, Sept. 2.

10-30 p.m.

The Liverpool Cotton market was due to open at heavy prices on account of reports of heavy rains in Central and Western belts, opened firm at a rise of 14 points.

There was heavy speculative buying throughout the day and the market finally closed at a net rise of 29 points.

Responding to the tendencies of the Liverpool market the New York cotton futures market opened at a rise of 31 points. On scattered buying the price increased by a rise of 8 points. At this level there was improved selling pressure and the prices acceded to 18 points from the highest level.

There was renewed buying at this level which caused a rise of 40 points over previous closing.

The market remained quiet and steady and the last known price in Bombay at 10-30 p.m. was a rise of 32 points.

Broach AlMay prices were nominally quoted at Rs. 250-8-0

The following cable has been received from New York. Technical points healthy. Crop report unfavourable market steady.

AJMER POLICE OFFICER REWARDED

Saving The Life Of Commissioner

AJMERE, Sept. 2.

At a parade in the police lines to-day Chief Commissioner, Mr. L. W. Renolds awarded the King's Police Medal to Mr. K. S. Syed Ahmad, City Inspector of Police in appreciation of his saving the life of Mr. Gibson, Commissioner of Ajmere, when the latter was suddenly shot at recently. Mr. Gibson gave a valuable gold watch to Mr. Ahmad.

A medal was also awarded to Dhandran, a constable who saved Mr. Luck, late Superintendent of Police, when he was shot at recently, it is alleged, by a constable.

The function was attended by many local officials and citizens.—A.P.

UNCONQUERABLE HIMALAYAS

—:o:—

German Explorers Give Up Attempt

BERLIN, Sep'. 2.

The Himalayas have again triumphed over man. The German Himalayan Expedition which set out from Munich in April to climb 27,000 feet Nanga Parbat peak has failed to reach its goal and is returning owing to sickness among its members.

This news is contained in a telegram from Berchtold, a member of the party, to his mother.

An earlier report stated that three climbers had established a camp at a height of 22,965 feet from where they proposed to attack the peak.—Reuter.

FORT HOUSE COLLAPSES

Night Watchman Narrowly Saved From Being Buried

BOMBAAY, Friday.

A 15-feet wide verandah and part of the roof of the fourth floor of the Old Telephone Building, Green Street, Fort, collapsed early this morning.

An iron girder which supported the verandah was smashed to smithereens.

A night watchman who was sleeping on the pavement below the verandah had moved into the building just before the collapse as it was drizzling. Rain gave him warning of the disaster and saved his life!

Fortunately no one was injured in the accident.

INMATES ROUSED FROM SLEEP.

The terrific noise of the collapse woke up the inmates of the building from sleep and a number of them screamed in panic. Some of the residents of the fourth floor hurriedly vacated their rooms. The building is owned by Mr. Sorabji Hormusji, a Parsi, and is believed to be insured.

On receipt of information Sergeant Rimmer of the Palton Road police immediately proceeded to the spot and conducted investigations.

Moscow's Plans For World Revolution

MORE ATTENTION TO EUROPEAN FRONT

REVAL, Sep. 2.

The decision of the Comintern to suspend propaganda among coloured Americans, which led to a protest by their delegates it explained in a statement by the Comintern headquarters.

COLOURED RACES.

It says: "the ignorance of these races makes their unity impossible, as was evidenced by the recent battle in New York, between Africans and West Indians, who are as shortsighted as the Hindus and the Moslems"

CONCENTRATION ON EUROPEAN FRONT

At present therefore it is more advisable for the Comintern to pay attention to the European proletariat, which is more cultured, insted, which is more cultured, instead of wasting its time and money in the futile endeavour.—Reuter.

SECOND LAHORE CONSPIRACY CASE

One Out Of Twenty-Six Accused Discharged

LAHORE, Sept. 2.

Just before the conclusion of prosecution evidence against 26 accused in the Lahore Conspiracy Case Mr. Shamlal, Defence Counsel, gave the court a list of 12 accused against whom he said the prosecution had failed to make out any case.

The Tribunal discharged only one accused, Dharmpal, brother of Yashpal, an accused in the Delhi Conspiracy case, and promised to take up the case of two others to-morrow and of the remaining on conclusion of prosecution evidence. The bail application of Krishna Gopal, an accused was rejected.—A. P.

Bombay's European M.L.A.s

SIMLA, Sept. 2.

Sir L. S. Hudson and Mr. W. B. Hossak have been elected to the Assembly from the Bombay European Constituency.—A. P.

Viceroy Returns To Simla.

SIMLA, Sept. 2.

Their Excellencies the Viceroy and the Countess of Willingdon returned to Simla to-day.—A. P.

CLASSIFIED ADVTS.

Fill up your WANTS here on payment of

RUPEE ONE

For First Sixteen Words

ONE ANNA

For Each Additional Words

Terms:—CASH with Order.

INSTRUCTIONS.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication. Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box Number. The words "Apply Box No. ....., Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" to be paid for.

Answers to Advertisements should be addressed as follows: Box No. ....., Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office. Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

A small advertisement in these columns will bring you an IMMEDIATE REPLY for a QUICK SALE.

THE "BOMBAY CHRONICLE"

Box No. 322, Tel. No. 22337

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

(Daily Edition)

	Local.	Mofussil.
1 Year	Rs. 25-0	Rs. 30-0
6 Months	Rs. 12-8	Rs. 15-0
3 Months	Rs. 6-4	Rs. 7-8
1 Month	Rs. 2-4	Rs. 3-0

SINGLE COPY: ONE ANNA.

Subscription to Foreign Countries Rs. 55/- Per Year.

SUNDAY EDITION.

	Local.	Mofussil.
Yearly	Rs. 6-0	Rs. 6-0
Half-Yearly	Rs. 3-8	Rs. 4-8

FOREIGN.

Yearly ..... Rs. 12

Half-Yearly ..... Rs. 6

PAYMENT STRICTLY IN ADVANCE

Sunday Edition must be subscribed for not less than 6 months.

Situations Vacant

WANTED—An experienced GUJARATI NURSE, B. P. N. A., fully trained for the Bhatia General Hospital, Mathew Road, Chowpatti, Bombay. Apply HONORARY JOINT SECRETARY.
A R7912

WANTED—A qualified and Factory experienced CHEMIST for Sugar Factory in Uganda, British East Africa. See personally with testimonials to NANJI KALIDAS, 15/23, Ganeshwadi, Bombay.
A R7910

WANTED—Experienced LITHOGRAPHER, Watches-Clocks Repairer, Lady companion, Qualified Nurses and Lady Doctors for outstations. State age, nationality, experience, stating salary. Enclose testimonials. Apply Post Box No. 498, Bombay.
A R7914

WANTED—A DRIVER for Gantry Electric Jib Cranes. Those having atleast 3 years working experience and are capable of attending minor repairs to the Crane Mechanical and Electric Gear, need only apply to the undersigned with true or certified true copies of testimonials. State experience. Salary offered Rs. 55 p.m. Promotion according to satisfaction given in work. Duration of service approximately three years. Resident Engineer, New Palace Construction, Chittar Hill, Jodhpur.
A 5463

WANTED—EMPLOYERS desiring most suitable candidates for services of any description, EMPIRE SERVICE SECURING AGENCY, Allahabad.
A R 7515

WANTED — MERCHANTS in every town for highclass Soaps, Inks, etc. GUJARAT SOAP & INDUSTRIAL WORKS, LTD., Baroda.
A R 7769

WANTED

WANTS TO PURCHASE—Good laying varieties of pure English fowls. Brokers and/or Commission Agents need not respond. S. E. BENGER, Bethel Cottage, No. 7 Level Crossing Road, Ville Parle. (B. B. & C. I. Railway).
R 6608

Medical.

RIGHT ANTISEPTIC TABLETS Best Chemical Contraceptive. GELOTUBE prevents venereal diseases—RIGHT AGENCY, New Bhatwadi, Girgaum, Bombay.
M R 7903

Profession

CONTINUATION OF FREE CONSULTATION BY POST BY THE GREAT EGYPTIAN SPIRITUALIST MAHMOUD BEY

for the month of September, two questions to be sent by Post with annas eight in postage stamps, to be spiritually solved very accurately. Personal consultation Rs. 5 for three questions. Wakefield House, Ballard Estate, Opposite New Customs House, Fort, Bombay.
P R7891

THE MAN OF WONDERS

An UNRIVALLED and UNKNOWN SECRET TO RICHES.

MAHMOUD BEY, the renowned Egyptian Spiritualist will give you ONE certainty each Race Day at Special Rates. And other tips consult him at Wakefield House, Ballard Estate, any time from 5 p.m. following race days and up to 2 p.m. the day of the races. You will be delighted with his Scientific Selections. Write or call at "Wakefield House," Ballard Estate, Bombay.
P R7892

HOW TO EARN RS. 27 and Its. 100/- PER WEEK—The Cotton Trade Syndicate has again pleasure to inform that his scheme 3rd day also correct. Don't waste this precious opportunity in life, see immediately to COTTON TRADE SYNDICATE, and get the scheme for Rs. 10.—100-104, Meadows Street, Fort.
P R7915

BEST TYPING AT CHEAPEST RATES done by Expert Operators. Work Brought and Delivered. A trial will convince. Refer Box No. 1731, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
P R 7899

Educational

RARE OPPORTUNITY

LEARN Typewriting, Shorthand within three months only. Learn Book-keeping and Accountancy and improve your future. For Rapid and Thorough Training, join immediately.

THE POPULAR SHORTHAND & TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, Darya Mahal, Saraswati Building, Kalkadevi Road Bombay.

Principal, B. B. RELE, B.A. LL.B.

Concession given to Poor.

Our Institution is Recognised

Special arrangements for Lady Students.

W S

THIRD SESSION CANDIDATES for Training under 21 years for Telegraph Station Master Stenotypist Courses, Monthly allowance, upto Rs. 15/-. Uniform Passage free Service Compulsory Apply with one Re. for prescribed application form to SUPERINTENDENT CENTRAL TELE. & RLY. Duties College, Delhi.
E 5436

PRACTICAL SOAP MAKING.

TAUGHT THROUGH POST or personally in our SOAP WORKS by a GOLD MEDALIST and SPECIALIST MR. W. C. NAUG. For Prospectus apply with ½ anna stamp to the PRINCIPAL, THE SCHOOL OF COTTAGE INDUSTRIES, 69-B, Mirzapore St., CALCUTTA.

For Sale.

FOR SALE—Big stock EMPTY STEEL OIL and TAR DRUMS, forty gallons, complete with Bungs also sale different sizes of Drums Bungs, delivery for Bombay or Calcutta. Offers invited. Telegraphic address OILPIT. Apply PHOENIX OIL COMPANY, 62, Muktaram Babu Street, Calcutta.
N 5433

Hundreds of Typewriters READY FOR SALE

Many Typewriter dealers and limited concerns purchase our Typewriters and Duplicators and send words of satisfaction.

Repairing, Duplicating and Type-copying a speciality.

THE BOMBAY TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION.

Opposite General Post Office, Warwick House, Fort, Bombay.

Agents Wanted

WANTED—LOCAL AGENTS on Rs. 50/- plus commission which may amount to Rs. 150 per mensem. Business without competition recently started in India, appeals to rich and poor alike. Cash deposit 100/- against goods worth double amount, returnable immediately against unsold stock on leaving services. Only those who are well connected and have good number of friends and acquaintances need apply Box No. 1729, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R 7890

WANTED—AGENTS and CANVASSERS for selling in Bombay "Hamara" cork-tipped best Cigarettes. See EASTERN CIGARETTES SUPPLYING CO., Dhanjee Street, Bombay.
A. R7908

Houses & Flats To Let.

TO LET AT KHAR—Ground Floor 3 big airy rooms (measurement 1 front room 27' x 17' and 2 side rooms each by 14' x 12'), 2 both-rooms, kitchen. Facing West with a big compound all round. Very neat and decent. For rent and inspection see B. E. POONEGAR, Rubaix House, 14th Road, Plot No. 400, Khar.

Fruit, Flowers, Seeds

GENUINE GRAFTS and PLANTS. All Varieties Mango Grafts fruitable next year. Lichi, other fruit Plants ready. Catalogue free. SUPDT. RAJA NURSERY, No. 5, Darbhanga.
F R 7895

BEST POTATOES (Mombasa)—at very attractive rate of Re. 1/6/- per maund of 28 lbs. 40 seers. (large and medium) ever, consigned before. Suitable for all dishes at dinners and parties. Best for large Hotels, Messes, Restaurants Clubs and private families. Obtainable in any quantity at NASSERWANJI & CO., 237, Frere Road, next to Polson's.
F R7896

YOUNG PLANTS AND SHRUBS TO clear surplus stock, good varieties, 6 as. each, cheaper kinds 3 as. Discount for quantities. List: Marshsmith, "Kent Hatch," Cadell Road, Bombay.
P R7916

Property For Sale.

A GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY for buyers of GINNING FACTORY—TO BE SOLD—A complete Ginning Factory, almost new in Gujrat District, containing Engine, Boiler, Chimney, Shafting, Belting, Cart-weighing Scale, Kacha Press, Pump, Building, etc. Refer for further particulars to AMRITLAL N. DIVECHA, c/o The New Jehangir Vakil Mills, Bhavnagar.
N R7844

Matrimonial.

WANTED—A SUITABLE MATCH from Namdeo-Kshatriya community for a beautiful, healthy and highly educated (lady) Doctor of 25. Please apply with full particulars and copy of a recent photograph to Box No. 1730, Advt Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
M R7893

Loans

WANTED—Applications for loan without interest upto Rupees 10,000/- repayable by easy instalments. Admission Free. Particulars from:—SECRETARY. SHAH, SHAH & Co., Bankers, Ferozepore City.
L R 7904

Machinery, Tools, Etc.

AT KATHIAWAR PORT—Complete GINNING FACTORY or separately ENGINE BOILER and GINS. Particulars RUSTON PROCTORS, 75 H.P. Engine Boiler 125 lbs. pressure and 24 Platts Gins. Apply Post Box 866, Bombay.
M R7911

Trade Announcement

TIKARI or RUSA OIL of pure quality, straight from stills at Rs. 1/4 per chittack. This is not the cheap adulterated stuff. ELLICHPUR MOTOR WORKS, Ellichpur.
T R7913

FOR THE CONVENIENCE of Residents in the north of the City we have opened a branch at Bhendy Bazar Road, near J. J. Hospital Junction for Expert Tailoring Service in Lounge Suits, Long Coats, Serwanis and wedding Garments at very moderate rates DIAS SIDICK & CO., Tailors, Apollo Bunder, Bombay.
T R7909

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per Column Inch. Per Insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertion	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified Short Advertisement Columns.

Bombay Telephone Company, Limited

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Board of Directors of the above Company have decided to pay an INTERIM DIVIDEND of Rs. 1/8/0 per share equal to 3 per cent. free of Income Tax for the year ending 31st December, 1932 on all issued shares of the Company and that such Dividend will be paid on 30th September, 1932, to the shareholders appearing on the Register on that date by Warrant posted to such shareholders.

NOTICE is also given that the TRANSFER BOOKS AND REGISTER OF MEMBERS of the Company will be closed from the 19th September 1932 to the 30th September 1932 (both days inclusive) for preparation of Dividend Warrants.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
R. H. PARKER.
General Manager & Secretary.
2-9-1932 5462

AUCTION

THE AUCTION for the lease of the Salamati Salt Works, which was to be held on 2nd September, 1932, in our Office is postponed and will be held on MONDAY, the 5th September, 1932, at 5 p.m. (S.T.) in our office.

MANCHERSHAW B. CHOTHIA & CO.,
Solicitors for Dawood Gany Hassam.
14, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay.
5461

Bombay Improvement Trust

SEALED TENDERS on percentage basis will be received by the Chief Officer, Bombay Improvement Trust at his Office at Esplanade Road, Fort, upto 1 P.M. (B. T.) on MONDAY, the 19th September 1932, for the work of Whitewashing and Colour-washing to the Board's Acquired Buildings, Permanent Chawls, etc., during the year, 1932.

The approximate value of work in the three Divisions will be as follows:—

Parel or Northern Division	Rs. 9,400.
Agripada or Central Division	Rs. 10,300
Pydhoni or Southern Division	Rs. 12,800.

Forms of Tender and Specifications can be had from the Trust Engineer's Office, at Re. 1 per copy.

Tender forms will not be sent by V.P. Post.

D.N. BAREA, L.C.E., Executive Engineer.
Dated, 1st September, 1932. 5453.

NOTICE

IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII OF 1913.

and

In the matter of THE BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE, LTD. (In Voluntary Liquidation).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in pursuance of Section 216-(2) of the Indian Companies Act, a meeting of the Shareholders of the abovenamed Company will be held at 139, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay on TUESDAY, the 27th day of September, 1932, at 4 P.M. (S.T.) for the purpose of laying before them a statement in the form prescribed by the Indian Companies Act containing the particulars prescribed by the said Act with respect to the proceedings in and the position of the Liquidation and for consideration of the following:—

(1) Applications for payment of First Return on giving indemnity.
(2) Desirability of repairing and improving the condition of the immoveable property and/or of selling the same.

LACHHMANDAS DAGA,
CHOTALAL PREMJI,
Liquidators.
Bombay, 23rd August, 1932.
R-7900

Public Notices.

Bombay Municipality

TENDERS for the supply of 4 petrol Motor lorries with and without bodies suitable for the removal of refuse will be received upto 1 p. m. (Bombay Time) on MONDAY, the 19th day of September, 1932.

Tenders should be sealed and superscribed "Tender for 4 petrol motor lorries", addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant.

Full particulars, specification etc., may be had on application to the Mechanical Engineer, Municipal Workshops, Foras Road Bombay.

(Sd.) T. K. RODDAN.
City Engineer.
Municipal Offices.
1st September, 1932.
5450

Legal Notices.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Shet GOPIRAM HARMUKHRAI MARWADI, of Bombay, has agreed to sell to my client, the piece of land admeasuring 845 square yards or thereabouts, bearing Final Plot Number 121 of the Town Planning Scheme Number 6 of Vile-Parle.

ALL persons having or claiming to have any right, title, interest or estate in the said piece of land, by way of bequest, charge, easement, exchange, gift, inheritance, lease, lien, maintenance, mortgage, sale, share, trust, wahiwat or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned Advocate, for the Purchaser, at his office in "Vasant Niwas" Building, at Andheri, Bombay Suburban District, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed at the expiry of the said period, without reference to any such claim or claims, and the same, if any, will be deemed and considered to have been knowingly waived.

Dated at Andheri this 31st August, 1932.

GAJANAN SADASHIV PATIL, B.A., LL.B., Advocate, High Court.
5447.

In The High Court Of Judicature At Bombay

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT No. 282 of 1929.

H. H. WADIA .. Plaintiff
vs.
ABDULLA alias OBED bin ESSA & Anr... Defendants
To
HAMID bin ALI,
2nd Defendant.

TAKE NOTICE that the plaintiff has taken out a Chamber Summons, dated 1st September, 1932, for an Order that the Reference to the Commissioner for taking accounts made by the Decree Absolute for sale, dated 8th April, 1930, be restored on the file of the said Commissioner and that the hearing of the Chamber Summons is fixed for 9th September, 1932, at 11-15 a.m (S.T.), before the Chamber Judge.

Dated 2nd September, 1932.
ARDESHIR HORMUSJI DINSHAW AND CO.,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
5459.

High Court

O. O. C. J.
SUIT No. 95 of 1931.
H. H. WADIA .. Plaintiff.
vs.
MANOCKBAI, widow of Dhanjibhai Kikabhai Gandevia and others .. Defendants
To
RUPCHAND JEROOP,
The 2nd Defendant.
JEROOP TEJA,
The 3rd Defendant.

TAKE NOTICE that the plaintiff has taken out a Chamber Summons, dated 26th August, 1932, for an order that he may be given leave to make certain amendments in the plaint and proceedings necessary by reason of the death of Bai Putlibai, widow of Ranchhordas Tribhowandas Modi of whose estate the plaintiff has been appointed Administrator pendente lite, and for costs. The hearing of the Chamber Summons has been fixed for 9th September, 1932, at 11-15 o'clock (S.T.) before the Hon'ble the Sitting Judge in Chambers.

Dated this 2nd day of September, 1932.
ARDESHIR HORMUSJI DINSHAW AND CO.,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
5460

FOR SPECIAL PATETI WEEK

DOUBLE PROGRAMME

NEK ABLA

Picturization of the famous stage success "PAKJAD PARIN."

With a Mythological Gujerati Comedy:

"KRISHNA SUDAMA"

Featuring your favourite:—

JAMSHEDJI, MUSHTARI, HADI & PHIROZESHAH MISTRY.

and

Master TRIKUM, CHANDOO & Baby GHASWALA in the Roaring Gujerati Comedy:

"KRISHNA SUDAMA"

Glorious song hits, lovely settings and plot that will hold you from start to finish.

MATINEE SHOW on Sat., Sun. and Holidays at 2-30 P.M.

Usual Shows at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 P.M.

MAJESTIC CINEMA

GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

AUCTION SALES

BENNETT & CO.

120, Apollo Street, Fort.

SALE WILL TAKE PLACE AT POONA.

GRAND BONA-FIDE SALE.

Under instructions from the parties concerned, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will, on SUNDAY, the 18th, MONDAY, the 19th and TUESDAY, the 20th September, 1932, at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) each day respectively sell by Public Auction at "Jeejibhoy Castle" Station Road, Poona, next to Post Office, very valuable, handsome and artistic complete dining, drawing and bedroom furniture, especially made to order by Wimbridge and others such as large telescopic dining table for 24 persons, leather-lined chairs, mirror back large sideboards, and dinner waggons, one sweet-toned cottage piano by A. Hamilton, Grandfather's chiming clock, fancy large and small cabinets, silver showcases fancy centre tables with table ornaments, card tables, leather and tapestry lined sofas and chairs Chesterfield suite, low arm chairs mirror back jardiniers, oval palm pots, majolica flower pots with stands, rich vases and wall plates, glass painted screens and half-doors, rich oil paintings and water colours in frames, terracota and marble figures on stands, electric cut glass chandeliers, fancy bracket and ceiling lights, electric bronze and terracota figures, ceiling fans, single and double wooden bedsteads, full-size hanging and shelves almyrahs, cupboards, chest of drawers, dressing tables with side mirrors, wash-hand tables with crockery, soil linen baskets, towel and boot racks, roll-top writing table, one Milner safe on stand, mirror back hat and umbrella stands, tile top oval and square teapoys, marble top side and centre tables, easy chairs, verandah benches, rich cutlery, plated ware and brass ware, such as knives, forks, spoons, tea and coffee sets, cut glass decanters and Liqueur set, fancy brass pots on stands, ice-box, meat-safes, hot water boilers, garden lamps with posts, etc., etc.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view 3 days before the Sale.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale and the balance should be paid in cash and the articles removed immediately after the close of the Sale.

BENNETT & CO.

VORA & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) 4th instant at 10-30 A. M. (S. T.) of the best jacobean and plain selected designs highly polished complete bunglow furniture, richly upholstered and double spring full size chesterfield suits, Gramophone, Drawing room sofa cabinet, Single mirror Almyrahs, Wardrobe, American Gun Saxenal Book case, Jacobean teapoys, Indian carved furniture, Glassware etc., at Chowpatty Sea Face, Next to Vianelli's Restaurant.

VORA & CO.

THE ROYAL ASTROLOGER

1,000,000 and more clients have had our remarkable foretelling. Family fame of 25 generations in Astrology. Medalist and Certificates from Maharajahs and Zemindars. Wonderful Annual reading Re. 1. 5 years Rs. 2-8. State birth details or writing time—KALLINGA ASTROLOGICAL BUREAU, Vizianagram.

BOMBAY AMATEUR DRAMATIC CLUB

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT OF A MATINEE PERFORMANCE OF

HAWK ISLAND

AT THE

OPERA HOUSE

on

SATURDAY, 3rd SEPT. AT 6-0 P. M.

To meet a request from suburban residents for an early evening performance of our productions this Matinee is being specially arranged for the convenience of those residing outside Bombay who find it difficult to attend later performances.

Bookings for this Matinee are brisk—secure your seats early to avoid disappointment.

Box Office and Plan open at S. Rose and Co., Ltd. Price of Seats:—3/6, 2/4, 1/2 including of Tax.

CHILDNEN HALF PRICE

SONG RECITALS AT

Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall

LOMELINO DA SILVA

OUTSTANDING SUCCESS OF THE FIRST CONCERT

Completely new programme

FAREWELL CONCERT

SUNDAY, 4th Sept. 9-30 p.m. Popular Prices: 3/0; 2/4; 1/2

Booking at S. Rose & Co. and at the Hall.

THE EMPRESS

Daily Change Programme

To-day at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

DIXIANA

with

BEBE DANIELS

To-morrow at 10 a.m. and also at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

NO NO NANETTE

with

ALEXANDER GRAY

MONDAY, 5th September, KING OF JAZZ

TUESDAY, 6th September, CHARLEY'S AUNT

WEDNESDAY, 7th September. GOLD DIGGERS OF BROADWAY

Mighty! Magnificent!! Majestic!!!

SUPER JEWEL of HINDUSTAN

Artistic, Realistic and Thrilling.

SETU-BANDHAN

Story, Scenario and Direction by

Mr. D. G. Phalke

Produced by

THE HINDUSTAN FILM Co.,

Will be shortly released.

WATCH THIS COLUMN.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra

on 15 December, 2016

Shown on the Screen

LUPE VELEZ IN NEW POLE

Hauting romance, tropic adventure, comedy and music are blended in Lawrence Tibbett's latest starring picture. "The Cuban Love Song" which opens this week at Bombay's leading talkie house, the Capitol. The hero of the Rogue Song is seen in modern garb as a swashbuckling, singing marine who figures in an engrossing romance of Cuba. Lupe Velez, fiery llitte Mexican heroine of "Resurrection" and a host of other successes, has the feminine and prominent roles are filled by Ernest Torrence and Jimmy Duranto, who last scored as a comic pair in "Get Righ Quick Wallingford."

The picture was directed by W. S. Van Dyke, who has such hits to his credit as "Trader Horn" and "Guilty Hands". Tibett plays a marine who is stationed in Cuba, where he falls in love with Nenita, a little Cuban peanut vendor. The war breaks out and he is called to France. There he finds the girl he left at home, as a nurse. When she sabes him a little sense of duty compels him to marry her. Years later, the lure of Cuba fills him with a wanderlust and he goes back to seek the girl he once loved. A surprising denouncement brings the story to a close. Highlights include a tense interlude in a shel. hole, the dramatic farewell in Cuba, the conflict between two women who are the rivals for Tibbett's love and the hilarious reunon of Tibbett, Torrence and Durante, in which they celebrate in the good old manner of "wine women and song."

Among Tibbett's songs are "From the Halls of Montezuma" the official Marine Corps song "Tramps at Sea", and the "Cuban Love Song". He and Lupe Velez sing the original Cuban version of "The Peanut Vendor" and Torrence and Durante join the star in a comedy medley of songs. The musical score was written by Herbert Stothart, who composed the music of "The Rogue Song" and the songs are the work of Stothart, Dorothy Fields and James McHugh. Many novelties make "The Cuban Love Song" unique among pictures. The famous Palau Brothers' Rumba Band, brought from the Sans Souci Club in Havana, plays the melodic background for The Peanut Vendor" and a rumba danced by Lupe Velez.

The programme also includes a laughter special by Laurel and Hardy entitled "Helpmates" and as usual the two comedians are at the peak of comedy.

LUPE VELEZ and LAWRENCE TIBBETT in "The CUBAN LOVE SONG"

AT THE RIALTO

"Comical capers in a gymnasium, a screamingly funny adventure with gangsters, and a love affair that results in his trying to reform the small boys of the tenements, land Buster Keaton into hilarious troubles in his newest Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer picture which opens this week at the Rialto specially for the Parsi New Year. This is "Sidewalks of New York" a farcical romance of love and gangsters, small boys and trials and tribulations galore. Buster plays a millionaire's son who owns a block of telements. He falls in love with Anita Page, a girl of tde tenement, and for her sake sets out to reform her brother. He starts a gymnasium and tries to act as instructor in it, but he does not know how, and tangles up in eferything in the place. Then the gangs get after him and he dodges trouble and bullets until in a comical finals he wins out and true love conquers.

MARLENE DIETRICH IN "SHANGHAI EXPRESS"

At The Excelsior Theatre

The story of "Shanghai Express" combines those pasic elements of Entertainment-Romance-Humour-Suspense-and Swift Action. It begins with the "Shanghai Express" leaving Pekin with a heterogeneous collection of characters abroad ready for a desperate attempt to run through rebel gun fire. It ends with the arrival in Shanghai after experiencing adventures both harrowing and humorous, romantic and pathetic. The cast of "Shanghai Express" is of extraordinary excellence.

Marlene Dietrich, the blond and glamorous star of romantic rcles, with the deep blue, mysterious eyes, is now "Shanghai Lily", the white bower of the China coast. She is a girl of radiant beauty, tantalising and seductive.

It had taken many men to give her the name of Shanghai Lily. Her reputation was a byward. Many men had loved her, yet only one, Clive Brook, had been loved in return. Years before they met and parted. They meet again abroad the "Shanghai Express," part of a strange cargo of Happiness and Sorrow, intrigue and danger.

The "Shanghai Express" careeing wildly through the night, toward the rebel lines with two dead men in the locomotive—its capture by Chinese rebels—its colourful list of passangers and Detrich, Clive Brook, Anna May Wong and Warner Oland on a ide with Fate—with Eugene Falatte and others supplying comeiy, all these make "Shanghai Express" the finest—the most fascinating picture of our times.

"GOOD NIGHT VIENNA"

At The Empire Theatre

Jack Buchanan, the idol of the London stage is now co-starred with Anna Neagle in "Good-Night" Vienna" a fine British picture showing this week at the Empire. His great success in "Monto Carlo" and "Paris" is now followed up by fresh laurels in this picture.

The story is a departure from the customary type of musical comedy in possessing more substance, being a credible story and as coherent as it is cohesive. It is a breezy romance enacted against the colourful background of gay Vienna, the enchanting city of love and laughter. The plot is of absorbing interest and holds the interest of the audience from start to finish. Jack Buchanan is ably supported by Miss Anna Neagle a new British "film find" whose singing is simply delightful. To Holt Marvels lyrics George Ponsford has written particularly tuneful music and throughout the songs are catching as well as melodious.

The Picture which is directed by Herbert Wilcox is one of the most entertaining once ever brought to the screen.

INDIAN STUNT PICTURE

At The Globe Talkies

From to-day (3-9-32) during this week, one of the great Indian Stunt Pictures, produced by the Royal Film Company of Bombay named the "Black Ghost" featurng Master Vithal, the Indian Doughlas and Mis Madhuri, supported by Sahi.

Harichandra and Miss Manojula will be shown at the Globe.

"Black Ghost" is written by Vijay-Shanker Bhatt, directed by Mr. Shanti J. Vave and photographed by Mr. V. N. Vyas.

Charlie Chaplin in 'The Circus" now shown at the Pathe.

CHARLIE CHAPLIN IN "CIRCUS"

At The Pathe

Following on the success of City Lights Charlie Chaplin is being screened this week at the Pathe Cinema in "The Circus." In many ways this picture is the best that Charlie Chaplin has produced inasmuch as the comedy is absolutely continuous from the very start. Little can be said about Charlie Chaplin as every one knows that he has no rival. In this picture he finds himself thrown in with a travelling circus and the situations that arise cannot be adequately described. Unintentionally he forms part of the show and the audience will have nothing to do with the real show with the result that the proprietor engages him. The scene with Charlie Chaplin in the lions' cage is remarkably well done and the climax comes when he attempts tight-rope walking.

In addition to this there will also be screened a Mickey Mouse cartoon, Pathe Audio Review and Pathe Sound Gazette.

You should book your seats early as there will doubtless be a big rush to see Charlie Chaplin.

DAILY CHANGE OF PROGRAMME

At The Empress Theatre

A daily change of programme is provided at the Empress during the Parsi New Year week commencing Saturday 3rd September when some of the best films which have been shown with tremendous success will be screened again. The programme for the week will be as follows "Dixiana" starring Bebe Daniels Everst Marshall with Bert Wheeler and Robert Woolsey will be screened on Saturday. "No No Nannette" featuring Alexander Grey, Bernice Clair and Louis Fazanda on Sunday. "King of Jazz" featuring Paul Whitemar and his band on Monday. "Charley's Aunt" featuring Charlie Ruggles on Tuesday. "Gold Diggers of Broadway" featuring Winnie Lightner and Nick Lucas on Wednesday. "Rio Rita" featuring Bebe Daniels and John Boles on Thursday and "Cohens and Kellys in Hollywood" featuring George Sidney and Charlie Murray on Friday.

NORMA SHEARER AND LAUREL—HARDY

Comedy—Attraction At The Palace

Norma Shearer, one of the most favourite stars of the screen, is featured with Robert Montgomery, another popular actor, in Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's hilarious farce drama "Private Lives" which will be shown this week at the Palace Talkies, (Byculla) as a special attraction for the Pateti holidays. Others in the cast are Reginald Denny, Una Merkel, Jean Hersholt. There will be a matinee at 4 p. m. daily during the week.

This picturization of the Noel Coward stage success is by far the breeziest and most delightful offering the screen has given It is breath-taking in racy tempo and moves to a hysterical climax, of sparkling dialogue and a zestful plot. As Amanda, the wife who discards her husband for another, more for spite than anything else. Miss Shearer achieves the finest portrayal in farce, Montgomery, as Elyot, who also weds again, only to repent without much leisure, is splendid and matches her skill with cyclonic performance.

The story is about a divorced man and his wife who marry again to spite each other. By chance both couples are assigned to adjoining bridal suites in a French hotel on the first night of the honeymoon. They row with their respective spouses and discover each other's presence, finally eloping to a chalet in Switzerland where they later are found by their rightfully enraged—but chaste—bride and bridegroom. The settings are highly picturesque. The programme also includes a new comedy of Laurel and Hardy entitled "Blotto," and the Metrotone News.

PATHE CINEMA

TO-DAY at 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

CHARLIE CHAPLIN in THE CIRCUS

SYNCHRONISED.

It is a scream from Beginning to End.

THE FLY'S MISSION

THE mission of the fly is to spread disease. The danger from flies cannot be ignored when it is proved that typhoid increases as flies increase. Typhoid practically disappears when cold weather comes on and the flies die. Flies also carry many other fatal diseases—kill them the quick, easy way—spray Flit.

Flit kills flies, mosquitoes, fleas, ants, moths, bed bugs, roaches and their eggs. Flit spray is deadly to insects but harmless to people. Easy to use. Does not stain. Do not confuse Flit with other insecticides.

Look for the soldier on the yellow can with the black band

Spray FLIT

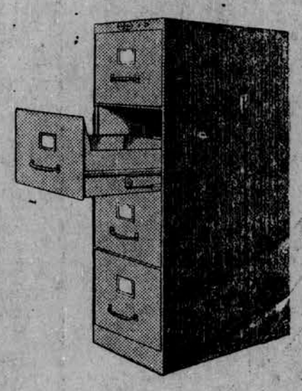
REG. TRADE MARK

For your protection, Flit is sold only in sealed cans.

Sole Distributors: HERBERT SON & Co., Ltd. Post Office Box 431. Bombay

GODREJ FILING CABINETS

VERDICT OF A LEADER OF BUSINESS



THE BEST and THE CHEAPEST

Dear Sirs,

STEEL VERTICAL FILING CABINETS.

I have great pleasure in expressing my satisfaction with the Steel Vertical Filing Cabinets supplied by you, which I understand are the first cabinets of the kind to be manufactured in India.

We have employed this form of filing for a considerable number of years past using the imported Steel Filing Cabinets, and I am glad to be able to state that the Cabinets manufactured by you appear to be equal, if not superior, to the imported article being as they are, of strong and rigid construction, with welded joints and, for the Drawers, smooth Roller Suspension with automatic locking device, with a stove baked finish over all equal to the finish of your well known Safes.

I trust that your initiation of the manufacture of Vertical Steel Filing Cabinets in Bombay will result in much more extensive use of this filing system in India than hitherto, as in my opinion, based on a considerable number of years' experience, there is no more convenient filing system extant than this.

Yours faithfully, Sd. H. E. JONES, Manager, Oriental Government Security Life Assnc. Co., Ltd.

ASK FOR THE FILING CABINET LEAFLET.

GODREJ & BOYCE MFG. CO., LTD.

Head Office and Works:—LALBAUG, PAREL, BOMBAY.

BOMBAY SHOWROOMS:—(1) 27, Churchgate Street, Fort. (2) Kalbadevi Road. Corner of Vithalwadi.

Branches:—CALCUTTA, DELHI, MADRAS.

How To Remove A Bad Complexion.

Cosmetics can never really help a poor complexion; often they are positively harmful. The sensible, rational way is to actually remove the thin veil of stifling, half-dead scarf skin from the face, and give the fresh, vigorous and beautiful young skin underneath a chance to show itself and to breathe.

This is best done in a very simple way, by merely applying mercolized wax at night, like cold cream, and washing it off in the morning. Good mercolized wax can be obtained from any well-stocked chemist. It absorbs the disfiguring cuticle gradually and harmlessly, leaving a brilliant natural complexion. Of course, this also takes with it all such facial blemishes as red blotches, tan, moth patches, sallowness, liver spots, pimples, etc. As a freckle remover and general complexion beautifier this old-fashioned remedy is unequalled.

WHITE LEPROSY

A few days' application of this medicine cures White Leprosy, and Leucoderma radically. Get rid of this horrible disease by application of the medicine in spite of failure by hundreds of Hakims, Doctors, Kabirajes and advertisers.

Rs. 500 Reward, if proved fallible. Price Rs. 2.

AKHIL KISHORE RAM.
No. 22, P. O. Katrisarai.
(Gaya).

ASTHMA

Special and Guaranteed treatment for all kinds of Asthma. Unsuccessful patients are requested to try once without any difficulty. No fear of relapse. Permanent cure within a month. Apply TEGAR CHEMICAL WORKS P.O. Bagbazar, CALCUTTA.

A WONDERFUL REMEDY
Manufactured by the renowned
VIKRAM PHARMACY
BARODA
VIKRAM TABLETS
for removing
CONSTIPATION
and
ALL DISORDERS OF BOWELS

A trial bottle costs only SIX ANNAS.

Available at all good Chemists & Stores.

Bombay Stockists:—
MADHAV AGENCY
CHEMISTS
Girgaon, Bombay 4.

The Great Indian Astrologer

Send birth particulars or letter-writing time and age, your character, riches, etc. 25 Marvellous predictions, Rs. 2/4/0. Annual Life Reading, Rs.: 1/4/0. Answers to 2 questions, Rs. 1/4/0. Our 1st Reader on Astrology in English Rs. 1/4/0 V. P. P.
Prof. A. VENKATA SASTRI,
Gopalapuram (via) Kothapeta,
East GODAVARI District.

Indian Capital
Indian Labour
VENUS and GANDHI
PLAYING CARDS
Manufactured with purely Indian Materials in colours and finish equal to foreign make. Prices cheap. Sample Packet sent on receipt of as. -/4/- postage stamp. Apply for prices and samples to
The Pearl Calendar Mfg. Co.
Post Box No. 6777, Calcutta.

VOCATIONAL EDUCATION

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Recently the Senate of the Bombay University solemnly passed a resolution to ascertain the financial condition of unemployed graduates, although Dr. Deshmukh stoutly maintained that it was none of the University's business to meddle with the employment problem. In the meanwhile the University has certainly not stopped its manufactory, and as usual a still larger batch of graduates than before will be again dumped on the market next year, to look after themselves as best as they can. The Benares Hindu University on the other hand has taken a bold lead and has recently opened special Diploma Courses in Oils, Paints, Soaps and other allied lines of Chemical Technology.

To do their bit by the unemployed, in a fit of great compassion, has also recently legislated that wherever possible office peons and sepoys should preferably be recruited from the ranks of qualified matriculates resident in the State, for which act of gracious kindness (?) I have no doubt, the State subjects will ever remain grateful to the authorities.

NEWMAN'S IDEAL

Our Bombay University is, however, only at the committee stage of tackling this problem. For it is pointed out has not that great humanist Cardinal Newman always held that the ideal University should be a "Stadium Generale" principally interested in broadcasting aesthetic culture? No wonder therefore that the vocational side of Education, does not yet loom large before our University Senate with its respect for hoary past.

In course of a series of remarkable lectures on the "Bread Problem" that eminent Indian Scientist Sir P. C. Ray, narrated some heart rendering accounts of graduates including one who had taken up the "Career" of a licensed coolie on the Howrah Station, after struggling hard for years to get a clerical job. It was on this occasion Dr. Ray added that if he had the necessary authority the first thing he would do would be to close for some years the University Law College. Captain Petavel who was in Bombay recently, has also done a good deal to help the unemployed youth of Bengal by establishing the "Polytechnic Institute", which is a novel institution of its kind at Calcutta. And who can forget the invaluable work done by the Bengali Oxford Graduate shoe black, to show the real dignity of labour? Why does Bombay lag behind — Yours, etc.,

V. K. NAGARKAR.

August 31.

"THE BAD, BAD WOMAN" BANNED

U. S. Star Told To Leave England

LONDON, (By Mail)

Dora Maughan, "the bad, bad woman" of the stage, has been told by the Home Office to leave England by the end of the month.

This is the reply to her application for an extension of time after being informed that she would be expected to leave by August 31.

Miss Maughan said:—

"It breaks by heart to think that I have to leave England. have come to look upon it as my home, and never thought for one moment that I shoul have to go.

INCOME TAX PAID

"As yet I have not been told by the Home Office the reason for their sudden decision, and I must say I feel that I should like to have some explanation from them.

"I have paid my income tax, and I can assure you that there is nothing that the officials at the Home Office can hold against me.

"I might point out that for some time I have been helping British artists to get engagements.

"Financially this year has been a very bad one for me, and therefore it worries me to think that it will be very difficult for me to pay my ordinary debts before leaving this country."

STOLL TROUBLE

Miss Maughan is the American comedy singer who came under the ban of Sir Oswald Stoll, when she appeared at the Alhambra five years ago.

After watching her performance Sir Oswald declared her turn to be unsuitable for any one of the theatres or halls under his control.

But Miss Maughan has performed at a large number of other theatres in different parts of the country since.

Latest Australian papers record the progress of A. A. Malley's team in Canada. During the first week of August it is reported that Don Bradman scored four centuries in successive matches. Against a local team at Moosejaw Saskatchewan he scored 100 not out. A day later he scored another century. Against Regina on August 7 he obtained 116, not out, which was his fifth century in succession.

PREHISTORIANS OF BRITAIN

Antiquity Of Stonehenge

EARLY RESEARCHES

The International Congress of Pre-historic and Proto-historic Sciences was opened at King's College, Strand, under the presidency of Sir Charles Peers, president of the Society of Antiquaries and Chief Inspector of Ancient Monuments under the Office of Works. Speaking in French, Sir Charles Peers announced that invitations to this inaugural congress had been sent by the Society of Antiquaries, following resolutions adopted at a conference of leading representatives of prehistoric studies held last year in Berne.

MAN'S INTEREST IN MAN.

The presidential address on "The Beginnings of Prehistoric Studies in Britain" was delivered in English. The interest of primitive man in his predecessors, said Sir Charles Peers, was inspired by the hope of hidden treasure and not at all by any curiosity about the former owners Some consideration for the dead might spring from religious concepts, but that would not lead to any interest in their manner of life or immediate surroundings. Such traditions as were preserved would not be precise on minor points of detail. Yet the great monuments of former ages had at no period failed to attract the attention of the living, and the inquirer was confronted with a mass of material showing a sort of family resemblance and often dignified by the name of folk-lore.

The fact that an opinion pas current at any remote time could not be overlooked though that could have no real bearing on its credibility. Thus our early antiquaries set about the explanations of prehistory by the light of history as it was known to them A thick darkness brooded over the unrecorded past; medieval legends were mere romance and fable, and only in the revival of classical learning was any trustworthy record to be found. The exploits of savage men, it was held, were of little importance to a more cultured age, and where anything remarkable remained the natural tendency was to ascribe it to the Romans, with whose advent in Britain history properly so called began.

CAMDEN.

At the end of the sixteenth century that learned forerunner of modern antiquaries, William Camden, set about the task of writing the story of Britain with Julius Caesar as his first trustworthy historian. What Caesar said of Britons and Druids, and of the advent of the Belgae was to be believed, but for the rest Camden saw no reason to ascribe a date before the Roman occupation of Britain to any notable monument except Stonehenge an "insana substructio" on which he hazarded the opinion that the stones composing it were artificial.

Aubrey, the Wiltshire squire, who first came upon the stones of Averbury when hunting in 1648, was impressed by the absurdity of deriving such structures from classic tradition, as Inigo Jones had done in the case of Stonehenge, and made a careful examination of the place. Fifteen years later Charles II, came to see Avebury with the Duke of York, and commanded Aubery to write an account of it and of Silbury and the other antiquities on the Plain. His account was careful and in its way thorough. The fact that the earthen rampart at Avebury encircling the monument, was outside the ditch and not inside it showed him that this was no military work, and he was persuaded that it was a temple of the Druids, the most eminent order of Priests among the Britons. He had the definite merit that he took trouble to set down what he saw as precisely as it was possible for him to do so.

LATER INVESTIGATIONS.

A few years after his death in 1633 was born William Stukeley, a man gifted with a vivid imagination and an insatiable curiosity. A world-history in his day was no illimitable task. The Old Testament, on the one hand, and the writers of classic antiquity on the other, contained the authentic story of the world from the beginning. The chronology of Archbishop Usher marked out a space of less than 6,000 years for the whole history of man. While we in the twentieth century were conscious of knowing too little Stukeley undoubtedly knew too much. Nothing daunted him. "What is all learning," he said "but a knowledge of antiquities?" and the secrets of Nature were no more hidden from him than the manners of primitive man.

The next great investigator of prehistory, Sir Richard Colt Hoare, set at the head of his first volume on the antiquities of Wiltshire, published in 1810, the words, "We speak from facts, not theory." He refused to involve himself in any controvery on to place too much reliance on the very imperfect traditions handed down by former antiquaries Hardly a tumulus in the country escaped more or less searching investigation, and they were recorded in his pages with a considerable number of plains and illustrations of objects found. He realized that the great hill camp could not be attributed any more to the Romans but were the work of native Britons.

RUINED WORLD.

Already through the work of William Smith in 1790 a geological map of England had been produced to demonstrate a succession of ruined world, each characterized by its own life forms. Stratigraphical geology opened the way to a new conception of the prehistory of man, and the palaeolithic weapons described in 1797 before the Society of Antiquaries by John Frere were attributed by him to a period "even beyond that of the present world." Here we reached the transition from ancient to modern archaeology. Two principles established could never again be ignored. The first was that no science could afford to neglect the collateral evidence of other sciences, and the second that science was not a matter for separate peoples but for the community of learning in the civilized world.

Sir Charles Peers concluded with an account of the discovery of the antiquity of mankind in the mid-nineteenth century, from the existence of human weapons and bones in levels which had witnessed great geological changes. The dawn of the age of archaeology had curiously coinsided with a period of wanton and ignorant destruction. Many years were to elapse before public opinion was ready for legislations in defence of our monuments, and even to-day it was of recent origin. But, a large number of our prehistoric monuments were now scheduled for protection and it was only a question of time before all those that survived were placed on the list. Man's earliest evidence on our soil were realized to be a worthy of preservation as his later and more imposing constructions, and for such an advance in civilization, tardy though it might be, we had in the first place to acknowledge our debt to the pioneers of knowledge.

A SOVIET OLYMPIAD.

Three Thousand Amateur Artists

Moscow, (By Mail).

The Soviet capital will witness one of the most unusual gatherings in its history with the opening here to-day of the national "Olympiad" of amateur artists About three thousand amateur musicians, actors, dancers, singers, etc., from all corners of the Soviet Union begin an intensive demonstration of their achievements, with attractive Government prizes awaiting the groups which distinguish themselves.

Two years ago the Soviets staged Olymplads of professional artists, but this is the first national exhibition of the attainments of non-professional theatrical circles, glee clubs, factory orchestras, and other amateur art groups. The diversity of Soviet nationalities will make these Olympaids an extraordinary spectacle of racial cultures, with dozens of minor nationalities raging from tribes in the semi-tropical Caucasus to races beyond the Polar Circle represented. The purpose of the present Olmpiad, according to its leaders, is to encourage the artistic activities of workers and peasants everywhere in the Soviet Union. They indicate that the gathering will not merely provide a singular show, but disclose the weakness on the "cultural front," which must be corrected quickly.

INTERNATIONAL CO-OPERATION

Women's Plea

The Sixth International Conference of University Women is over—dead, but not buried for as a result of this great gathering at Edinburgh, the largest since the foundation of the International Federation, old friendships have been cemented new ones formed, and the ideals of internationalism and fellowship affirmed anew.

It is the view of the International Federation that international understanding is promoted as much or even more by personal contact as by elaborate committees and constitutions, and it was certainly a remarkable thing that in these times of financial difficulty no fewer than 375 representatives from over thirty different countries should have attended the Conference.

How great was their enthusiasm is shown by the fact that in Hungary, where no one is permitted to take more than the equivalent of £2 10s. out of the country, delegates were buying money in little shops in the back streets of Budapest in order to attend.

The choice of Edinburgh for a meeting place was a happy one. Professor Cullis, in her Presidential Address, said that, in view of the strong tradition for education in Scotland, it was peculiarly fitting that the Conference should be held in Edinburgh and none of the delegates will question that the Royal City has entertained them royally.

THE OPENING

Both City and University were represented at the formal opening on July 29, when there entered in procession to the McEwan Hall doctors and lawyers, professors and scientists clad in their academic robes and adorned with gorgeous trappings of brilliant scarlet and royal blue of vivid green and bright magenta.

That same evening Bailie Barbour Simpson, on behalf of the Lord Provost, held a Civic Reception at the Art Gallery at which over a thousand people were present, and Bailies in ermine, and Councillors in crimson velvet received their many guests.

The meeting on Monday August 1, was devoted to addresses by distinguished members of the British Federation on various aspects of women's work. The Duchess of Atholl gave her audience a most delightful treat when she illustrated her talk on "The Value of Music in Education" by playing some of her favourite pieces on the pianoforte.

The experiment made in arranging for th principal topic, "Does a University Education Fit the Modern Woman for Life," to be discussed by groups, proved most popular, and it was generally agreed that the method should be made use of again at future Conferences. The majority of the members participated in these small discussions.

DR. REINHARDT'S VIEW

Dr. Aurelia Reinhardt, in her summing up, said that the chief points that had emerged were that there was a great differences between the cultural training given by English and American universities, and the technical training given by Continental universities, each having something to learn from the other that there should be greater co-operation between professors and their students, and that the standard of admission to the universities should be raised in order that only those who would profit by the courses might enter.

The final recommendations made to the International Conference were that a committee should be set up to study university methods in different countries, and that research should be made into the professions really available to women to-day, especially in the realm of economics.

Perhaps the most important resolution of all was that in which the Conference declared that:—

In its opinion the economic problems of the world can be solved only by international co-operation, both of peoples and Governments. It empowers its officers at the appropriate time to transmit this resolution to the World Economic Conference, which it is hoped will assemble in the autumn and to convey to that Conference the earnest desire of the International Federation of University Women for the success of the labours Further, It empowers the officers to take the appropriate measures to press for the appointment of women to that Conference.

The Bennett College Ltd.
SHEFFIELD.

Gives highest training in Accountancy, Architecture, Banking, Civil Service, Civil, Electrical, Mechanical, Motor and Municipal Engineering, Matriculation, Mathematics, Draughtsmanship, Police Examinations, Sanitation, Secretarial Work, Telegraphy, Telephony and Wireless Telegraphy, Commercial Art, Etc., Etc.

IF YOU DO NOT SEE YOUR Own Requirements Above Write To Us On ANY Subject We Specialise in Examinations.

MOST MODERATE CHARGES
PAYABLE MONTHLY
We teach by Post in ALL PARTS of the world.
IT COSTS NOTHING TO ENQUIRE.
Ask for our NEW BOOK (Free of Charge).
THE HUMAN MACHINE.
SECRETS OF SUCCESS.

DO NOT DELAY—
There may be chances for you to-day for which you may be too late to-morrow. Every day counts in a man's career.

Write to:—
Dept. 199,
The Bennett College Agency,
10, Alipore Road, Delhi.

Or to:—
Dept. 199,
THE BENNETT COLLEGE LTD.,
Sheffield, England.

Women with Headaches are Constipated

CASTOPHENE cleanses and purifies the system much effectively than stronger and more drastic aperients. When you take CASTOPHENE your system is cleansed of all foul wastes and your blood is purified.
To relieve yourself from all sorts of ailments and headache and to be always at your best take
CASTOPHENE
THE CHOCOLATE LAXATIVE
CASTOPHENE is sweet in taste and mild and effective acting gently in a natural way!
Price: Re. 1/- per bottle of 25 tablets.
Rs. 3/- per bottle of 160 tablets.
Can be had from all Druggists.
CASTOPHENE MANUFACTURING CO.
P. O. B. 88, Karachi
and P. O. 4013, Bombay.
(F)

THE NEDUNGADI BANK, LTD.
(Established 1899 — Incorporated 1913).
Head Office:—Calicut.
Madras Offices:—17|18 Broadway.
Branches:—Palghat, Badagara, Tirur, Ottapalam, Ernakulam, Trichur, Alleppey, Mangalore, Tellicherry, Trivandrum, Coimbatore and Quilon.
Capital:—

	Rs. a. p
Authorised	50,00,000 0 0
Issued & Subscribed	25,00,000 0 0
Paid up (30-4-1932)	15,04,265 0 0
Reserve Funds ...	4,50,000 0 0
Investment on G.P. Notes (face value)	10,61,100 0 0

Present rates of interest on deposits:—7-1|2 per cent. per annum for 12 months or over; 6 per cent for 6 months; 4-1|2 per cent. for 3 months and 3 per cent. on "On demand deposits."
On fixed deposits for 12 months and over interest paid half yearly and on sums of Rs. 10,000|- and over quarterly. Remittances on account of deposits will be received by the Central Bank of India, Ltd., at Bombay and Calcutta, free of commission.
Current and Savings Bank accounts opened and interest allowed and all other kinds of banking business undertaken.
Further particulars on application.
M. VELAYUDHAN NAIR, B.A.,
Secretary.

COTTON

LATEST INFORMATION IS MONEY ITSELF

COTTON BUSINESS.—We transact cotton business on behalf of our clients through the E. I. C. Association, Ltd., and the Mahajan Association. Our clients remain in touch with all the latest information from all Foreign Markets which help them to cover their bargains profitably.

NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL MARKETS.—The New York and Liverpool Cotton Markets dominate all other markets of the world and every bit of information there is flashed all round the world. Shrewd speculators avail themselves of the news and make profits. The Bureau remains in constant touch with these markets right from the opening, midway fluctuations to the closing prices.

STERLING-DOLLAR CROSS-RATE: — The Sterling-Dollar Cross-Rate is of utmost importance to business. All the commodity markets rule practically in tune with the fluctuations in the Cross-Rate. We receive opening, closing and all time to time fluctuations together with our London Agent's opinion. We can wire or telephone same to any part of India for a moderate charge.

TELEGRAPH AND TELEPHONE CALLS: — Quotations of Liverpool and New York Future together with Bombay quotations and expectation (Dharna) can be phoned or wired to any part of India.

DAILY COTTON FUTURES FORECAST:—Based scientifically on astrological calculations and latest cabled advices. This is the only Institution which receives costly cables from Home daily stating therein American Cotton Futures Forecast.

OUR RATES ARE EXTREMELY MODERATE

Further particulars from:—
COTTON INFORMATION BUREAU
181, Esmail Building, 1st Floor,
Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
Phone No. 24241.
Tel: "VANUSET"

Bank of India, Ltd.

Established 7th September, 1906.
(Incorporated under the Indian Company's Act VII of 1858.)
Head Office:
Oriental Buildings, Bombay.
BRANCHES: Bullion Exchange (Shaikh Memon Street, Bombay), Poona, Bandra, Calcutta Ahmedabad and Surat.
London Agents:
The Westminster Bank Ltd.

	Rs.
Capital Subscribed	2,00,00,000
Capital Paid-up	1,00,00,000
Reserved Fund	92,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
From 25th December to 25th June interest is allowed at 2-1/2 per cent. on daily balance of Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000. From 25th June to 25th December interest is allowed at 2 per cent. on daily balance. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened. Rules may be obtained on application
The Bank acts as Executor & Trustee under Wills & Settlements and undertakes Trustee business generally. Rules on application.
A. G. GRAY,
Manager.

By Appointment to H. E The Governor-General of Portuguese India.
J. Dias & Bro.
GENT'S COMPLETE OUTFITTERS
73, Princess Street.
Cashmere Suit, ...15 0 0
Office Trousers ... 3 8 0
White Office Shirt 2 12 0

The MAIN GATE TO INDIA'S TRADE

NO MORE COUGH

A POSITIVE and SPEEDY CURE for COUGHS and COLD

COFIX COUGH REMEDY

A wonderful mixture for long-standing COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHAMA, Whooping COUGHS, HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS, SHORTNESS of BREATH and all Affections of the Chest Throat and Lungs. Price per Bottle Re. 1-4-0.

M. T. MADON & Co.,
CRAWFORD MARKET, Bombay.
Poona Branch: MADON PHARMACY.

An IDEAL HAIR-SETTING CREAM for PLAYERS & SPORTSMEN.

STICKO HAIR CREAM
Delicately Perfumed.

The Superior Hair Dressing for LADIES and GENTLEMEN

TO FIX & WAVE THE HAIR in DESIRED FORM.

The most cooling and refreshing Cream for the skull. It contains most valuable properties for Nourishing and Promoting the growth of the Hair and gives tone to the Hair. It keeps the most unruly hair in proper desired position. Specially recommended for Ladies with Bobbed Hair and as a Natural Hair waver. Price per Bottle Re. 0-14-0.

UNEQUALLED as a HAIR STICKER.

M. T. MADON & Co.,
(Corner Shop). CRAWFORD MARKET, Bombay 3.
Poona Branch: MADON PHARMACY, 323, Main Street, Poona.

Any chronic RHEUMATISM will STOP in a DAY.

RHEUMINE-RHEUMATIC-TABLETS
Wonderful Formula of Dr. J. Plateau of Paris and/or
VA--RHEUM--OIL

From a formula by great Hakim Jamaspa.
Both these excellent specifics are for the ARTICULAR, MUSCULAR and INFLAMMATORY RHEUMATISM, SCIATICA, LUMBAGO, STIFFNESS of JOINTS, PARALYSIS, ETC.

Also invaluable for NEURALGIA, COLDS, COUGHS, BRONCHITIS, CRAMPS. Price Rs. 1-4 each.

SOLE DISTRIBUTORS:—
M. T. MADON & Co., (Corner Shop), Crawford Market, Bombay.
Poona Branch:—MADON PHARMACY, 323, Main Street, Poona.

YOUR SKIN REQUIRES A SOAP OF QUALITY FOR
Preservation Of Your Beauty And Healthiness
USE
DRALLE'S
MALATTINE GLYCERINE SOAP

Sole Agent:—
A. V. R. A. ADYCAPPA CHETTY,
191, Princess Street, BOMBAY, 2. & 52, Bunder St, MADRAS

CARBOLIC SOAPS
Versus
GODREJ'S SOAPS No. 1 & No. 2.

Dr. R. Craston Low, M.D., F.R.C.P., Lecturer on Diseases of the Skin, University of Edinborough & Physician to the Skin Department, Royal Infirmary, says in his book entitled "The Common Diseases of the Skin" page 17:—

"The Soap to be avoided at all times is Carbolic Soap."

Karl Lusurtze German Skin Specialist, Munich, says about Godrej's No 1 and No. 2 Benzoin Soaps:

"These Soaps, in my opinion, must find Universal recognition as Health and Beauty Soaps."

Sole Agents:—
NADIRSHAW, PRINTER & CO.,
121, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

LODHRA
FOR LADIES'
HEALTH & HAPPINESS
Cures all troubles and disorders peculiar to the fair sex, including sterility and restores them to radiant health & happiness.
At all Chemists,
KESARI KUTEERAM
EGMORE ::: MADRAS.
Agents:—RATILAL BROS., 175-A, Dadar Main Road, BOMBAY.

FINEST TOILET SOAPS
JAYANTI .. SANDAL
REVA . CHARMOS
Prepared with great care to satisfy all tastes.
B. C. P. W. Soaps are suitable for the tenderest skin.

BENGAL CHEMICAL & PHARMACEUTICAL WORKS, LTD., CALCUTTA.
Sole Agents:—ORIENT DRUG AGENCY, Bombay 2.

BOOKS ON ART

Modern French Painters By Ian Gordon ...	Rs.	15-12
The German Annual of Photography 1932 ...	Rs.	15-0
The Technique of Oil Painting By Richmond ...	Rs.	15-12
Crayon & Pastel work for Schools by Vanall ...	Rs.	6-0
Flower Painting in Water colour By C. Elwes ...	Rs.	6-0
Art Appreciation By Margaret Dobson	Rs.	15-12
How to draw in Pen & Ink By J. Salway ...	Rs.	3-12
Figure Sketching By Bernice Oehler	Rs.	3-12
Fifty Figure Drawings	Rs.	3-12
The Human Form in Art By A. A. Braun ...	Rs.	11-4
Constructive Anatomy By G. B. Bridgeman ...	Rs.	11-4
Life Drawing By G. B. Bridgeman	Rs.	11-4

J. V. NAVLAKHI & CO.
Kalkadevi Road, Bombay.

Two Things Worth Knowing

ANKHI KHOOSH EYE DROP:
Cost **Annas 12** per bottle postage extra
Safe and most efficacious remedy for all eye troubles such as Trachoma, Conjunctivitis (Ophthalmia), Inflamed, sore, itching and mattering and watering eyes, sty and "Pink Eye" in babies. Strongly recommended by All India Blind Relief Association, Children's Home, etc.

SKINBOONE LOTION
Cost large bottle **Re. 1-0-0** Small bottle **Annas 10** postage extra
Why suffer from skin troubles? This non-oily non-greasy lotion will free you in a few applications from the discomforts of Barber's itch, Delhi sores, Dhobie's itch, ringworm of all kinds, wet eczema, watering and itching blisters and pimples, "Hongkong Foot," Herpes, etc.
Stockists:—Kemp, Thompson, Perry, Wagh, Beliram, Popular Pharmacy, T. Madan, S. Gandhi, Phillips, Akbarally, Paradkar, etc.
INTERNATIONAL REMEDIES CO., 1 Queen's Road, Fort Bombay.

It Is Yours
SLOW BUT SURE RECOVERY
Try And Be Convinced
The Atank Nigrah Pills
Specific Remedy to
Cure Brain-Fag Constipation etc.,
Rupee One (32 Pills).
ATANK NIGRAH PHARMACY,
JAMNAGAR (KATHIAWAR).
Bombay Branch:—
KALBADEVI ROAD.

MAKERS OF
DISTINCTIVE SPECTACLES AND EYEGLASSES
BALIWALLA & HOMI
OPTICIANS
HORNBY RD DHOBI TALAO BOMBAY KALBADEVI RD PAREL

SUPPORT
Swadeshi Industries
SMOKE
"PRADHAN SPECIAL CIGARETTES"
It has stood the test of time
Made of
INDIAN TOBACCO CAPITAL LABOUR

Agents:—KISEN SHROFF & Co., Thakurdwar BOMBAY

Man sells to the individual: the Newspaper to the multitude

FROM TO-DAY!
VITHAL AFTER LONG INTERVAL IN

NOW SHOWING!
Greatest Heart-Quaking and Hair-Raising Stunt Picture Ever Shown in This City

DURING THIS WEEK!

WITH
Indian Douglas Master
VITHAL
SCREEN'S FAVOURITE
AND
MADHURI
THE PET OF THE SCREEN.

Produced by ROYAL FILM CO.

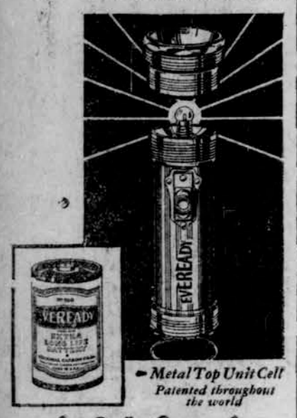
BLACK-GHOST

GLOBE-TALKIES (SANDHURST ROAD)

DAILY SHOWS:—
5, 7, 9 & 11 P.M.

MATINEE ON
SATURDAY, SUNDAY,
FRIDAY & HOLIDAYS
At 3 P.M.

New Eveready Flashlights
... AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES



For Sale Everywhere
EVEREADY
FLASHLIGHTS & BATTERIES
—they last longer
MADE IN U. S. A.

My Morning Friend
giving me
BEAUTY & HEALTH
PROFULLA
GENUINE DENTIFRICE
TO SOAP ..... NO FAT
Per Tube -/8/-
GUJARAT PHARMACY
Kalkadevi, Hathi Bldg., Bombay
C Popatlal. Moti Chawk. Poona

THE INDIA PROVIDENT CO., LTD.
25 per cent. of the Premium refunded as Bonus
Funds about Rs. 4½ Lakhs.
The Safest Office for Life Insurance for the poor. Premium Re. 1 and As. 8 per month Active and Honest Agents required on liberal remuneration. Apply at once to Messrs. R. M. DIVADKAR & Co., Chief Agents, Mazgaon, Bombay 10.

WANTED
FOR
India Equitable Insurance Co., Ltd.
A few DISTRICT AGENTS in Karnataka, Gujarat, Kathiawar, and Khandesh and Special Agents on Special Terms to work in the City and Suburbs of Bombay. The candidates must be fairly educated and well connected and must possess some knowledge of this business. Eligible candidates will be taken on encouraging monthly allowance and liberal commission.
Apply to THE SECRETARY, BOMBAY BRANCH.
Commissariat Building, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

SALESMAN COMPETES WITH RECRUITS

To Secure Orders For Iodine And Bandages

Scores of soldiers of fortune moved between the legations of Bolivia and Paraguay, in an attempt to find some one who would enlist them for the expected conflict in South America.

They were not particular. Either side would do. No quarter, however, gave them any encouragement. The elusive and unofficial agent for Paraguary remained extremely elosive.

One British girl, a member of the Ministerial, staff, was the sole representative of Paraguay in London. The honour and the responsibilities of the Republic were in her hands.

She was receiving hard-bitten men all day long, and telling them she knew nothing. Eventually she had the housekeeper her company and lend moral support.

I felt, as I watched them on the doorstep of Paraguay, that my arms were linked both with drama and humour, says the "Daily Express" correspondent.

EX-BLACK AND TAS.

Here was an ex-Blaik-and-Tan with tales to tell, and a willingness to do anything or kill anybody; here an exnaval petty officer, with memories of Zeebrugge, and still a superb optist: here the representative of a firm dealing in medilal supplies.

This enterprising salesman had heard of the war. In war, people are wounded. Therefore, he had come, hoping to place contracts for bandages and iodine.

A navy walked in. "Know anything about this 'ere war, miss?" "I'm sorry. I can tell you nothing." sorry. I can tell you nothing." He shruggel his shoulders, and walked out. Old soldiers never die.

I went to the Bolivian Legation with the ex-Black-and-Tan and the ex-petty officer. The officials were politely negative.

It was outside the Fascist headquarters that the ex-Black-and-Tan had a fantastic experience.

THE MYSTERY MAN.

A man was talking earnestly to another across the street. My companion had an idea that he was an agent for recruits. He accosted him. "Do you know where a man might enlist for Bolivia?" be said.

"Aree you interested? retorted the man.

"I am."

"Then give me your name and address."

And he vanished into the crowd about Victoria Station.

"What do you make of that?" said the ex-Black-and-Tan.

I could make nothing. I only know that if I wanted to start a war, and advertised it, I would have an army out of the mysterious depths of London in a minute

Ottawa, A Gesture Of Mutual Goodwill

BANGALORE, Aug. 31.

"Never since the first Britisher set his foot on the Indian soil there had been such a better feeling throughout Britain towards India than that which existed today," declared Mr. K. H. Hale, Conservative Member of Parliament from Hanley in an interview. Widely travelled and with varied business experience Mr. Hale is now on a short visit to gain first-hand knowledge of Indian political conditions with a view to expediting the solution of the present impasse.

INDIA SOUND AT HEART.

With characteristic candour and breezy optimism he remarked that India was sound at heart and should British statesmanship taking courage in both hands give her full responsibility to control her own destiny, they would receive a responsive reply that would confound the worst pessimist proving to a wondering world her important place in the British Commonwealth. He said that nothing was farther from the truth than India's apprehension that with a Government in power in England to all intents and purposes Conservative India could not expect justice and fairplay. India, he said, had never been and could never be a party issue.

WHY COMMUNAL AWARD?

Mr. Hale regretted the necessity for the communal award and declared that communal sprit must be displaced, by the supreme national spirit and India should achieve real greatness which her well-wishers desired. He hoped Hindu and Muslim leaders would strike an amicable solution and remove what was described as the greatest boit in the present scheme which made nationalism a remotest possibility.

WHEN BOYCOTT IS JUSTIFIED.

Discussing about Indian boycott movements Mr. Hale said:

"We would be utter hypocrites to oppose such Indians as would not buy British goods when they could be had in India."

Britain wished India only to buy from her such goods as could not be produced and that request, he was sure, none could reasonably refuse. Japan, he said, is a serious menace to the world trade, particularly to India; unless high tariff is put against her dumping Japanese goods into India and thus completely swamp the nascent Indian textile industry.

OTTAWA AGREEMENT.

Referring to British Trade Agreement at Ottawa he said it was a gesture of mutual good will and friendliness to which the greatest importance should be attached which the Indian people had not yet fully realised. He thoroughly appreciated and sincerely believed that Ottawa had infused a new life into the millions of destitute unemployed workers in England. He concluded that England was dependent on India just as much as India was dependent on England and the interests of both the countries were so closely linked that trade reciprocity was the only thing needed to complete the trust and friendship between India and Britain.

After a two days' sojourn here Mr. Hale left for Madras.—A. P.

A PATHAN FEUD

—:o:—

Rivalry Over A Job

Bombay, Friday.

A feud between a Pathan watchman, employed with Messrs. Dixon and Company, Love Lane, and his rivals culminated in a free fight in which the watchman received severe injuries. Four other Pathans, believed to be his assailants, have been arrested.

It appears that the firm dismissed a former night watchman and his place was taken by the present watchman. This was why the former, assisted by a gang of three Pathans, attacked the man who displaced him. Armed with lathies, they are alleged to have severely assaulted the new watchman. He received serious injuries and as it was feared that he might not survive his dying deposition was recorded by a Presidency Magistrate at the J. Hospital.

The fight occurred two days ago.

In this connection the Byculla police, assisted by the crimes branch of the Bombay C. I. D. have arrested four Pathans. They are:—Mujidkhan Dotikhan, Abdul Kadim, Lalid Noormahomed and Rasid Sayad.

DELHI KAZI TENDERS APOLOGY

NEW DELHI, Sept. 1.

Kazi Ahmed Hussain of Balia District has been sentenced by Mr. Isar, Additional District Magistrate, to six months' rigorous imprisonment for having, on the 12th August, after a "Jamiat" meeting at the Juma Masjid, announced that two volunteers would go to the city to picket a liquor shop, and calling upon the people to accompany the volunteers, and in this way, to encourage them. The accused himself went with two volunteers to a liquor shop in Naisarak,' where the volunteers were arrested.

The volunteers pleaded guilty, and as they gave and undertaking that they would not picket again, they were released with a warning.

Kazi Ahmed Hussain was also arrested on the charge of abetment in the offence. The Magistrate in sentencing the accused, observed that men like the accused, who had great influence over their co-religionists, were more guilty than the actual offenders. When the sentence was announced the accused asked for pardon, but the magistrate told him that the matter now rested with the Local Government and if the accused put in a written apology, the Magistrate would forward his application to the Local Government. —A.P.

ARMS EQUALITY

British Government On The Watch

In accordance with the terms of the European Consultative Pact, the British Government have been fully informed of developments in connection with Germany's claim for equal rights regarding armaments. This claim was emphasised during the closing stages of the Geneva Disarmament Conference and has now been formally renewed.

Although British Government are watching events with interest they will not for the present take an active part in any negotiations that may be begun between Germany and France as a result of the proposal for discussion which are contained in the aide memoire left with the French Ambassador in Berlin.

A Paris report states that the French Cabinet would consider the German representations at a meeting this evening.

GLASGOW LOOKS UP

LONDON, Sept. 1.

Keen satisfaction is felt in Glassgow at the decision of the Clyde Navigation Trust to reopen to-morrow the Rothesay Dock on the Clyde.

Since the dock was closed a fortnight ago there has been steady improvement in trade at Glasgow harbour. Coast shipments in general and cargo specially have increased.—Reuter.

BULLOCKS HANGING FROM TREES

—:o:—

FLOOD HORRORS IN NEW ZEALAND

FARMS HEAVILY SILTED

WELLINGTON, September 1.

The farmers of Wairarapa in North Island are in a serious plight as a result of severe floods which have been killing hundreds of cattle, sheep and lambs.

Although the floods are now subsiding pastures in many places are covered with silt to the depth of eighteen inches, making it impossible for farmers to work on their farms this year.

During the height of the floods floating trees became entangled in telegraph wires and had to be cleared by men linked together by ropes. One station owner lost a hundred bullocks, which were piled up in heaps among the wreckage of broken fences and some bullocks were even hanging from trees.—Reuter.

CITY GAMBLING DEN RAIDED

—:o:—

Nagpada Police Arrest Four Persons

BOMBAY, Friday.

A place known to be a gambling den in Falkland Road was raided by the Nagpada police last night and four persons were put under arrest.

The police among other things seized a large number of betting slips and Rs. 75 in cash.

The raid was carried out by Deputy Inspector S. B. Savant assisted by Sub-Inspector Mulk and a posse of constables.

HOW TRAP WORKED.

The police received information that sutta gambling was being regularly carried on in a building in Nagu Sayaji Wadi, Falkland Road. A close watch was kept on the building and last night at about 9-30 the police sent a bogus customer with a marked coin to place a bet. On a signal given by the bogus customer the room was raided and Gangaram Sakharam and three others who were in the room were arrested.

The police searched the room and recovered the marked coin and Rs. 75 in cash a large number of betting slips were also seized.

Extension Of Tube Traffic In London

RUGBY, Sept. 1.

Five new stations and four and a half miles of railway track will be added to the equipment of the Underground Railways within the next three weeks. The total number of stations will then be raised to 130 and track mileage to 132 miles, including 46 miles of deep level tubes.

Extensions of lines in other directions will be completed later in the year. Trains run on London's underground from 5.30 a.m. to 12-30 a.m. at average frequency of one every two and half minutes but the latest statistics show that although 641 917 202 passengers travel underground every year omnibus is the most popular means of transport. Of every 496 journeys per head which were made in 1931 by Londoners, 236 were by omnibus, 130 by trams, 78 by underground, 50 by suburban trains and 2 by coaches.—B. O. W.

PATHE CINEMA
TO-DAY AT 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
CHARLIE CHAPLIN
THE KING OF LAUGHTER
in
THE CIRCUS
CHAPLIN'S GREATEST SUCCESS.

Smiling, Singing Idol of Millions
MAURICE CHEVALIER
In a rupturous romance of a gay young officer
'SMILING LIEUTENANT'
With Music by OSCAR STRAUS
A Paramount Picture including
CLAUDETTE COLBERT, CHARLES RUGGLES and MIRIAM HOPKINS
Every day at 6-30 & 10 P. M.
SATURDAY, SUNDAY & BANK HOLIDAYS AT 4 P.M.
WELLINGTON

WHAT ABOUT HIS FUTURE?
DON'T LEAVE IT TO CHANCE— MAKE CERTAIN!
His future is SAFE with the
NATIONAL INDIAN LIFE INSURANCE CO., LD.
40-42, Churchgate Street, BOMBAY.
Managing Agents, MARTIN & CO., CALCUTTA.

CROMPTON LAMPS

Agents:—GREAVES COTTON & CO. LTD., BOMBAY.

CITY AND SUBURBS

TO-DAY.

Hindu—Bhadarva Sud 3, 1988.
Muslim—Jamadil-Avval 1, 1351.
Parsi—Gatha 2, 1301.
Sunrise—6h. 24m.
Sunset—6h. 53m.
Hightide—1.08, 13-24.
Lowtide—7-02, 19-30.

Phases of the moon.—First quarter 7th Sept. 6h. 19m. p.m. Full moon 15th Sept. 2h. 36m. a.m. Last Quarter 23rd Sept. 6h. 17m. a.m.

S. S. "Comorin" with the homeward mails sails at 1 p.m.

Celebration of Dadabhoy Naoroji anniversary Sir C. Jehangir Hall, 5 p.m., Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas presiding.

Second lecture by Prof. C.N. Vakil on Ottawa, in Lecture Hall of University School of Economics and Sociology, 6-45 p.m.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

EXCELSIOR—"Shanghai Express" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday 4 p.m

EMPIRE—"Good-Night Vienna" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee Saturday and Sunday 4 p.m.

EMPRESS+"Dixiana" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday; 4 p.m.

CAPITOL—"The Cuban Love Song" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday 4 p.m.

RIALTO—"Sidewalks of New York" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee Saturday and Sunday 4 p.m Extra Show on Sunday 10 a.m.

PATHE—"The Circus" featuring Charlie Chaplin. Daily at 3.30 and 10 p.m. Matinee Saturday and Sunday, 3-30 p.m. Sunday Morning show at 10 a.m.

WELLINGTON—"Smiling Lieutenant." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday, 4 p.m.

WEST END+"Shyam Sunder." Daily at 5-30; 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday 3 p.m.

GLOBE—"Black Ghost." Daily at 5, 7, 9 and 11 p.m. Matinee, Saturday, Sunday and Friday 3 p.m.

KRISHNA CINEMA—"Krishnavatar." Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee Saturday and Sunday at 2.30 p.m.

TO-DAY'S INDIAN RADIO PROGRAMME.

12 noon selection of Gramophone Records; 9-10 p.m. Next Week's Amusements by "The Picturegoer"; 9.20 p.m. News in Hindi. New York Opening, Liverpool Closing and Bombay Current Rates, 9-30 p.m. classical and light Music by Mehbobjan (of Sholapur) with Dattaram Parwatker.

BOMBAY KERALEEYA SAMAJ.

The Bombay Keraleeya Samaj will receive Her Highness the Junior Maharani and the first Princess of Travancore on their return from Europe by S. S. Victoria on the fifth instant.

SHRI RAM SANGIT VIDYALAYA

The weekly musical concert will be held by Prof. Krishnarao Shende in the Gayan Hall of the above Vidyalaya, (opposite Ambewadi, Girgaum) to-day (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m.

S. T. CS. ASSOCIATION.

Under the auspices of the above Association Prof. V. N. Naik, M. A., will deliver a public lecture on "The Late Justice K. T. Telang as an Educationist" in the Maratha High School premises to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m.

BDDDHA SOCIETY.

Under the auspices of the Buddha Society, a public lecture will be delivered by Mr. V. R. Kokatnur, in the Hall of 'Ananda Vihara' situated in the Nair Hospital Compound, next to Bombay Central Station, To-morrow (Sunday) at 9.30 a.m. (S.T.), on "Buddhist Science."

SOCIAL WORKERS' TRAINING CLASS.

The Social Workers' Training Class will meet at the hall of the Social Service League, Sandhurst Road, Girgaum, to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m. (S.T.), when Mr. H. W. Bryant, will deliver a lecture on 'Playgrounds and Recreation," and Mr. P. G. Naik on "Vigilance and Rescue Work" at 6 p.m. (S.T.)

PATETI SWADESHI BAZAR

Last Two Days

Despite rain, there was a fair number of visitors to the Bazar and fair business was done. Amongst prominent citizens were Mr. and Mrs. Dhirajlal Bhulabhai Desai, Mr. Ramrai Munshi, Mr. Vaikunth L. Samaldas, Mr. and Mrs. Bannerjee of Colaba Observatory, Mr. P. H. Daver, etc.

The Bazar is open for two days more between 4-30 and 8-30 p.m. daily. Admission free.

SWADESHI LEAGUE PROGRAMME

At two well attended meetings of the "Festival" workers the following details regarding the day to day programme were fixed up.

5th September: The Museum Day.

All the workers to be present at the opening ceremony of the Swadeshi Museum at Vanita Vishram Hall at 4 p.m.

6th September: The Buy Indian Day.

The main programme of the day is hawking of Khaddar and Swadeshi articles, from 8 to 10 in the morning and 4 to 7 in the evening. The workers should assemble, half an hour before the scheduled time, at either of the following centres:

(1) Near 'Sir C. V. Mehta Scouts Hut,' Dhobitalao.
(2) The Fellowship School Garden, Girgam Back Road.
(3) The Band-Stand, Chowpatty.

The stock will be supplied at the centres.

7th September: Sell Swadeshi Day.

This day is intended for approaching the sellers and pursuading them to sell Swadeshi only. Workers should be present half an hour before the scheduled time either at Vanita Vishram or at the Fellowship School Garden. Time 8 to 10 in the morning and 4 to 7 in the evening.

8th Thursday: The Students Day.

All workers to attend the meeting in their respective schools and colleges for passing resolutions regarding Swadeshi.

10th Saturday: The Kamal Dal Day.

Details regarding this day will be supplied later.

11th Sunday: The Labour Day.

All workers are invited for hawking in the labour area between 2 and 5 p.m.

50 students are wanted for selling tickets for the Concert. They should call at the Office of the League 45/47 Apollo Street, Fort, for the same.

OTTAWA, INDIA AND ENGLAND

The Second lecture on "The Ottawa Trade Agreement between India and England" will be delivered by Professor C. N. Vakil, in the University Convocation Hall on Saturday, September 3, at 5-15 p.m. (Instead of at 4-30 p.m.) The lecture is open to the public.

Cindrella Dance

A Cindrella Dance will be held at the Instituto Luso-Indiano, Dabul, to-morrow (Sunday) at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.). The function is free for members. Non-members will be allowed at a charge of Annas 9 per head. Ladies free. Prizes for "Balloon Spot Dance." Clarie Davies' Orchestra in attendance.

GANAPATI NAVARATRAS.

Ganapati Navaratra Mahotsavams will be celebrated as usual under the auspices of the Andhra Association and Library. Kalyan, commencing from to-morrow (Sunday) to 11th inst. in the Kaleti Wada near Gandhi Chowk, with the daily programme of singing, Music on Satar and violin etc.

PAST STUDENTS UNION D.G.T. SCHOOL.

Under the auspices of the above Union a general meeting of all the past students will be held to-day (Saturday) at 4 p.m. (S.T.) in the school premises.

REMEMBER

LAST DATE
30th September, 1932 30th September, 1932

TO PRESERVE THE MEMORY OF

YOUR DEAREST

DON'T MISS UNEQUAL OFFER

SIZE	OIL PAINTING	Rs.
15" x 12"	"	10/-
23" x 17"	"	18/-
30" x 24"	"	32/-

INDIAN ART STUDIO

SERVES THE PUBLIC SINCE 20 YEARS.
KALBADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY, 2.

Selections For To-day's Races

GARCON EXPECTED IN THE CRITERION

(BY "SENEX")

The following are the selections for the First Day of the Big Meeting to be held on Saturday:—

2-30 P. M.

THE LINCOLN PLATE—Div. I. 6 Furlongs.

AWAY	1
BILLY BUTTON	2
VENDOR	3

3 P. M.

THE LINCOLN PLATE—Div. II. 6 Furlongs.

INQUISITOR	1
SILVERITE	2
FINE KNIGHT	3

3-30 P. M.

THE POONA ARAB STAKES—1½ Miles.

MUHAISIN	1
HAMDI	2
MISYER	3

4 P. M.

ALL-INDIA PRODUCE STAKES—7 Furlongs.

POMAGNE	1
SPRING SONG	2
PRINCESS	3

4-30 P. M.

THE DEALERS' NEW PLATE—1-1/4 Miles.

HAMIYAH	1
RUSHDI	2
HAKIM PASHA	3

5 P. M.

THE TRIAL PLATE. 1 Mile.

BULAND	1
TEL ASUR	2

5-30 P. M.

THE CRITERION—7 Furlongs.

GARCON	1
OOTMAN	2
FARIMAGE	3

6 P. M.

THE BALDOYLE PLATE—6 Furs.

TINDER GEE	1
MOYOLA	2
RADHA-PYARI II	3

Sharebroker To Pay 3 Lakhs

ALLAHABAD BANK'S CLAIM FOR OVERDRAFT ACCOUNT

The Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Blackwell at the High Court dismissed the appeal of Parbhudas Jivandas, a firm of sharebrokers, against the judgment of Mr. Justice Rangnekar who had passed a decree in favour of the Allahabad Bank for Rs. 3,13,965. The claim was in respect of overdraft account.

The defendant firm had an overdraught account with the plaintiff —Bank against Government securities. The plaintiffs' case was that on December 2, 1930, the defendants presented a cheque for Rs. 3,04,727 to the Allahabad Bank Ltd. in favour of Messrs. Grindlay and Co. The same day, the defendants' employee Bhaidas handed in a cheque drawn on his account in favour of the defendants, requesting the Bank to credit the cheque to the firm's account. He also stated that he would bring in securities to cover the amount of the cheque in the course of the day.

NO SECURITIES

Bhaidas, however, did not produce the securities, but before his cheque was transferred by the bank into the firm's account, the bank paid the cheque in favour of Messrs. Grindlay's. As a result of such payment, the firm's account with the Allahabad Bank became overdrawn to the extent of Rs. 3,13,965/3/7, which sum the bank claimed from the firm.

The defence of the firm was that the plaint disclosed no cause of action against them inasmuch as credit was given by the bank to Bhaidas on his undertaking to produce securities and that if Bhaidas did not produce them, the bank's claim, if any, was against Bhaidas and not against the firm.

The suit was heard in the first instance by Mr. Justice Rangnekar, who in October, 1931 delivered judgment in favour of the bank. Against this decision, the firm filed an appeal.

The Advocate General, with Mr. M.C. Setalvad, Mr. V.F Tarapore walla and Mr C K Daphtary, instructed by Messrs. Kanga and Company, Solicitors, appeared for the firm, while Mr. F J Coltman, with Mr. N P Engineer instructed by Messrs. Crawford Bailey and Company, appeared for the Allahabad Bank.

The Advocate-General, in arguing the appeal submitted that the crediting of the cheque of Bhaidas by the bank was not provisional, as contended by the bank, but amounted to payment of cash by the bank to the firm's account.

Their lordships, after hearing the arguments, observed that there were no sufficient grounds to interfere with the judgment of the lower court.

"I WON'T GO BACK TO MY HUSBAND"

Gujarati Girl's Allegations Of Ill-Treatment

Letters of despair written by an 18-year old Gujarati girl to her brother appealing him to take her away from her husband against whom she made serious allegations of maltreatment were read before Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Court, on Friday afternoon.

In this case Vrijlal Dulabji Parekh, is charged with alleged wrongful confinement and ill-treatment of his second wife Ramabai, an 18-year old girl. The girl alleged that the accused and his first wife Maniben made her life very miserable.

THREATENED TO COMMIT SUICIDE.

The complainant in the case is the brother of the girl, Keshavlal Devchand of Rajkot. The girl according to him was married to the accused recently and was brought from Rajkot to Bombay. In July last he received several letters from her stating that she was being ill-treated by her husband and that life had become unbearable in her husband's place. She appealed him to take her away from her husband and added that rather than stay with her husband she would commit suicide.

The Magistrate at the last hearing passed an order on the accused for the production of the girl which was complied with. In answer to the court the girl stated that she was prepared to stay anywhere except with her husband. Thereupon the girl was ordered to stay in the Shraddhanand Ashram.

CLOSE WATCH

The girl stated that her husband and co-wife besides ill-treating her kept a close watch on her movements with a view to prevent her from communicating with her relatives. She however, wrote letters stealthily to her brother.

She did not deny however that her husband used to take her to the Hanging Gardens in taxis and to Cinema shows.

WON'T GO BACK TO HUSBAND

When the case came up for hearing on Friday the Magistrate asked the party to see if they could come to a settlement but the girl refused to compromise the matter remarking "I won't go back to my husband."

The complainant Keshavlal Devchand in his evidence stated that he received two letters from his sister Ramabai asking him to take her away from her husband. He came down from Rajkot to Bombay about 20 days back. He stayed with the accused for about 8 days during which time, only once the accused pushed Ramabai. Witness stated that the accused used to find fault with Ramabai about trivial things. After this witness stayed in Hirabaug. One Girdharlal P. Iyer who lived in the same building as that of the accused came and told him that accused was beating Ramabai. Thereupon he lodged a complaint.

Mr. Jhabvala with Mr. Jayakar appeared for the complainant, while the accused was defended by Mr. H.P. Desai, Advocate with Mr. V S Thakore.

The case stands adjourned to September 15.

COME! JOIN US UNDER CUBAN SKIES—HEAR THOSE LILTING TUNES YOU'LL WANT TO HUM—ENJOY THE ROMANCE OF THE TROPICS—BE HAPPY SEEING THIS PATETI WEEK SPECIAL AT—

THE CAPITOL

TO-DAY, TO-MORROW, TUESDAY & WEDNESDAY (HOLIDAYS)
AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M. DAILY AT 6-30 & 10 P.M.

WITH A GREAT OUTSTANDING CAST INCLUDING
LUPE VELEZ & JIMMY DURANTE
RUMBA DANCES ! SNAPPY COMEDY !
ALSO THE TWO JOKERS LAUREL & HARDY IN THEIR LATEST "KELPMATES"

'STABLE INFORMATION'

Last Saturday's General Card Rs. 6 (1 Win 1 Place each race) included:—(Proof: Evening News)

BRAY BEAU	Won 93
PSALTERY	Won 250-8
PRINCESS	Won 42-0
FUNNY FACE	Won 48-0

and 3 other Places.

Winners Card Rs. 10 (only 1 horse each race. Must Win, otherwise refund). Certainty Card Rs. 3 (1 dead-cert each race). Winning Double and Treble Rs. 10 and Rs. 15. One Horse Special Rs. 5 (Refund in all these cards if not Win).

To-morrow's Special Winner Rs. 20. (Rs. 30 refunded if not Win). Back with our Money. No loss for you.

AMERICAN COTTON
ONLY ONE-AKHA PREDICTED.

Every day after 4 p.m.
Top Floor, 201, Hornby Road.

PROF. DEODHAR CONGRATULATED

Students of the School of Indian Music met on Thursday evening, under the presidentship of the hon. secretary of the school, to congratulate Principal B. R. Deodhar and Mrs. Deodhar and to offer wedding present to them.

After an item of vocal music the president made a speech wishing on behalf of the students and the staff of the school long life and prosperity to Prof. Deodhar and Mrs. Deodhar.

LATEST COTTON PRICES

(Cotton Information Bureau 21, Ismail Buildings, Hornby Road Fort, Bombay).

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET
OCTOBER
New York, Sept. 2.

Previous closing rate	8.24
To-day's opening rate	8.55
Difference	+.31
To-day's closing rate	8.67
Difference	+.43

BROACH EXPECTATION.
April-May ..... Rs. 25(

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET
OCTOBER
Liverpool, Sept. 2.

Previous closing rate	6.1(
To-day's opening rate	6.3(
Difference	+.1(
To-day's closing rate	6.4(
Difference	+.29

LONDON SILVER MARKET
London, Sept. 2.

Silver ready	18 3/8
Lower	3/16
Silver forward	18 7/16
Lower	1/8

Market: China sold.

BOMBAY MARKET
Bombay, Sept. 2.

Silver Spot	56	15	0
Bhadrawa	57	0	0
Ashad	57	6	0
Gold	29	4	0
Guinea	18	8	0

LONDON/NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

(Special Service for "The Chronicle.")

T. T. ON LONDON
New York, Sept. 2.

Previous closing	3.48	5/8
To-day's closing	3.47	1/8

T. T. ON NEW YORK
London, Sept. 2.

Previous closing	3.46	7/8
To-day's opening	3.46	7/8
To-day's closing	3.47	1/8

THE RIALTO TO-DAY & TO-MORROW AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P. M.
MORNING SHOW AT 10 A. M. ON SUNDAY.

ON THE SPOT!
for Laughs and gasps!

THE LONG, LOUD LINGERING LAUGHS THAT CHASE THE THRILLS TILL THE VERY END!

STARRING
Buster KEATON
WITH
ANITA PAGE—CLIFF EDWARDS

CHARLIE CHAPLIN
IN HIS
BIGGEST LAUGH
THE CIRCUS
SYNCHRONISED
YOU WILL LAUGH FOR WEEKS
BOOK YOUR SEATS NOW AT
S. ROSE & CO. OR AT THE THEATRE.
PATHE CINEMA
Every day 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
Sunday Morning at 10 A.M.

"NAIKIN" OR COURTESAN?

Case Under Prostitution Act

A case under the Prostitution Act came up in appeal before Mr. Justice Patker and Mr. Justice Barlee at the High Court.

The accused was Anandibai Ramchandra who was charged with living on the earnings of her adopted daughter Durgabai as a prostitute.

The accused appealed on the ground that she and Durgabai were following the profession of a "Naikin" (singer) and not of prostitutes. She contended that the Act was only intended to be applied to those who forced or induce girls to the life of a prostitute.

In dismissing the appeal their lordships observed that the charge was proved by evidence.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION:+There will be no meeting of the Corporation on Monday, the 5th inst., that day being a Sectional Pars. Holiday, viz. Gatha Ghambar. The adjourned August meeting of the Corporation will be held in the Municipal Office on Thursday, the 8th inst. at 3 p.m. (B.T.)

The Governor of Bengal will unveil on Monday next a portrait of Sir Stanley Jackson, which has been presented to the Council House by the President and members of the Bengal Council. A.P.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1932

PROGRESSIVE REPRESSION

There seems to be no end, apparently, either to the scope or intensity of the repressive measures which are being put into force in Bengal for the suppression of Terrorism and Terrorists. Since the advent of Sir John Anderson the campaign has intensified and a number of repressive laws have been passed, which in conjunction with the Ordinances are making conditions in Bengal extremely uncomfortable and disturbing not so much for the Terrorists, who fully realise and are prepared for the risks involved in their nefarious activities, but for ordinary law-abiding and peaceful citizens. One of the familiar arguments produced for making these conditions more and more rigorous, is that the various kinds of police who have been planted in Bengal for some years past have been unable either to prevent such political murders, or to detect the perpetrators, except in rare cases. This is a reflection more on the police than on the public, since the former are armed with wide and sweeping powers unheard of even in the administration of Bengal.

REPRESSION BUT NO IMPRESSION.

Yet the cumulative effect of all these repressive measures on the people of Bengal has been anything but salutary and there is a deep and growing resentment against the way in which they are being continually extended. According to the figures supplied in the Council, the Government spent Rs. 12,60,500 in 1930-31, Rs. 13,69,000 in 1931-32 and Rs. 14,94,000 in 1932-33 on special measures to deal with the political situation; in addition in the city of Calcutta alone Rs. 5,48,000 was spent in these years for similar purposes. Yet can the Government honestly say that they have been able to make any appreciable impression on terrorist crime or to allay the prevailing discontent and produce more peaceful conditions? The Bengal Government have at one sitting rushed the Bengal Criminal Law Second Amendment Bill passed into law, with a feeble opposition to face them. Most of the provisions are drastic and the Act supersedes the Indian Penal Code and makes the extreme penalty of death applicable to persons who are found guilty of attempt to murder. On the face of it this is a proposal opposed to the principle, practice and tradition of civilised justice. But, apart from that, the Government ought to have learnt by this time that mere terror will never be able to suppress Terrorism.

UNCONVINCING.

The Home Member's explanation is most unconvincing, but the authorities seem firmly to believe that they will be able to get the upper hand of the Terrorists by merely enhancing penalties and enlarging the powers of the Executive and the police. Such increased powers are apt to be abused, as the temptation to over-use them is always very strong. The ordinary law,—no one can say that the Indian Penal Code errs on the side of leniency or moderation,—is dethroned and for the sake of a few men, the whole population of Bengal is placed under increasingly drastic laws if the Government think that the new Act will prevent such offences, by reason of its exceeding severity, we fear they will find themselves mistaken, and before long they will have again to come before the Bengal Council with even more drastic proposals. We do not know why the Home Member tried to distinguish between murder committed "as an act of private revenge" and political murders where the culprits have no personal motives for committing such crimes, and act in a perfectly impersonal manner. Murder is murder, and attempted murder is attempted murder, and we see no point in the specious argument brought forward by the Bengal Home Member for enhancing the penalty for attempted political murder.

HOW LONG?

The Government of Bengal apparently forget that a Terrorist is not afraid of meeting the punishment which the commission of a serious crime involves. Hitherto severe punishment has never deterred the perpetration of such terrorist acts in Bengal or elsewhere, and past experience ought to have taught the Government of Bengal to abandon their old policy of repression and the piling of one drastic measure on another and substitute a new one for it. Apparently they are incapable of realising that what is essentially needed is a new policy. With a subservient majority in the Council they are able to do as they like, the power of certification vested in the Governor being always held in reserve. But how long can any Government hope to continue this policy of progressive repression?

The Supreme Need

Lord Lothian's recent speech on India was mild but appropriate criticism of the British die-hards, who, he said, were encouraging a "policy of explosion, of lighting a fire under a boiler and screwing down the valves." It also repeated the British Government's older promises of Responsible Government in India. But even a conventional speech like this seems to have given dire offence to men like Lord Sumner and Lord Middleton, the latter of whom asked: "Is it fitting that the Under-Secretary of State for India should publicly commit himself to statements which appear to be at variance with those of the leader of the Government in the Lords and, so far as I am aware, with those of his official chief, the Secretary of State for India?"

ANGRY DIE-HARDS.

What the die-hards object to most is not Lord Lothian's criticism of their general attitude towards India but to the stress he laid on the Government's pledge to confer real Responsible Government on India with due safeguards. The Tories evidently are determined to side-track the main issue of cental responsibility. But after all, there may not be much difference between this attitude and that of the Liberals and the Parliamentary Labourites, who only talk of Responsible Government but do everything to hinder it. Lord Lothian himself speaks as if Federation were a condition precedent to central responsibility. But surely the destinies of millions of people cannot be made to depend upon the wishes of a few score Princes. With or without Federation India must have and will have Responsible Government.

THE CONTRAST.

Lord Lothian is on firmer ground when he described unity in India as indispensable for successfully carrying on Responsible Government. But when he goes on to say that unity in India is among the guiding principles of Government, one can but smile and ask if the Communal Award were designed to promote communal unity either now or in the future. Maulana Shaukat Ali puts it very mildly when he says that "the decision has been made more an view of easy administration, giving power and grip to permanent officials in India." Disillusioned, like most others, the Maulana asks: "Is it too late even now to make an effort to work out an agreed solution based on confidence and goodwill all round"? Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, too, has condemned the Award in very severe terms and urges an immediate attempt "to explore fresh avenues of negotiations with the Congress" on the communal question.

MAKE ANOTHER EFFORT.

It is certainly not too late yet to make one more attempt for a settlement. On the contrary, there are now several circumstances that favour a settlement, though there is now one serious difficulty in the way in most of the Congress leaders being in jail. However, since the general attitude of the Congress towards a communal settlement is fairly well-known, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Pandit Malaviya, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, and other Congress leaders that are now free may well begin the negotiations that the Maulana has himself suggested. If Indian leaders achieve a settlement amongst themselves, the nation's progress towards its goal will become easier.

SWADESHI FESTIVAL

The Bombay Swadeshi League has done well in organising what is appropriately calls a Swadeshi Festival from the 5th to 13th instant. It is a full and varied programme that the League has prepared and includes a number of propagandist meetings, hawking of khaddar and other Swadeshi goods, exhibitions, and several other items, all calculated to create enthusiasm for the cause of Swadeshi among all classes of people.

The League has done well to arrange special meetings for women and for students. We trust that teachers and professors will give a lead to their pupils by preaching Swadeshi and generally encouraging the movement in schools and colleges in every possible way. The numerous Municipal schools should be able to do a great deal in this direction. The Municipal and other Boy Scouts and Girl Guides, in particular, may be very helpful in making the Festival a success.

If Government were fully responsive to public opinion, they would have taken a lead in the matter, but as things are, the people must rely on their own efforts. It is a pity that the Chief Presidency Magistrate's order against the assembly of more than five persons, issued during the riots, is still in force and prevents taking out a procession, but the Police Commissioner has made some amends by permitting a moving exhibition of Swadeshi goods on motor lorries. The League has rightly laid special emphasis on khaddar and we are confident that if khadi lovers make a non-violent raid on the local Khadi Bhandar, neither its proprietor nor the Police Commissioner will object. We wish the Swadeshi Festival every success and hope that Bombay's example will be emulated by many other cities and towns and even villages.

MORE HUMANITY NEEDED

One of the many grievances of "C" class prisoners is that they are not allowed to write letters to their relatives or interview them oftener than once in three months. It should not be a hardship for jail officials to allow even "C" class prisoners one interview and one letter per month. Do Government fear that such consideration for the feelings of mere "C" class prisoners will not make jails quite so frightful and deterrent as they ought to be? It seems incredible, but it is a fact that in many jails such prisoners are given once in three months but a post card each on which to write all that they have to write to their relatives and friends. What do Government gain by thus seeking to deaden the human feelings of their prisoners? We understand that the scandal of prisoners being allowed only a post card once in three months has often enough been brought to the notice of Jail Committees and that many of these Committees have strongly recommended a little more humanity on the part of Government. Do the Committees and the prisoners expect too much from Government?

INDIA'S RIGHT TO PROTECT HER INDUSTRY

Antiquated Conventions Must Be Abolished

(By Principal SOHRAB R. DAVAR).

In view of the present imposition of the emergency tariff on import of cotton goods from Foreign Countries no doubt various considerations have arisen which require careful attention. The most disconcerting factor here is the reference by the Government in its resolution to the Indo-Japan Convention of 1904 which according to them "does not admit of the imposition in any circumstance of a higher duty upon goods of Japanese origin alone." This means that the Government of India are not free to impose a tariff on Japan alone, without bringing in the other foreign countries against which India may not be requiring any protection; but on the contrary it may be to India's advantage to import them without unnecessarily heavy duties.

The year 1904 clearly indicates the antiquated character of the Convention concerned in these go-a-head days of economic upheaval. In fact the whole foundation of world economics has been radically changed after the Great War, and therefore, the Government of India as well as the Indian public should press for an immediate alteration of the Treaty or Convention.

PROTECTION AGAINST ALL.

India will not only want protection in cotton import, but also against various imports of other articles which can be classed as belonging to our infant industry which we are anxious to cultivate. Here we may not only secure discrimination against Japan alone, but also against other nations both within and without the Empire, individually or collectively, as the circumstances may make it compulsory in our interest. How is this to be done with this Convention over our head?

NO IMPERIAL PREFERENCE.

The other obstruction is the question of Imperial Preference on which question India is almost unanimous. We have always urged that looking to the backward state of many industries which are struggling to develop we can never accept Imperial Preference as a principle which would benefit us as a nation whatever the Dominions may have to say from their own national point of view.

If we could have discriminated against Japan openly and frankly we could have imposed a duty against her dumping all round, against all her other imports such as hosiery, cement, paint, shoes, etc. The scale of duty could have also been made elastic to fit in automatically with the fluctuations in the value of her currency on the Foreign markets. This Convention makes it impossible for us to do so.

SUPERVISION OF INDUSTRY.

The Tariff Board will soon prepare its report on the question of more or less prolonged protection, as the present protection is an emergency measure which will expire after one year. The question is whether the textile cotton industry is prepared to put its own house in order, which it has times out of number promised to do without apparently any serious intention to carry out the promise. If mill owners are not prepared to reduce the cost by removing the glaring defects in the organisation, the protection will only mean an unnecessary burden on the taxpayers for the benefit not of the share-holders, or that of the investors, i.e., the industry, but for the benefit of the mill agent only.

ENFORCE REFORM.

We are sure that the Tariff Board will make similar recommendations on this occasion as they did in connection with their report of 1926, but we are afraid that the recommendations of the report are likely to be treated with the same scant courtesy as shown to the report of 1926 unless some definite step is taken by the Government to supervise these mills and review their improvements periodically, with a view to tax those concerns which fail to carry out the recommendations of the Tariff Board.

This action should be in the form of an Excise Duty to deprive those concerns which have failed to carry out improvements, of the protection they are granted at the nation's expense. The revenue obtained by this Excise Duty will be very handy for helping the hand-loom industry by means of bounties, whereas the revenue from the protective duty will be more than sufficient to defray the additional expense of supervision of the type I have indicated above.

Notes of the Day

Profit In It.

The "Statesman" is concerned for the moral and material well-being of the Bombay cotton merchants, and the 200 and odd Indian mills, which have signed the Swadeshi pledge not to use foreign yarns for their purpose, as also artificial silk. Perhaps, the Calcutta paper may not be aware that a large number of mills which are managed by 100 per cent. Britishers have taken that pledge because it is so very profitable to them. Some of the millowners may hate this interference, but they love the profits, they are able to reap in this way. But where is the harm if the mills, which depend on Swadeshi more than on protective duties for their continued and profitable existence, take a pledge to eschew foreign yarn? Buy Indian and use Indian are not yet a crime in this country, much as the Calcutta officewallahs might want. The kindly paper which has made loyalty so profitable to itself and its followers suggests that Government protection should be given only to those mills which are loyal to the Government and not to Swadeshi. Perhaps, it is not known that Government themselves are pledged to support Swadeshi; as they have been doing through drastic legislation for some years past.

Idiotic Advice.

A strange argument is brought forward by the Inspector General of Police, Madras, as to why the Police should be pampered at the cost of the people. He says that lower travelling allowances "are liable to undermine the contentment and efficiency of the agency responsible for the preservation of law and order, upon the adequate functioning of which the whole structure of the Government's credit must depend," which means that the more you pay the police, the larger allowances you give them, the more you coddle them, the greater will be the financial credit of the Government. That is the sort of advice given only in a benighted Presidency, where the police have enjoyed the fullest license at the hands of a rather incompetent Indian Home Member. The Madras Policeman responsible for this idiotic advice ought to address himself first to the Indian Finance Minister, Sir George Schuster, since the Government credit is in a parlous condition. It is an easy way of winning and preserving the "loyalty" of the police, we must confess. Those Anglo-Indian papers in Bombay which consider themselves very honest and impeccable, because the Congress volunteers who are paid a few annas are dubbed "hirelings" by them, may take some lessons from the Madras Police report if they are capable of it.

Ahmedabad And Lancashire.

In an interview an Ahmedabad millowner frankly confesses that they want protection not only against Japan, but also against Lancashire, as the competition from the latter is no less keen than from other countries. But the Bombay Millowners' Association is for Imperial Preference and it is trading on this weakness of the Government and getting higher and higher tariffs against all countries, except Great Britain. If the Indian millowners asked for protection against all and sundry, their claims would not be received with that sympathy from the Government which is now shown to them. The Bombay Millowners before they made a move against Japan asked for the support of Lancashire, and they got it. The same gentleman says that India might be able to supply all her cloth if the mills got adequate protection. We do not know what their ideas are in this regard, for 50 per cent. is some protection indeed! The Ahmedabad millowners are doing splendidly with fine cotton at their doors, though, as in Bombay, they too, import large quantities of foreign cotton and sell the cloth made from it as "pure Swadeshi."

An M. L. C. Unseated.

Maulvi Sayed Jalaluddin Hashemy, a member of the Bengal Legislative Council, who has been jailed for the dire offence of presiding over a District Conference, is reported to have been deprived of his seat in the Council under Section 93-(2) of the Government of India Act (1919), which says: "If, for a period of two consecutive months any member is absent from India, or unable to attend to the duties of his office, the Governor may by notification, declare that his seat in the Council has become vacant." There have been several instances before of M.L.C.'s being absent from India or the Council for more than two months, but we doubt, if Government took any action against such members. Maulvi Hashemy is known to have been one of the sturdiest Nationalist members of the Bengal Council.

ACCEPTING BETS ON PAVEMENT

Inspector Shirazee's Smart Arrest

BOMBAY, Friday.

Race bets were being accepted by a man who posted himself on the pavement in front of the Vazir Restaurant, Bhendi Bazar. This information which was known to the Dongri police for some time past culminated in the smart arrest of a Khoja, by Inspector Shirazee on Saturday last.

Bachu Hirji, the arrested man was put up before a bench of Honorary Magistrate at the Mazagaon Police Court this morning.

On receipt of information that a certain man was regularly accepting bets on Poona races on the pavement at Bhendi Bazar Inspector Shirazee sent a bogus punter with a marked rupee and a four anna coin. The punter laid a bet for a treble and it was alleged the accused accepted the bet and pocketed the coins. In the meanwhile, it was further alleged, Sub-Inspector Wahab, who watched the deal immediately put him under arrest. The accused, it was stated tore the paper to pieces but the police joined the pieces together for evidence.

Inspector Shirazee then searched the accused in the presence of a panch and it is further alleged recovered the marked coins and Rs. 139 in cash.

Mr. R. Solomon who defended the accused, denied the charge and stated that, if the accused was accepting bets, more than one betting slip should have been found on his person to account for the large amount of cash in his possession.

The case has been adjourned to enable the prosecution to call the "bogus" punter to give evidence.

WORKER'S SUICIDE

BOMBAY, Friday.

A verdict of suicide was returned by the coroner's jury at an inquest held over the body of Vithal Sava (40), a worker employed in the Khatau Makanji Mills. He was found in a pool of blood with his throat cut in his room at Agripada this morning. Ramabai, his wife giving evidence, stated that Vithal was morose as he failed to obtain leave from the mill. He grew desperate and put an end to his life by cutting his own throat.

Messrs. G. B. Power and A. Brokenshaw, Division Engineers, Telegraphs, are confirmed in their respective appointments as Director of Telegraph Engineering.—A. P.

Tipsy-Cake

(Moscow, (By Mail)

"In a jubilant Jeremiad over "the decline and fall of the British Empire," illustrated by Ottawa, the Soviet organ, "Pravda," asserts that the United States, an invisible presence at the Round Table, has smashed the Imperial Conference."

Another instance of the stupidity and ignorance of those Russians. Everybody knows that Ottawa was a stupendous success. Wasn't it?

* * * *

Miss Ellen Wilkinson declared at Madras that the poverty of the Indian workers is "an international scandal." It ought to be but it is not,—because British Labourites who could expose it are wilfully blind to it.

* * * *

When they come to India and see it at close quarters the shock galvanises them into protest. When they get back to England, they generally forget it in their absorption in their own troubles.

* * * *

Five years ago a British Trade Union delegation came to India and were equally shocked. But when they went back they did nothing to let the world know about this "international scandal." However, Ellen is a live spark and we hope she will scintillate on the subject when she goes home.

* * * *

"It is understood that the Commerce Member's visit to Bombay is regarded as fairly satisfactory in that he had frank exchange of views with the delegates which has been helpful in clarifying the issues and he leaves Bombay armed with what the delegates call their minimum demands for the resumption of their co-operation".

As Sir Samuel Hoare's maximum is far removed from the minimum of the delegates, the prospects are as satisfactory as they could possibly be in the circumstances. We don't think!

* * * *

A few points from the latest published opinions on the Award:

Maulana Shaukat Ali: It is based on suspicion.

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad: The most dangerous thing that could happen to Indian nationalism.

Mr. M. Tayyebulla, Secy., Assam Muslim Association: It prolongs the agony of India, and establishes a Planters' Raj in Assam.

Mr. K. Nageshwar Rao: A tangible fruit of the well-known "Divide and Rule" policy of British statesmanship.

* * * *

On his return from a visit to the King at Balmoral, Mr. J. H. Thomas, says Reuter, "left for a holiday in the country." He must have needed it after the strain of living up to the standards which are requisite in the Royal circle.

* * * *

"A World Without Surgeons"

We should be unable to bear it! What should we do without our popular Police Surgeon? It is such people who make life worth saving.

* * * *

The second caption of the article,—which we haven't read and don't want to—runs

"Medical Research aiming at prevention rather than cure."

That's just what the surgeon aims at. All this is due to medical jealousy.

* * * *

A Magistrate at Roorki who ordered a volunteer to be flogged without trial pleaded that his order was 'more administrative than judicial." It should be explained to him that you can't make a comparison with a non-existing quantity.

* * * *

In a letter to the victim's counsel the Magistrate expressed his apologies for "this unhappy incident." His description of the outrage is as unhappy as the incident itself.

* * * *

"Mr. S. Sadanand and Mr. D. N. Nadkarni were present in the court room, which was crowded with lawyers and visitors. Maulana Shaukat Ali was also present on the premises."

—"Free Press Bulletin".

He preferred obscurity but his portly presence could not escape the eagle eye of the "Free Press" sleuth.

* * * *

In view of Government's generous offer to unlicensed possessors of guns, it is understood a disarmament conference was held in Null Bazaar, but, it was ultimately unanimously decided not to disarm.

* * * *

THOUGHT FOR THE DAY. (Cribbed as usual).

"There is a bureaucrat like an expert bureaucrat."—Lord E. Percy.

And the trouble in India is that they are all experts.

NEVER TOO LATE

MAULANA'S APPEAL FOR AN AGREED SOLUTION

The Greatest Gift That Indians Can Give India

By B. G. HORNIMAN

Maulana Shaukat Ali's statement on the Communal Award, I am sure, will have been read with deep interest by all who are concerned—and what patriotic Indian is not—for a solution of the great controversies that have torn the communities in India with dissension at a moment when the unity of the nation is a more paramount need than it has been at any stage of India's long struggle for political freedom.

Nearly half a century has passed since the Indian National Congress held its first session, and it is tragic to think that the great work of rescuing India from the slough of political subjection and economic exploitation by building up the unity of the Indian nation which was then begun and which has seemed more than once to be on the verge of fruition, is at the end of all these years in danger of being brought to nought.

And why? Because rival communities which had learnt to trust one another are holding aloof from one another, instead of coming together and cleansing their hearts by the frank interchange of their innermost views and thoughts. Only if this is done can there be hope for the emancipation of India in the near future.

ANOTHER HALF-CENTURY?

Half-a-century, despite the dictum of the late Mr. Montagu is a long time in the life of a nation, certainly long enough to develop the strength and unity which spells freedom. And yet it would seem, at this moment that India has travalled all these years since the foundations of the national movement were first laid for naught.

For if the cleavage between the two great communities that now exists is allowed to grow, if the gulf is allowed to widen, if India is so weakened by dissensions that it will be possible to impose on her from outside forms of government designed to perpetuate her servitude, it may well be that another half-century will have to pass before her wounds are healed and her people will be strong enough and ready to grasp the rights that are naturally, morally and inherently theirs.

INDIANS ALL.

If I had not lived a very long time in India, if I had not had a long experience of political vicissitudes, as well as of political triumphs, in association with the people of the land of my adoption, I might despair of the present situation. But I do not, because I know by that association and by that long experience and observation that the children of the soil, whether they be Hindus, Muslims, Parsis or Christians realise that they are Indians and deep in their hearts they cherish the love of and patriotic fervour for their Motherland and hope for her ultimate freedom and greatness as strongly as the peoples of other countries.

I came to India twenty-seven years ago with the preconceptions and prejudices of the average young Britisher. I believed in the mission of the British race. But I had learnt my politics in the school of Rhodesian imperialism, which whatever may have been the sincerity of its founder, placed before young Britons, the ideal of a Commonwealth of self-governing peoples, an Empire of common freedom for all. I believed, as I believe now, that India was entitled to share in this freedom. But I was told that the diversity of races and religions made it an inseparable problem. And I wanted to see for myself.

HINDU-MOSLEM UNITY.

Curiously enough, I arrived at a moment when Hindu-Moslem dissension was rife and one of my earliest journalistic tasks of importance was to report on communal riots in Eastern Bengal. There were two notable outbreaks which I was sent to investigate. On each occasion I returned to Calcutta to write articles in which the intrinsic unity of Hindus and Moslems as common children of a common land and the invidious part played by official policies and the instruments appointed to carry them out were strongly emphasised.

I have never lost that belief in the common brotherhood of the two communities and the great potentialities which it predicates. Moreover I have lived to see my faith in it justified again and again. In 1906 and right up to 1911 the political unity of Hindus and Moslems seemed to some a hopeless dream but gradually it came nearer and nearer until in Bombay in 1915 and in Lucknow in 1916 it was consummated in an entente which gave a giant's strength to the nationalist movement and carried it to the apex of its achievement in the following years.

THE GREATEST GIFT.

Now we have suffered a setback. I do not want to go into the causes of it and its progress from stage to stage of reaction. They are full of controversy and bitterness and no good purpose would be served by dragging them into the arena. Let them lie in their obscurity. Having seen what I have seen and knowing what I know, I still preserve my faith in Indian unity.

The present is a passing phase. Whether it is to be a long or a short phase depends on the capacity of the leaders of both communities to forget the immediate past, to put aside the bitter contentions of the moment, to eschew recrimination and avoid the temptation to self-assertion, to cleanse their hearts of bitterness and to meet in a common, earnest effort to settle their differences and give India the greatest gift that Indians can bestow on her at this crisis in her history—the gift of unity.

THE DREAM OF UNITY.

Because of this faith, which I, who am neither Hindu nor Muslim, nor even Indian but a mere adopted son of the soil, I take one declaration of Maulana Shaukat Ali and ask that it should be made the starting point of a new chapter in the history of India's march to freedom.

I will not discuss now the Maulana's declaration that "Muslims have no choice but to accept the award for what it is worth"—though I shall do my best in my next following article to show him that it is worth nothing and that it would be fatal for Muslims or anyone else to accept it. The Maulana says the Award is based on suspicion. I do not know how anything based on suspicion can be acceptable or accepted. But it is not my purpose to be meticulous or even to discuss that point now.

I want rather to repeat and emphasise two passages in the Maulana's statement in the interview he was good enough to give me on Thursday. The first is this:—

> "I stand and have always stood in my public career for Islam and for genuine goodwill. I am always for that and no one will ever find that I allowed bitterness to creep in my heart to thwart the dream that I always had of a united India and having full freedom to work out its own life, work for its betterment and the common good of our Motherland."

GLEAM OF SUNLIGHT.

I know that the Maulana is not at the present time a 'persona grata' with Congressmen or with Hindus. I know that he is what we call a "communalist" and I abhor communalism in politics. But communalism to-day is flourishing on all sides in politics as well as its own natural sphere and it is the business of all, who are sincere in their desire for national unity, to rescue our national politics from the contamination of communalism, which by errors for which many are responsible has crowded into them.

When Maulana Shaukat Ali, who, I feel, and indeed know, spoke sincerely, utters at this moment the beautiful sentiment so simply expressed in the statement I have quoted, I feel that we are drawing nearer to a political reunion and a common understanding than the ugly clouds which have obscured the sky for so long, could enable us to hope. It is a gleam of sunlight.

IS IT TOO LATE?

The second passage, though it came first in the interview, I want to repeat and emphasise is this. The Maulana asked:

> "Is it too late even now to make an effort to work out an agreed solution based on confidence and goodwill all round? It is surely worth while to make the attempt so that the award could be replaced by an agreed decision made by the people of India amongst themselves."

Who will dare to say it is too late? Who can dare not to hope that an agreed decision is possible? What was achieved for national unity in 1917, and what has been achieved in a hundred instances in lesser spheres can be achieved now in 1932 if honest men will set their minds and hearts to it. I do not ask any Hindu or Muslim to forego the reasonable and natural rights which he can claim for his community, but I ask every Hindu and Muslim and every other Indian to ask himself the question, if it is too late to make an effort to work out an agreed solution based on confidence and goodwill all round.

If it were too late, India would have to say good-bye to the hope of freedom for another generation and perhaps longer. But it is not too late, and can never be too late, if those who dream of unity and the consequent freedom, will, instead of girding up their loins for a communal fray, gird them up for an honest and sincere effort to restore the unity which alone will enable India to work out her own destiny and bring her back to the straight path which leads to the goal of freedom.

RAVAL CEMENT TILES ARE BEST
RAVAL & Co.,
Bank Street, Fort,
BOMBAY.

AN APOLOGY

In our issue of yesterday, the 1st instant, we published a report of certain proceedings in the Small Causes Court, in which it was stated that the defendant party was "Mr. J. Wilson, the Managing Director of the Dunlop Rubber Company, residing at Davar's Hall, Warden Road." In the report it was also stated that serious allegations were made against the defendant by bailiffs of the Small Causes Court who went to carry out an attachment of the Court against him.

We now learn from Messrs. Crawford Bayley & Co., Solicitors, that Mr. J. Wilson, Managing Director of the Dunlop Rubber Company, who does not reside at Davar's Hall, Warden Road, was not concerned in any such proceedings, that he was not in any way concerned with the case in question and that no allegations of the kind mentioned in the report, or of any kind whatsoever therefore have been made against him.

We greatly regret that we should have in error mentioned the name of Mr. J. Wilson, Managing Director of the Dunlop Rubber Company Ltd., in connection with the case and we desire to offer him our unreserved apology for having unintentionally fallen into an error which caused his name to be associated with the case and to express our regret for any pain or annoyance that the publication of his name in connection with this case may have caused him.

"COURT SEAL DESTROYED ?"

—:o:—

In connection with the report which appeared in our yesterday's issue under the above heading, Messrs. Crawford, Bayley & Co., Solicitors, write that a decree was obtained against their client, Mr. John Alan Wilson, a Director of the Goodrich Rubber Company of India Ltd., by a former servant for a sum of about Rs. 130, the case being heard in their client's absence.

A decree was obtained and a warrant for attachment of his property was issued and a bailiff of the Small Causes Court came to attach the car mentioned in the report, which is the property of the Goodrich Rubber Tyre Company of India Ltd., and not of Mr. John Alan Wilson.

Subsequently, on Mr. Wilson representing to the court that the summons in the case had not been served on him as required by law, the decree was set aside and a retrial was ordered. On the rehearing of the case on Thursday a decree was passed for Rs. 30 only, instead of the sum of about Rs. 130 as passed originally. We are further asked to state that the Judge in delivering judgment made no reference to the incidents concerning the allegation that the defendant broke the seal of the Court.

We regret, if the report in question should have conveyed any inaccurate impression regarding the decree passed by the judge or in any other respect.

LOMELINO DA SYLVA

Wonderful Tenor Delights Bombay Audience

Lomelino da Sylva, who delighted a large audience at the Cowasji Jehangir Hall on Thursday with his song recital, is described as the Portuguese Caruso.

I would not compare him with Caruso. His voice is of a different quality and, except for its resonance and unusual resilience, it does not resemble Caruso's. It has not the same robustness, which some people used to think a little oppressive in Caruso's rendering of purely lyrical compositions, nor the same volume. But it has a distinction and quality of tone which combined with brilliant technique and artistry, places Lomelino da Sylva on a pedestal of distinction all his own.

His is a light tenor, but with extraordinary strength and power and a production so flawless that it responds to every demand that a singer can make on his vocal chords and breathing capacity. At times his performances in this respect are astounding. Not the least charm of his singing, with its perfect phrasing, delicate nuances and colour, is its effortlessness and the impression it creates on the hearer of ease and naturalness. And never does he lose tone or show the least degeneration of quality.

Personally I enjoyed him more than I ever enjoyed Caruso. I have heard most of the great tenors of my time and as a lyrical tenor I regard Lomelino da Sylva as the greatest I have heard. The naturalness, expressiveness and grace of his movements and gestures made one feel too that, here must be a great operatic actor.

His two Spanish songs delighted the audience most and they were certainly fascinating. "Granadines" with its striking resemblance to Indian vocal music in the final passages was especially delightful, both for the song itself and the splendour of its rendering. "Questa o Buella," with which the recital opened and "The Geladina Mevina ("La Boheme") raised the audience to a pitch of enthusiasm from the outset and enthusiasm never flagged, any more than Lomelino's wonderful singing flagged, as he proceeded through his two-hour programme of Italian, French, English, Portuguese and Spanish ballads.

Certainly a "Musical treat such as Bombay has not enjoyed for a long time!

Herr Hans Sigasser was a brilliant and most sympathetic accompanist and contributed three piano solos which exposed him as a pianist of power, brilliance and remarkable technical ability. One would like to have the opportunity of hearing him in a recital of his own.

There will be another concert by these two fine artists on Sunday at 9-30 p.m. at the C. J. Hall at popular prices.

B. G. H.

TERRORISTS BILL IN BENGAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

Measures Like These Are Not The Proper Remedy Says Mr. Mukherijee

CALCUTTA, Sept. 2.

There was animated debate in the Bengal Council to-day on the Bengal Suppression of Terrorist Outrages Bill which was taken into consideation on the motion of Mr. R. N. Reid, Home Member.

Mr. N. K. Basu moved that the bill be recommitted to the Select Committee.

This was opposed by Mr. H. Birkmyre, who, while admitting that the opponents of the measure had joined with the European Group in the past in condemning terrorist activities said that they did not come forward to their eternal shame to help them in passing the Bill.

POINTING THE WAY.

Mr. P. Birkmyre added, "they fight the bill not only without a single argument which will hold water but in a manner which shows where their true sympathy lies."

Mr. Shamaprosad Mukherjee took exception to this remark and said that such an observation displayed a mentality which deserved to be seriously condemned by every right-thinking man.

IN WHOSE INTERESTS?

He asked: Whose interests were at stake? The interests of foreigners, adventurers and exploiters who came to visit this country to make their gold or the interests of persons who had to reside in this country for generations.

He explained that Indians suffered most by the existence of the present menace and if inspite of that they failed to support a bill of this description it was because they honestly felt that measures like this were not the proper remedy.

The motion was lost without a division.

Maulvi Tamizuddin Khan next moved an amendment to reduce the duration of the Bill from five years to six months after date of inauguration of the new constitution in Bengal. His object was that he did not want to fetter the hands of the future Government.

The Home Member in opposing said that in his opinion the passing of the amendment would fetter hands of the future Government as he believed that the new constitution would have plenty of things to do in first six months and that the administration would prefer not to deal with such a difficult and thorny problem.

The amendment was lost without a division.

When the House proceeded to discuss the Bill clause by clause, there were two divisions.

Rai Bahadur Doctor Haridhone Dutt's amendment defining "Officer of Government" who might be vested with the powers contained in the Bill to include an officer not below the rank of Sub-Deputy Magistrate or Munsiff or Sub-Inspector of Police and local commanders of the Military Police, was lost by 64 votes to 24.

Another amendment of Mr. P. Bannerjee to give power to detain and question persons behaving suspiciously to "Officer of Government" not below the rank of Sub-Inspector of Police was lost by 60 to 16 votes. The discussion was not concluded when the House adjourned till Monday.—A.P.

DUMPING OF COLOURED GOODS FROM JAPAN

Increase Of 400 per cent In Two Years

HEAVY TAKINGS OF PIECEGOODS BY KARACHI

The following note on Imports of Cotton Yarn and Piecegoods into India during July has been issued by the Secretary of the Bombay Millowners' Association.

Although the importations of cotton yarn remained high, there was a falling off as compared with the month of June of nearly 500,000 lbs., the months' imports amounting in all to 4.3 million lbs. as against 4.8 million lbs. in June. China improved her position as compared with the previous month, but England and Japan both lost ground, the falling off in the imports of yarn from England being substantial.

As regards cotton piece-goods the total imports were 10 million yards greater than in June, and touched a higher figure than they have done for more than two years. One of the most significant features of the last few months' import figures has been the continued heavy takings of piece-goods by the Port of Karachi. During this period, the quantities imported through that port have approximated the quantities imported through the ports of Calcutta and Bombay. Whether this signifies that Karachi has permanently improved its position as a port of distribution for imported goods, it is difficult to say, but the quantities import for a long time past would seem to justify that conclusion.

Importations of artificial silk piece-goods again touched new high levels. In last month's statement it was ponted out that the June figure of 10.7 million yards was the highest ever reached in any single month. In July this figure was exceeded by no less than 3 million yards, the imports for the month amounting to 13.6 million yards of which Japan's share reached the amazing total of 13 million yards.

COTTON YARN.

As mentioned above, the total imports of all classes of cotton yarn during the month amounted to 4.3 million lbs., of which just over half came from Japan and nearly a quarter from China and England respectively.

Imports of grey yarn amounted to 3.2 million lbs., or practically the same as in the month of June. There was a substantial falling off in the imports of yarn of counts below 30s, the total for the month being 101.000 lbs. This was, however, more than made up by increased imports of medium counts yarn of 31s. to 40s. in which importations amounted to 2.1 million lbs. In fine count yarn, which is chiefly imported from the United Kingdom takings were considerably less, the figure for the month being 418,000 lbs. There was an increase in the takings of grey two-folds yarn, the imports amounting to 508.000 lbs. as against 451,000 lbs. in June. In this class of yarn, takings from England and China were substantially less, but Japan's sendings were 120.000 lbs. more than in June.

MERCERIZED YARN.

In bleached yarn, of which England is the chief supplier, the month's takings amounted to 335,000 lbs., or about 108.000 lbs. less than in June. Imports of coloured yarn were low, the figure being 137.000 lbs. as compared with 243.000 lbs. in June. Mercerized yarns were imported to the extent of 660,000 lbs. during July, of which 642,000 lbs. were from Japan.

COTTON PIECE-GOODS.

Imports of plain grey goods amounted to 32 million yards as against 28 million yards in June. Japan's share in this trade amounted to 22 million yards as against 10 million yards imported from the United Kingdom.

Imports of bleached goods totalled 42.7 million yards, or about the same as in June, but it is significant that England's share at 28 million yards was 3 million yards less, and Japan's share at 13.7 million yards was 3 1/2 million yards more than in the previous month.

ANOTHER DANGER FROM JAPAN.

There was a heavy increase in the importations of coloured, printed and dyed goods, the total for the month being 44.1 million yards, of which no less than 25.3 million yards came from Japan. Compared with the same month, two years ago, Japan's sendings of coloured goods have increased by nearly 400 per cent. The danger to the Indian mills' coloured goods trade from these imports of cheap printed lines from Japan has been already commented. The latest figures, however, serve to stress the danger and the need for protection against them. It is just possible that the sendings from Japan were heavier than they would otherwise have been owing to anticipations in connection with the Tariff Board enquiry. High figures of imports from that country may also be expected for the month of August. The imports from Japan during July, if artificial silk piece-goods are included, amounted to nearly 75 million yards, or 14 million yards more than in June. In other words, the July rates of imports of Japanese piece-goods were about 66 per cent. Higher than the monthly average figure for 1929 when the imports from Japan touched record figures.

G. O. M. ANNIVERSARY

Under the auspices of the Dadabhai Naoroji Memorial Association, Gujerati Hindu Sabha Mandal, Social Service League, the Grant Road Parsi Association, the Young Men's Parsi Association, the Buddha Society and allied associations of Bombay a public meeting will be held at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, tomorrow (Saturday), at 5 p.m. to celebrate the Dadabhai Jayanti, (birthday of the Grand Old Man of India), Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas will preside. An interesting variety programme of English and Indian music, songs, drill, physical culture display will be provided.

Dr. Sir Jivanji Mody, Messrs. K. Natrajan, M. C. Chagla, Faiz B. Tyabjee, Jayasukhlal Mehta, K. J. Dubash, Capt. S. R. Bamji, Bai Avantikabai Gokhale and some of the members of the managing committee of the Dadabhai Naoroji Memorial Association will speak.

CALCUTTA, Sept. 2.

Amia Lall Bhattacharjee who had been arrested in connectoin with terrorist activities was discharged by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, but re-arreted immediately under the Bengal Criminal Law Amendment Act.—A.P.

TWO NEW PROFESSIONAL COURSES
DAVAR'S COLLEGE of COMMERCE
Two Additional Professional Diploma Courses
each of two years for (1) Advertising Consultants and (2) Incorporated Sales Managers (M.I.S.M.A.) are also added to the present College Programme as a result of PRINCIPAL DAVAR'S VISIT TO EUROPE (March-June) this year.
GREGG SHORTHAND:—Enrolment proceeding for the easiest and most successful system which guarantees a speed of 100 words in four months including theory. An innovation by Principal Davar.
OTHER COURSES:—General Commerce D.COM. (I.M.C.); Chartered Insurance (A.C.I.I.), Bank Officers (C.A.I.B.); Company Secretaries (F.I.S.A.); and Auditing (G.D.A.),
60, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

Bombay Cotton

Bombay, Sept. 2.

In sympathy with a further decline of 8 points in New York futures, the local market was expected to open at Rs. 242 for Broach A/M. delivery, but the market opened very steady at Rs 245. There was scattered buying at this level by Mahajan operators as tejimandi was to be declared to-day. Operators were bullish and their interest was best served in keeping prices up.

However, there was heavy selling at this level particularly by Japanese firms and prices declined to Rs. 243. At this level the offerings were well absorbed and prices rallied to Rs. 244/4. The market remained steady at this level for some time, but later on again improved on buying by bull operators.

The Liverpool market was due to open at unchanged prices but it opened firm at a rise of 15 points. There was increased buying in the local market and prices advanced to Rs. 247/12.

HOLIDAYS IN COTTON.

On Monday the 5th September the New York market will remain closed.

On Tuesday and Wednesday the 6th and 7th September, the local cotton market will remain closed.

There was some liquidation and prices eased off to Rs. 247. Later on Liverpool cables were firm showing a rise of 22 points. Our market ruled strong and after advancing to Rs. 249/8 closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach A.M. 248/10
Oomra D.J. 224/12
Bengal D.J. 200/12

SAMPIN QUOTATIONS.
Bombay, Sept. 2.

September 1d1.70—0.30
December 187.80—1.70
March 192.80—3.10

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES.
Bombay, Sept. 2.

	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M. G.—				
Bengal U. P. & Rajputana	221	217	213	209
Panjab	219	215	211	207
Oomra No. 3	237	233	229	...
Oomra No. 1	244	240	236	...
Oomra No. 2	240	236	232	...
Broach No. 2	241	238	234	230
Punjab-American	251	248	244	240
Surat	293	290	286	282
Rajpipla	289	286	282	278

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F P Bales—
Receipts to date 1-9-32 1932-33 407000; 1931-32 242000
Receipts yesterday 1-9-32 1932-33 17000; 1931-32 16000
Exports to date 1-9-32 1932-33 661000; 1931-32 255000
Stock at Ports 28-8-32 1932-33 3351000; 1931-32 2761000
Stock Interior Towns 26-8-32 1932-33 1269000; 1931-32 731000
Stock at Liverpool 25-8-32 1932-33 787000; 1931-32 896000
Visible Supply 26-8-32 1932-33 6470000; 1931-32 4863000
Quantity in Sight 26-8-32 1932-33 372000; 1931-32 273000
Quantity out of Sight 26-8-32 1932-33 705000; 1931-32 636000

The
Sunday Chronicle
Celebrates
SWADESHI WEEK
See the Exclusive Pictures of Progressive Swadeshi.
And also of the Week's Screen and Stars, City's Welfare Week, Himalayas and the River Jamuna, Turkey wins the title and of the dance that cultivates poise with pose.
The Articles Survey
The Great Munich Library for Labourers.
Homes of to-morrow.
International Congress on Education.
Sri Tirupathi Hills.
The Unpopularity of Teachers.
Power of Imagination.
New Asoka Edicts.
FEATURES.—The Literary world, Art Notes, Screen News and Topics, Garnered Grain, Laughs at Life, Commercial News and Current Events.

AMERICAN COTTON CROP

Bombay's Estimate

Bombay, Sept. 2.

Messrs. P. Chrystal and Co., in their report state that the average estimate for the American crop of a number of Bombay cotton people comes to 10,800,000 Bales.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.
Bombay, Sept. 2.

	Bales.
Khandeish	1,503
Central India	157
Barsi-Nugger	620
Berar	815
Central Provinces	100
Dholiera	929
Rajputana	112
Sind-Punjab	88
Broach	1,341
Dompta-Dharwar	1,580
Westerns-Northerns	1,359
Egyptians	1,019
East Africans	944
	Cwts.
Wheat	15,442
Linseed	3,308
Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds	21
Gingellyseed	37
Poppyseed	637
Groundnuts	1,401
Castorseed	2,058
Rice	1,479
Myrabollams	3,790
Cottonseed	1,027
Mowraseed	162
Gram	527
Joowar	190
Bajree	2,003
	Tons.
Coal	21

THE TATA OIL MILLS' QUOTATIONS
EX-GODOWN,
Bombay, Sept. 2.

Filtered Cocoanut Oil Ready Rs. 400/- per ton.
Filtered Cocoanut Oil Per Case of 84 lbs. Rs. 22/-
Filtered Til Seed Oil Per Case of 84 lbs. Rs. 18-8/-
Cocoanut Cake Ready Rs. 105/- per ton.

READY COTTON SALES.
Bombay, Sept. 2.

100 Japan T & Co. Wun 237/8
100 Japan T & Co. Arvi 233
51 B. Mavji Palitana 195
39 B. Mavji Vinchhia 195
71 B. Mavji Veraval 194
102 B. Mavji Botad 201
300 Narshi Nagshi Jambusar 247
75 Tata Mills Kapadvanj 247
100 Currimbhai Jambusar 7 off
26 Kotak and Co. Samlaya 227
66 Khatav Mill Morvi 238
89 Swadeshi Mill Ranala 20 off

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.
Bombay, Sept. 2.

Bengal Superfine	217
Bengal Fine	214
Bengal F G	209
Sindh-Punjab Fine	214
Sindh-Punjab F G	209
Vardha-Hingt Fine	236
Nagpur Savner Fine	236
Teolmal Fine	232
Arvi Fine	232
Ellichpur Fine	232
Amraoti Fine	230
Khamgaon-Akola Fine	230
Dulkapur Fine	220
Khandesh Fine	220
Muthia F G	210
Jalna/Sailu F G	210
Burwah Sanavad F G	232
Jijain/Shujaulpur F G	229
Broach F G	234
Punjab/American	234
Punjab/American mix	232
Cambodia	277
Miraj/Sangli	234
Compta Good	241
Bagalkot	224
Jinja	324
Busoga	334
Kampala	342

KARACHI-MADRAS AIR MAIL SERVICE

To Start From October 15

The officiating Director-General of Indian Posts and Telegraphs, New Delhi, issues the following postal notice:—

An Air Mail Service between Karachi and Madras with halts at Ahmedabad, Bombay and Bellary will be introduced with effect from the 15th October, 1932. This Air Mail Service will work in conjunction with the Imperial Airways Karachi-Croydon Air Mail Service. Uninsured ordinary and registered letters, postcards and packets, but not parcels, will be accepted at all post offices for despatch by this service to destinations both in India and abroad on the conditions now in force for the acceptance of such articles for the Delhi-Karachi Air Mail Service.

Air mail correspondence posted in India for transmission by air from Madras, Bellary, Bombay or Ahmedabad for places abroad served by the Imperial Airways Service must be superscribed "India-Iraq," "India-Egypt," "India-England," etc., according to destination, while those intended for despatch by air from Karachi only to westbound destinations without the intermediary of the Madras-Karachi air service, should be superscribed "Karachi-Iraq," "Karachi-Egypt," "Karachi-England," etc.

AIR MAIL CORRESPONDENCE.

Any air mail correspondence received at Madras or any intermediate stages of call for transmission by the Madras-Karachi Air Mail Service which does not bear the prescribed superscription will be liable to be forwarded by the railway route to Karachi although the additional air fee for conveyance by the internal service may have been paid. Unless the route to be followed is clearly indicated the Indian Posts and Telegraphs Department can accept no responsibility for errors committed in this respect as the sorters are left without proper guidance as to the senders' intentions in the absence of such indications. A superscription is also necessary in respect of articles posted in India to inland destinations whether the whole or any portion of the route is to be used. This should be limited to the words "by Madras-Karachi Air Service only." The affixing of the blue air mail label is compulsory in "all cases" to show that articles are intended for transmission by air.

THE AIR FEE.

The air fee on 'inland' articles for transmission by the Madras-Karachi Air Service will be 2 annas per tola or fraction thereof in addition to the ordinary inland postage and registration fee in the case of registered articles.

The full air fee on 'foreign' articles using 'both' the Madras-Karachi Air Mail Service and the Imperial Airways Service will be: India-Iraq 5 annas per ½ oz. India-Palestine 6 annas per ½ oz. India-Egypt 6 annas per ½ oz. India-Any destination in Europe 8 annas per ½ oz. India-Kenya and Uganda 10 annas per ½ oz. India-Tanganyika 10 annas per ½ oz. India-Rhodesia 14 annas per ½ oz. India-South Africa 16 annas per ½ oz. in addition to the ordinary foreign postage to destination and registration fee in the case of registered articles.

The air fees for transmission by air from Karachi only remain unchanged, and the rates are reproduced below:— Karachi-Iraq 3 annas per ½ oz. Karachi-Palestine 4 annas per ½ oz. Karachi-Egypt 4 annas per ½ oz. Karachi-Any destination in Europe 6 annas per ½ oz. Karachi-Kenya and Uganda 8 annas per ½ oz. Karachi-Tanganyika 8 annas per ½ oz. Karachi-Rhodesia 12 annas per ½ oz. Karachi-South Africa 14 annas per ½ oz.

The following is the provisional time table of the Madras-Karachi Air Service:— Southbound:—Saturday 6-30 hrs. Dep. Karachi. Saturday 10-20 hrs. Arr. Ahmedabad. Saturday 10-50 hrs. Dep. Ahmedabad. Saturday 14-10 hrs Arr Bombay. Saturday 14-10 hrs. Dep. Bombay. Saturday 18-10 hrs. Arr. Bellary. Sunday 6-30 hrs. Dep. Bellary. Sunday 9-15 hrs. Arr. Madras. Northbound:—Monday 14-00 hrs. Dep. Madras. Monday 16-45 hrs. Arr. Bellary. Tuesday 6-30 hrs. Dep. Bellary. Tuesday 10-30 hrs. Arr. Bombay. Tuesday 11-00 hrs. Dep Bombay. Tuesday 13-00 hrs. Arr. Ahmedabad. Tuesday 13-30 hrs. Dep. Ahmedabad Tuesday 17-20 hrs. Arr. Karachi.

The saving of time over the existing surface route of transport will be approximately:—Southbound:—To Ahmedabad 1½ days. To Bombay 1-3/4 days. To Madras 2-1/4 days. Northbound:—From Madras 2-1/4 days. From Bombay 1¼ days. From Ahmedabad 1-1/4 days.

Hari Har Shastri of Cawnpore and Brijgopal Mukhtar of Hamirpur are reported to be lying seriously ill in Fyzabad Jail, and efforts are being made to get them released on the ground of illness.

SHIPPING

ARRIVALS.
Bombay, Sept. 2.
Karanja, Buird, Bhownagar.

DEPARTURE.
Bombay, Sep. 3.
Comorin, Lyndon, London.
C|Bagdad, Loger, Karachi

LOADING
Bombay, Sept. 2.
Steamer Weissenfels for Hamberg.
Steamer Vlan Maciver for Antwerp.

ENGLISH MAIL REPORT.

S.S. Comorin.—The P and O S N Coy's English mail steamer Comorin will sail to-day from Bellard Pier Station at about 1 p.m. for London with the homeward mail, a general cargo and passengers.

S.S. Karanja.—The B I S N Coy's steamer Karanja arrived in harbour yesterday from Bhownagar with a general cargo.

S.S. C|Bagdad—The K N Coy's steamer City of Bagdad will sail to-day for Karachi, with same bottom cargo.

EXPORTS.
Bombay, Sep. 2.

S.S. Kaiser-I-Hind for London—300 bags groundnuts C Gordhandas and Co; 18 bags stag horns B Ardeshir and Co; 10 bales animal skin; P E Boyee and Sons.

S.S. Comorin for London.—10 bundle woollen carpets I F Lavy; 2 cases brass ware Thos Cook and Son; 4 bales animal skins I F Levy; 20 bales woollen carpets D Abraham and Sons.

For Jaffa—4 bales cotton yarn A H Diab.

For Alexandretta.—14 baless cotton yarn A H Diab.

S.S. Durenda for London.—3 bales animal skin D Abraham and Sons; 6 bales animal skin A R Mistry.

For Dunkirk.—1333 bags groundnut kernals K M Nathoo.

S.S. C|o Barcelona for Liverpool.—25 bales cotton thread waste M Mafatlal and Co; 1032 bags masoor M. Bhuta and Co.

For Antwerp—80 bales cotton fly L O Vora; 126 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.

S.S. Clan Maciver for Ratterdom—3230 bags linseed oil cakes H. Parekh; 1255 bags groundnut oil cakes H Parekh; 2000 bags groundnut oil cakes B Jeewandas and Co.

For Antwerp—1285 bags groundnut oil cakes H Parekh; 1900 bags linseed oil cakes H Parekh.

S.S. Weissenfels for Hamburg—110 bales cotton fly B Premji 180 bales cotton raw K Devchand and Co; 730 bags castor seed A H Diab; 1200 bags linseed Birla Bros; 1068 bags bajree M Bhuta and Co.

For Antwerp.—70 bags groundnut oil cakes M Bhuta and Company; 800 bags kardi seed T S Thadani and Sons; 250 bags mustard seed T S Thadani and Sons; 110 bales cotton raw K Devchand and Co.

For Ratterdom—1318 bags groundnuts seed Birla Bros.

For Bremen—2580 bags bajree T S Thadani and Sons.

S.S. Carignano for Triests.—110 bales cotton raw K Devchand and Co.

S.S. Tokiwa Maru for Osaka—350 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha Ltd.

For Yakkaichia—350 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha Ltd.

For Kobe.—500 bales cotton raw N Manilal and Co.

S.S. Alipore for Kobe.—500 bales cotton raw T M Kaisha Ltd; 151 bales cotton raw K M Nathoo.

For Osaka—100 bales cottor raw G K Kaisha Ltd.

IMPORTS.
Bombay, Sept. 2.

S.S. Durenda, Agents M M and Co; from London—165 case o'stores; 138 cases whisky; 8 cases gin; 188 cases beer; 48 case provision; 184 cases soap; 4 cases creosate; 41 cases tyre. 600 bundles zinc plates; 50 case printing ink; 172 cases boot polish; 42 cases cycle parts; 11 cases washing blue; 68 case metal polish; 47 cases destuper 20 cases sausages; 80 kgs. borox 219 drums paint; 17 drums colour; 110 cases lub. oil; 80 case turpentine; 49 cases old newspaper; 119 cases secosd hand clothes; 101 cases spirits.

From Haure.—20 drums dyes 102 cases cognic.

From Middlesbro.—996 bundles black steel sheets; 611 bundles mild steel sheets; 400 bags chemicals; 199 cylinders chemicals.

From Antwerp.—7460 bundles steel hoops; 1100 bundles steel circles; 20 bundles steel rioles; 805 bundles steel beams; 5374 bundles steel bars; 204 bundles steel channels; 992 bundles steel tees; 1842 bundles steel angles; 40 bundles steel tacks; 4172 bundles steel rods; 28 bundles wire; 50 cases glassware; 178 cases bolts nuts; 200 cases tiles; 125 cases hinges.

From Ratterdom—52 cases nails 100 bags farina; 15 drums colour.

S.S. Vinstra, Agents L Edwards Ltd. from Gothenburg—340 drums chemicals; 103 cases stoves; 2346 cases boards; 78 cases hinges; 649 cases paper, 232 cases iron; 1082 cases nails; 465 cases glassware; 50 cases beer.

From Oslo.—1422 cases paper. 850 cases nails; 200 cases pulp; 100 cases turpentine; 54 cases chemicals.

From Hamburg.—63 cases hurricane lamps; 250 cases beer; 15 cases woollen yarn; 110 cases iron ware; 131 cases paper; 248 ases z m sheets.

From Antwerp.—528 cases window glass; 472 bundles steel bars; 364 bundles bolt nuts; 400 bags chalk; 2340 bundles steel hooks; 248 bundles angles; 182 bundles tiles; 385 bundles hinges; 70 bundles washers; 40 drums colour.

From Ratterdom.—53 cases paper; 250 cases solidified oil; 46 cases bricks; 100 cases farina; 1008 cases machinery parts.

From Lisbon.—72 bags carks; 72 cases cork boards.

From Port Said.—40 brls. tararic acid; 20 cases medicine.

Huschke's Cologne Water

When and Where to Use HUSCHKE'S COLOGNE WATER?

In your bath tub and wash basin or after shaving, it forms the best toilet.

Huschke's Cologne Water removes all sorts of headache. Put some on your handkerchief and apply it on your forehead.

Pour some in a plate and burn it. It will make the air pleasant.

Representative: ROBERT BLAU (India), Central Bank Building, Bombay.
Phone:—24711.

4th WEEK OF "SHYAM SUNDER"

At West End Cinema

Saraswati Cinetone's first talkie masterpiece "Shyam Sunder" has broken all records of attendance at the West-End Cinema, Lamington Road.

The chief attraction of the film is its music there are 16 song-hits which are well rendered by "Master" Modak and Miss Shanta Apte in the roles of Krishna and Radha. The recording is clear.

A striking indication of the state of unemployment among middle-class Madrasis is revealed by the fact that for the post of an attender at the office of the University of Madras, carrying a salary of Rs. 30 per mensem, there were no fewer than 975 applicants. Of this large number there were:—2 Honours graduates, 20 B As., 6 B A, B Ls.

B. D. P. PARSEE HOSPITAL FUNDS

Further Donations

The Hon. Secretary of the Bomanji Dinshaw Petit Parsee General Hospital, Bombay acknowledges the further donations towards the funds of the above Institution:—

Bai Bachubai Naorojee Batliwalla, being the amount subscribed by her in the Oothamna ceremony of the late Mr. Pestonji Cowasji Petit. (for the Endowment Fund) Rs. 1,000; The Trustees of the Parsee Panchayet, Bombay, to be utilised for the repairs of the Convalescent Homes at Varsowa Rs. 1,000; The Trustees of the Destitute Irancee Charity Fund Rs. 500/; The Trustees of the late Mr. P.M. Kaka's Charity Fund Rs. 500/; Anonymous Rs. 340/; The Trustees of the late M. D.E. Aibless, out of the charity Trust created by him for the performance of the Bajrojgar ceremony of himself, his wife Bai Pirojbai and the other members of his family, in memory of the deceased, being the excess of income over expenditure for the year ending 30th June last Rs. 362; Mrs. P. A. Muller, Captain, 9th Bombay Ranger Guide Company, attached to the Queen Mary High School, Girgaum, being the proceeds of the Company's efforts at a sale of work held this summer Rs. 237. Mr Nusserwanji R. Kutar Rs. 201.

The total is Rs. 5,302 including the sums received below Rs. 200/

DJAMAL PASHA'S MISSION

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Reports have appeared in some papers that I am the Foreign Minister to the Government of the Hedjaz. I would like to inform the public that I am no the Foreign Minister and I am not travelling in India in any official capacity.

I am only a Haj Delegate to the Government of the Hedjaz and Nadjd and am visiting different places in order to report to my Government about pilgrimage conditions here and to seek to investigate avenues of providing comforts and facilities to the pilgrims and supplying them with necessary information.

Will you please give this suitable space in your esteemed news columns.—Yours, etc.,

DJAMAL PASHA ELGHAZZI.
General, Haj Delegate, to the Government of the Hedjaz and Nedjd.

Benares, August 31.

"SWADESAMITRAN"

Golden Jubilee

A circular letter has been issued over the signature of the editor of the "Swadesamitran," a Tamil daily published in Madras, in connection with its forthcoming Golden Jubilee celebration:

"The "Swadesamitran" which I have the honour to edit has completed fifty years of service to Tamil Nadu, and it is proposed to celebrate as Golden Jubilee on the October 1932 in a fitting manner.

"The Swadesamitran" was founded by the late Mr. G Subramania Iyer, a few years after he founded the "Hindu." He undertook this additional responsibility because he discovered early in his career that any momentum he might help to develop for a Forward Movement in this country, would lack vigour and vitality so long as the general body of the people, unlettered in English were not educated, enthused and energised in the cause of Swaraj. To this end, the "Swadesamitran" came to be founded and it to-day Tamil Nadu stands in the front rank of public life of the country no small srare of the credit is due to the education and formulation of public opinion undertaken by the "Swadesamitran."

"In his declining age Mr Iyer committed the paper to the charge of Mr. Rangaswamy Iyengar, then the Asst. Editor of the Hindu'. Under him the Swadesamitran' made great strides as an up-to-date journal, and reached the level of its English contemporaries both in news and views; and during his time the paper secured recognition all over India and moved to the front rank of journalism in the country. When he was called upon to take charge of the "Hindu" in 1928, the paper was placed under my Editorial control and I have striven thus far to keep the great ideals set by Messrs. Iyer and Iyengar in the conduct of the paper. Mr. Rangaswami Iyengar, still continues to be the Managing Director of the 'Swadesamitran' Ltd.

"Fifty years of continuous life, so rich in progress and achievement in the past, and so full of promise and potentialities in the future the 'Swadesamitran' Golden Jubilee is surely an occasion for celebration. May I therefore look forward to your sympathy and co-operation to make the function a success?"

CHAPLIN BLADE

Every blade sold under money Back Guarantee. CHAPLIN BLADES yield many more creamy shaves and will make your beard soft lite velvet.

A TRIAL IS SOLICITED.
SOLD EVERYWHERE.
M. T. BROTHERS.
3 Gates, AHMEDABAD.

The Union Bank of India, Ltd.

HEAD OFFICE:—Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

Branch:—
CIVIL STATION, RAJKOT.

Capital paid-up Rs. 39,90,000
Reserve Fund Rs. 7,00,000

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent. p. a. from January to June and 2½ per cent. p.a. from July to December on daily balances.

FIXED DEPOSITS for long and short periods received on favourable terms.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened. Interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum on daily balances or at 4 per cent. per annum on minimum monthly balances. Withdrawals allowed twice a week. Operations by cheques allowed.

All kinds of Banking business transacted.

DIVINE MEDICINE OF
HERNIA
CENT PER CENT SUCCESS WITHOUT OPERATION

Why do you suffer from Hernia? Come to us, we shall make a contract with you and cure you of the disease. If you fail to see us send five pice postal stamp, have the testimonials, and directions and get yourself radically cured from afar.

Apply to:—DR. H. C. ROY,
DIVINE TREATMENT HALL,
91, Amherst Street, Calcutta.

PILES CURE

IF FAILS, MONEY REFUNDED. GUARANTEED surest and speediest Divine Remedy of Piles at any stage. No rules or restriction. No more bleeding or pain. Praised by many eminent men. Price Rs. 6-8 DAIBABAL ASRAM, (H.W.), Post Box No. 12204, CALCUTTA.

MIND YOUR EYE

"EYE-SUN" Cures Cataract and Imperfect Sights absolutely. No need of operation. Success guaranteed. If not, price refunded. Price Rs. 2. Harryasram, Panchpota (Jessore) Bengal.

Perfect Sight

Try Nature's remedy "Seller's Lotus Honey," cures all eye troubles, even cataract, Safe, Sure Worldwide reputation. Beware imitation. Insist on "Seller's". Literature Free from—BELIRAM & BROS., CHIMANLAL VADILAL & Co., P. M. ZAVERI & CO., Princess St., Bombay.

ASTHMA-CURE

1. Mr. C. GOMES writes:—He suffered from severe Asthma and Breathing trouble for 7 years Dr. Kusumgar's treatment completely cured him.
2. Mrs. NAYAK, Bombay writes:—She suffered from severe Asthma for 12 years. Nothing helped her. Dr. Kusumgar's special treatment cured her in weeks.

DR. KUSUMGAR M.D., (Homeo.) 231, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

UNITED BAR FOR INDIA

Lawyers' Duty To Public And Profession

RIGHT TO DEBATE LEADING QUESTIONS

Mr. Narayan J. Pandya joint editor of the "Bombay Law Journal", in a circular to the legal profession of India, writes:

A unified, homogenerous bar for India, has been the dream of eminent Indian lawyers, for the realisation of which they have worked both in and outside the legislatures. The Bar Councils Act was a step towards bringing about unification. More than five years have elapsed since the Act was passed, but the process of unification has not kept pace with time. It is felt that some further measures are called for, in order to accelerate unification.

At present, the local bars are concerned with the courts in their own districts and with purely local questions relating to the administration of law therein. Even in a single district there may be separate bars, one confined to the civil courts and another to the criminal courts, with very little inter-relation or cohesion. The result of this state of things is a narrowing down of the outlook, a failure on the part of members of the bar to appreciate the wider duties and responsibilities of the profession, and inability to adopt adequate measures efficiently to discharge the collective responsibilities of the profession.

COLLECTIVE ACTION

In the domain of law and administration of justice there is much need of collective action. The settlement of civil disputes in a satisfactory manner is a necessary part of the economic life of the community. Where the costs of litigation are excessive, it becomes an expensive luxury beyond the means of a majority of the people and the utility of the courts of justice is to that extent diminished. The legal profession, acting in co-operation with the judiciary, can do much to bring about reforms in the procedure so as to reduce costs and delays in litigation.

There are, besides, other ways of rendering service by the members of the profession to the public. Apart from helping in the administration of justice by their practice of law in the courts, they can serve the people through the legislatures, and public bodies and generally by securing for the people and working a liberal and representative constitution. Theirs is also the duty, when occasion arises, of assisting in a liberal interpretation of the constitution by the courts.

DEMOCRATIC PROFESSION

There was a time when the legal profession was the preserve of certain classes of persons. Today, it is a thoroughly democratic profession in the sense that it allows free entry to man or woman, irrespective of class. The profession comprises members drawn from every section of the public, and therein lies a dual advantage. The members are acquainted with and are competent to bring to bear upon the problems calling for solution, the needs and sentiments of their constituency, that is the class from which they come, and secondly they are best able to convey, in the most suitable and acceptable form, the conclusions to which they arrive, to their respective constituencies. At present this is rendered impossible owing to the lack of any organised action on the part of the profession.

WASTE OF ENERGY

Apart from acting as a hindrance to the ultimate unification of the bar, this state of isolation deprives the local bars of the advantages to be derived from the exchange of information, current thoughts ideas and experience of the profession. Each bar is left to tackle its problems without the benefit of any guidance from another bar that may have successfully dealt with the same or similar conditions. The result is an unnecessary waste of energy, duplicated efforts, and hardship to the public.

and economic progress. The legal profession is best fitted to debate the leading questions of the day, and crystalize sentiment to the point of action, and then direct its course. A consideration of and contribution towards the solution of the problems at present facing the country would be in keeping with the heritage, of the legal profession in India.

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION

If co-ordination of the bar is not permanently to remain a pious hope, if the profession is to rebain its lost leadership, some action seems to be urgently called for. The time has come for the formation of a "National Association of the Legal Profession in India. If such an Association is formed, it would be possible for a body of delegates, representing the profession in all parts of the country, to meet periodically for a comparison of views and for friendly intercourse. The executive committee of the association would adopt measures for establishing closer relations between the bar associations in the districts, and an organic connection between the several associations. It may be conceded that the foundation period will be long, the growth slow and the organisation at first largely social. Nevertheless a beginning must be made.

The Association can give a strong impetus in the direction of the nationalisation of the bars. With better times coming, the growth of the association is bound to be rapid, but the foundation has to be laid without further delay. The Association will give a powerful impetus and aid towards organising local bar associations wherever they do not exist and strengthening those that are already in existence. It will, in fact, have a powerful cohesive co-ordinating and vitalising effect upon the bars throughout India.

PUBLIC SERVICE

To weld together all the separate bars into one body of common understanding and common sympathy and common purpose inspired by the spirit of public service is essential to India if justice is to be secured, and law and its administration are to keep pace with the rapid changes of life in our country.

Having regard to the importance of the subject, it is proposed to have a committee consisting of representatives of each of the principal bars associations in India, to consider the matter in all its aspects, and if thought fit, to take steps to bring the Association into existence, thereby beginning a new and useful chapter in the history of the legal profession in India.

COMMITTEE WORK

I beg to invite the Bar Associations in India to nominate one or more representatives to serve on the proposed committee and to communicate their names and addresses, at their earliest convenience, to me. The committee will carry on its work either by correspondence or by a meeting or meetings or in such other manner as may be deemed convenient.

It would not be surprising, if owing to the holidays intervening, and for various other reasons, the Bar Associations, take time to nominate their representatives on the committee. In order therefore, that a beginning may be made, I appeal to members of the legal profession, who sympathise with the ideas set out above, to communicate their views to me.

ASSAULTING A MISTRESS

BOMBAY, Friday.

Before Mr. P. L. Thakker, Presidency Magistrate, Sixth Court, Irannah Laxman, arrested at 2-30 p.m. yesterday on charges of assault and attempted suicide was remanded to police custody until September 10.

The complainant is one Sayamma who was living as mistress of the accused It is reported that the accused suspecting her to be on illicit intimacy with some other person, assaulted her with a knife yesterday afternoon and later on turned the knife on himself.

On receipt of information the police arrived on the scene and removed both to the J. J. Hospital. The complainant had a fracture on the skull and various other stab injuries all over the body, but her condition was reported to be not serious. The accused is detained at hospital for treatment of an incise wound in his throat.

PUBLIC QUESTIONS

Lawyer's Duty To Give Lead

Organisation is not an end in itself, but a means to an end; That end is the development of professional consciousness and the regaining of lost leadership by the profession. Leadership has been lost because of the failure of the profession to discharge its collective responsibility to the public. Leadership in the administration of justice is a great employment, but that alone should not satisfy a profession which be fitted to chart the course of government, and social

Happy With Her Husband

PARSI GIRL AND MUSLIM YOUTH

Wife Denies Father's Allegations Before Magistrate

BOMBAY, Friday.

There was an echo of the recent conversion of a young Parsi girl to Islam and her marriage with a Muslim in the court of Sir H. P. Dastur, Chief Presidency Magistrate on Thursday.

The girl in question is Manijeh, daughter of Mr. Bairamji R. Master, Chief Store Keeper in the Madhavji Dharamsi Mills. In an application filed befoe the Chief Presidency Magstrate the complainant stated that his daughter who was now 21 years old and who was living with him till recently left his house on August 21 and went to stay with a Muslim Allaya alias Elias Haji Moosa, at Kambekar Street.

The complainant alleged that ever since her marriage with Allaya his daughter had been cruelly treated and was confined in a rom in the house of Allaya. When Allaya went out for hawking she was kept locked in a room and a strict watch was kept on her.

GIRL IN COURT.

The complainant requested the court to issue a search warrant for the production of the girl in the court.

The magistrate issued a search warrant and the girl came to the court in the afternoon at about 3 p.m. She was accompanied by her counsel Mr. A. K. Lakhani. The magistrate examined the girl in chamber and it is understood that she denied the allegations contained in the complaint made by her father. She stated that she was happy and wanted to stay with the man whom she had married.

The magistrate ordered that as the girl was of age she could stay wherever she liked.

TEA LABOUR

SIMLA, Sept. 1.

The Select Committee on the Tea Districts Labour Emigration Bill has concluded its discussions after a week's sitting. It is understood that the conclusions of the committee are on the whole on agreed lines and that they lay special emphasis on more liberal compensation for labourers who are repatriated under the provisions of the bill.—A. P.

CHARLIE CHAPLIN AT PATHE CINEMA

Folowing on the success of the "City Lights," Charlie Chaplin is being screened this week at the Pathe Cinema in "The Circus". In many ways this picture is the best that Charlie Chaplin has produced inasmuch as the comedy is absolutely continuous from the very start.

Little can be said about Charlie Chaplin as every one knows that he has no rival. In this picture he finds himself thrown in with a travelling circus and the situations that arise cannot be adequately described. Unintentionally he forms part of the show and the audience will have nothing to do with the real show with the result that the proprietor engages him. The scene with Charlie Chaplin in the lions' cage is remarkably well done and the climax comes when he attempts tight-rope walking.

In addition to this there will also be screened a Mickey Mouse cartoon, Pathe audio Review and Pathe Sound Gazette.

Booking of seats early is advised as there will doubtless be a big rush to see Charlie Chaplin.

SILK SAREES STOLEN

Bombay, Friday.

Shaikh Abdul Rahman Sheikh Ismail, who was arrested at 7 p.m. yesterday on a charge of theft of silk sarees and other articles valued at Rs. 1,000/- was produced before Mr. P. L. Thakkar, Sixth Presidency Magistrate and remanded into police custody until September 9.

The accused was in the employ of one Akbarsi Jafferbhai, residing at Mary Lodge, Hornby Vellard Road. He accompanied his master to Poona in July, where he was discharged. He is alleged to have threatened his master with vengeance for his dismissal.

When Mr. Jafferbhai returned to Bombay on August 27, he found Rs. 1,000/- worth of silk sarees and other articles missing from his residence. He lodged a complaint with the police, who arrested the accused yesterday on suspicion.

Finest "Silk Finish" Varieties

TO SUIT ALL TASTES

Mercerised Poplins, Coat ings, Cord Cloths, Suitings, Sarees, etc., in a host of designs and colours?

Quite an Emporium

of multicoloured designs in different sizes of dainty Teapoy covers, Table covers, Napkins, Towels, Bed covers, Handkerchiefs, fine Dhoties, Sarees, Mulmulls, Nainsooks, Voils, plain Longcloths, Twills, Drills, Satin Ducks, Satin Drills, Shirtings, Sucies, Tapestry and Curtain cloth, etc.

A Visit To Our Shops

will make you realise the quality of the goods. The moment you touch them you will stop buying Silk piece-goods and other goods.

Because,

our goods equal any of the finest fabrics in the class that have been imported in India.

CURRIMBHOY EBRAHIM & SONS, Ltd.

12-14, Outram Road, Fort, Bombay.

Opp: Swadeshi Market, Kalbadevi.

RETAIL SHOP AT:—Bhaskar Mansion, Corner of Sandhurst Road, Azad Bhuvan, Mandvi, Musjid Bunder Road.

AGENTS:—

The Currimbhoy Mills.,
The E. Pabaney Mills.,
The Fazulbhoy Mills.,
The Pearl Mills.,
The Crescent Mills.,
The Kasturchand Mills.,
The Bradbury Mills.,
The Indore Malwa United Mills.,
The Ceylon Spg. & Wvg. Mills. Co., Ltd.,
The Osmanshahi Mills.,

THE CURRIMBHOY GOODS ARE FAMOUS FOR THEIR QUALITY AND DURABILITY AT ECONOMIC PRICES.

LATE MR. HASAN ALI

Tributes To Popular Police Officer

Z. A. B. writes.—

Mr. Shaikh Hasan Ali whose demise is widely regretted was in service for more than 25 years. At the time of his death he held the rank of Inspector in the Criminal Investigation Department, Bombay.

I had known the deceased for the last 15 years. From my personal experience ranging over such a long period, I can assert that his devotion to duty was something) remarkable. In discharging his duty he was always impartial and never allowed his personal feelings to influence his judgment.

He was also the Secretary of the Bawla Orphanage for a number of years. As long as he remained its Secretary, he used to devote a great deal of his time to this institution. When marrying his wards he tried his best to select, as far as possible most suitable husbands for the Orphanage girls.

One thing that I always noticed in Mr. Hasan Ali was that his behaviour to political prisoners and under-trials was always courteous. He never showed that he was in any way harsh or vindictive towards them.

Mr. Hasan Ali had a number of dependants. He always looked to their needs witrout caring for his own conveniences. As a matter of fact he sacrificed his personal feelings for those of others. I know how every month he used to send money to his dependants. Needy students used to come to him for help and sometimes he got monthly stipends for them from rich citizens. But more often he himself used to help them. He possessed a very kind heart, and was ever ready to extend a helping hand to the needy and the sufferers.

He has left behind him a large number of relatives and friends to mourn his loss. The Police Department has also lost in him a man of sterling ability, one possessing an exceptionally high sense of duty. May his soul rest in everlasting peace!

II.

Another correspondent writes:-

With reference to the obituary notice of the late Mr. Hasan Ali, Police Inspector, which appeared in the "Bombay Chronicle" of 18th August. I request that you will kindly allow me to join you in a special tribute to the departed officer. Mr. Hasan Ali was educated at the Deccan College under such stalwart educationists as Dr. F. G. Selby and Prof. Saiyed Sirajuddin. Born in a well-known military family of Poona, he was destined for military career. But, brought up as de was on Burke and Milton and Saadi and Hafiz, he chose to lead a more peaceful life. Accordingly he applied for, and obtained, a post in the Education Deprtment. As a teacher he first made his mark in the Camp Government English School, Poona.

But the Educational Department offered little scope for the exercise of his special gifts, and so he severed his connection with it and secured an appointment in the office of the Inspector General of Police. Mr. M. Kennedy, then Inspector General of Police, was not long in discovering that Mr. Hasan Ali was a young man of great promise. In a couple of years he earned the reputation of being a very painstaking, straightforward, and efficient clerk. It was while working in this office as the Head of a Branch that he first attracted the notice of Sir Patrick (then Mr.) Kelly, who was then Personal Assistant to the Inspector General. Mr. Hasan Ali, was however, soon tired of this quill-driving and longed to do some outdoor work. To this end he applied for a billet in the Police Force of Bombay City and succeeded in securing the post of Sub-Inspector. As vacancies in the higher grades of the service are few and far between and are generally filled by seniority, he had to rest content with this post for a long time and to await his turn for promotion. Meanwhile he applied himself diligently to the study of law and passed with credit the Departmental examination. He was soon rewarded with promotion to the rank of Deputy Inspector. About a couple of years ago he was entrusted with the very onerous and responsible duties of Inspector, C.I.D. In thi scapacity he worked till a few weeks before his premature death.

Mr. Hasan Ali was a man of parts and was endowed with a large share of the qualities of both head and hetrt. He had an immense capacity for taking pains and would bring great intelligence and energy to bear upon whatever work he undertook to do. He was a man of quick judgment and prompt action and possessed initiative and driving power.

LIBERAL MINDED.

But a more lovely aspect of Mr. Hasan Ali's character was seen at its best in another atmosphere. At the end of the day's work, he would return to the peace of the home bearing with good humour. Here he would be surrounded by his wife, daughters, nieces, and their children. His geniality was infectious. There would be a gleam of joy on every face, and he would try to make every one happy. Mr. Hasan Ali was always liberal with his purse. His heart bled specially for the poor and those in distress. No one asked him for help in vain. A number of his poor relatives and needy students were in receipt of monthly allowances. Useful public institutions also received a share of his bounty. The Deccan Muslim Institute of Poona owes its existence in no small measure to the resolute endeavours he had made to give an impetus to Muslim education in the Deccan. I am not giving away a secret when I say that it was through the efforts of Mr. Hasan Ali that about Rs. 5,000 were collected for the benefit of the Ismail College at Andheri. And as a true Muslim he was above communalism.

ASTROLOGY

The biggest and most reliable Astrological Society in India, and the far east with unsolicited testimonials from every part of the world. Free Prospectus on application. Annual Life Reading (monthly information) Rs. 4. Detail and complete Rs. 8. DHANADA (WONDERFUL TALISMAN): Its wearer earns immense wealth with little struggling and attains to long life, good health, fame, son, success in undertakings, prosperity in service and business, etc., Rs. 7-10. Special, giving immediate effects, in gold tube Rs. 29-11. BASHIKARANA TALISMAN: Through the influence of this the wearer gets promotion in service and succeeds in business, Rs. 4-9. Special, giving immediate effects in gold tube Rs. 34-2.

N. B.—If not benefited, money refunded, guarantee supplied.

Prof. B. K. JYOTIRBHUSAN, F.T.S.
(Expd. 30 years).
President—All India Astrological and Astronomical Society.
Head Office:
105 (B), Grey Street, Calcutta.

FOR SAFETY SATISFACTION & SERVICE
INSURE WITH
BHARAT
INSURANCE CO., LTD.
INDIA'S LEADING & OLDEST SWADESHI LIFE OFFICE
—Estd. 1896.—
H|O: BHARAT BUILDINGS—LAHORE.
Branches and Agencies all over INDIA, BURMA, CEYLON, AND B. E. AFRICA.

LOW PREMIUMS
LIBERAL CONDITIONS
ATTRACTIVE SCHEMES
HIGHEST BONUSES.
PROMPT SETTLEMENT.

TOTAL ASSETS Rs. 1 Crore and 45 Lakhs.
FUNDS Rs. 1 Crore and 35 Lakhs.
ANNUAL INCOME 36 Lakhs.
Claims paid Exceed 85 Lakhs

THE COMPANY OF A NATIONALIST FOR NATIONAL SERVICE.
For Prospectus or Agency terms, please apply to:—
V. B. BEHERAY,
Bombay Branch,
York Buildings, Hornby Rd., Bombay.
Messrs. DATTA & CO.
Chief Agents, KARWAR.

LET YOUR
Choice in Toilets be the products of:—
NEEHAR PERFUMERY
CALCUTTA.
"Jesmin Snow" For Beauty & Complexion
"Lily Rose" Powder An Ideal Toilet Powder
"Coco-Canthar"
Perfumed Cocoanut-Oil with Cantharidine Best Hair Tonic
A Trial will convince Y O U of their unrivalled merits
Sole Distributing Agents for:—
Bombay City & Gujarat:—
SWADESHI TOILET AGENCY, Tulsi Buildings, Khetwadi Back Road, Bombay No. 4.
Maharastra & Karnatak:—
REGE BROTHERS, Budhavar Peth, Poona.

EAST AND WEST INSURANCE CO. LTD.
1931 ANOTHER RECORD YEAR
NEW BUSINESS SHOWS AN INCREASE OF 36% OVER 1930.
Increasing Popularity of the Company Evidence of Public Confidence.
ABSOLUTE SECURITY AND COMPLETE PROTECTION TO THE POLICYHOLDERS.
It will pay you to become an Agent of this Progressive Life Office.
For particulars apply to:—THE MANAGER.
(INCORPORATED IN INDIA, 1913)
Head Office: 55, Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

GUARANTEED HARMLESS SCIENTIFIC REMEDIES.
LEPROSY
Nodular, Tubercular, Aenasthetic, Para or mixed is promptly cured by internal and external specifics including those for fumigation and bath for 45 days at Rs. 15 per set. Postage extra.
Mr. P. Veeraswamy, Surveyor, Cocoanada: "I daresay completely cured by yours and yours alone."
Mr. S.R.C. Ayyar, Nagore:—Found your medicine very effective. Dr. G.A. Rao, L.M.P., Pudukottah:—I have advised patient to continue your medicines.
LEUCODERMA
or white patches, due to loss of pigmentation or colouring matter in the blood or any other causes are cured by specifics both internal and external at Rs. 10 per set. Postage extra. Dr. B.M. Misra, L.M.S., in charge, Police Hospital, Puri:—I found good results. B. Singh, Esq., Port Blair:—My son got complete cure. J.L. Proctor, Bombay:—Cured my patches entirely. H.I. Shaik, Esq., Poona:—Spots vanished completely. Captain A.I. Shaik, Shikarpur, Sind:—I have found Leucoderma Specific very useful. Behar Chemical Works, Shree Gauranga Bhavan, Bhagalpur. Tele. Add:—"Chemists," Bhagalpur, or from Thompson and Taylor, Ltd., Bombay and D. Macedo & Co., Poona.

TILES & MARBLE MERCHANTS SAJAN & Co FORT-BOMBAY

ZENITH

The Better Watch
Acknowledged Supreme the World over.
Write for new Catalogue
FAVRE LEUBA & CO., LTD.
Hornby Road, BOMBAY.
Branch at Calcutta.

GROWING ANXIETY IN EUROPE

France On The Watch Tower

DESIRE TO PLEASE GERMANY

Brig.-Gen. E. L. Spears writes in the "Daily Telegraph":

The Englishman visiting France to-day cannot help noting with satisfaction the excellent effect a better understanding with Great Britain has had in that country.

Opinion is viewing with far greater serenity than would have been possible a few months ago a situation which in itself cannot but be regarded as grave.

Quite apart from the fact that a serious financial crisis in France itself is anticipated this winter, the known difficulties of several southeastern European countries add to the gloom. What will happen when these countries apply to their usual sources of credit and find their demands refused, as they undoubtedly and inevitably will be, is hard to say.

Germany's well-wishers in this country—and there are none who wish her ill here—cannot but share to some extent at least the disquietude of the French. The broad hints conveyed in some quarters that the return of the Hohenzollerns is a quite possible contingency are not encouraging to those who have worked hard for peace.

Nor can those who believe in open diplomacy have welcomed Germany's somewhat disingenuous suggestions to one at least of her neighbours of an understanding bearing a close resemblance to a military alliance.

But to return to France. The Frenchman reading his daily paper notes with disquiet the murderous zest with which political parties deal with each other in the Reich. He reflects that people who think so little of a score or so of killed as the price of an afternoon's promenade behind a flag are likely to have less consideration still for people who are not their fellow-citizens, and perforce he is reminded of the war he would fain forget.

SCHLEICHER'S NOTE.

But if these manifestations arouse disquiet, authoritative declarations such as that recently made by Gen. von Schleicher cause positive alarm.

That Minister has done more than send a tremor down the spine of a worried bourgeoisie; he has caused real anxiety amongst thinking and influential Frenchmen, and discouraged those who were prepared to follow up the success of the Lausanne Conference by further efforts to satisfy in the future those of Germany's claims which can be classified as legitimate.

This is all the more unfortunate because Herr von Papen and his Government made a far better impression at Lausanne than many had thought possible. The urbanity and good manners of the German Chancellor and of his collaborators impressed favourably those who came in contact with them. Their ultimate aims were not ignored, but it was thought that, being men of sense and understanding they would not precipitate a situation disastrous to their country as well as to Europe as a whole.

These conclusions, which were largely the result of a determination on the part of influential French opinion to look on the best side of things, have been considerably shaken in recent days. Many who had real hopes that France's efforts to meet Germany's point of view in regard to Reparations, and to draw her into the orbit of the Western world had been appreciated, are very disappointed and fearful as to coming events across the Rhine.

Many enlightened Frenchmen are prepared to admit that certain phases of French post-war policy are largely to blame for the present state of affairs in Germany, but they point out, in fairness to their own country, that the unbridled violence of some German political leaders, and the reckless incitement to hatred and vengeance carried on by a section of the German Press have done immeasurable harm to the cause of peace and good will.

Indeed, some of these utterances make one wonder whether those who have been so intent on prohibiting the manufacture of poison gas at Geneva would not have been better employed curbing this flow of far more dangerous print.

That Germany should be disappointed at the result of the Disarmament Conference is natural. That ill-disguised fiasco has dashed many perhaps over-optimistic aspirations, but in French eyes this can hardly be expected to justify Gen. von Schleicher, a responsible Minister, in declaring in effect that Germany would, if need be, tear up the clauses relating to her disarmament in the Treaty of Versailles.

PERIOD OF PROBATION

Unilateral repudiation of treaty obligations will not be tolerated, nor can such claims in the end serve to forward that absolute equality which Germany is very naturally striving for.

Gen. von Schleicher's speech and other recent declarations of influential and important Germans are beginning to convince many people that the more Germany obtains the more she will ask for. It would be a pity if that suspicion developed into a conviction, for nothing could in the end be more unfortunate for Germany herself.

Everyone in France realises that when Germany was admitted to the League of Nations this meant that she must ultimately be allowed to stand on a footing of absolute equality with her co-members. But the dawn of that happy day must obviously depend largely upon when France feels safe enough to forgo the restrictions imposed upon Germany by the Treaty of Versailles, and it must be admitted that nothing has happened since the era of concessions to Germany has been entered upon to increase France's sense of security.

Germany is entitled to expect that, like a man coming-of-age, she should on attaining her majority enter upon the full rights of a citizen. That majority was reached in principle when she became a world citizen and joined the League of Nations; but she can hardly wonder that a period of probation should be expected of her.

Nothing that has happened in the past, however, ought to deter other nations from doing her justice and removing, in so far as they can, her legitimate grievances.

The most crying of these is undoubtedly the Polish Corridor, which divides East Prussia from the remainder of Germany.

It is a bitter hardship, and one calculated to keep hatred alive, that Germans, going from one part of their country to another, should have to cross foreign territory and be submitted to Polish Customs examinations.

THE CORRIDOR.

The problem seems well-nigh insoluble, since Poland is undoubtedly entitled to have access to the sea, and, in spite of what Germany may say, the Corridor is and has been populated by a Polish majority for centuries.

To an impossible problem a crazy solution. In all seriousness I suggest that an absolutely fair arrangement might be provided by a double system of bridges and tunnels.

Let the Germans have a strip of territory which would be German connecting East Prussia with Germany. The railways and roads crossing it would be as free from foreign interference as those in any other part of Germany. Under this strip, however, the Poles could bore a certain agreed number of tunnels, so that their communications would be in no way interrupted. If bridges were preferred they would serve the same purpose.

At another point the process would be reversed. Here the Germans would have access to East Prussia either by bridges or tunnels.

Since the Corridor is at present entirely Polish, it is evident that this suggestion demands a considerable sacrifice on her part. But it does not affect the vital issue of her free access to the sea. Such a concession, if freely accepted by Germany, might seem to Poland worth making for the sake of having a well-disposed instead of a dangerously antagonistic neighbour such as Germany is to-day.

Furthermore, Poland must be well aware that she can hardly rely upon help even from her best friends unless she has done everything within hr power to avoid a conflict.

It is perhaps worth while trying out this suggestion.

"A VERY PAINFUL WOUND."

Germany may appreciate a genuine endeavour to assuage a very painful wound. France will no doubt be prepared to welcome any step likely to calm German opinion and ensure better relations between Germany and Poland in the future. With a fair knowledge of French opinion I feel certain that the growing alarm France undoubtedly feels to-day is being forced upon her much against her will.

She made great concessions at Lausanne; her people by their votes at the last election showed their pacific desires. Let us see that that good will is not wasted and allowed to turn sour, and that Germany is given a chance of showing that she, too, is capable, in the late M. Briand's words, of "talking European."

STOLE TO GET MARRIED

—:o:—

Electric Mistry Commits Crime To Meet Demands Of Father-in-law

—:o:—

Before the Chief Presidency Magistrate of Calcutta, Sitanath Biswas, an electric mistry, was prosecuted on a charge of criminal breach of trust in respect of four electric fans valued at about Rs. 200.

Biswas pleaded guilty to the charge and was detained till the rising of the court and fined Rs. 200, in default to suffer six months' rigorous imprisonment.

He stated in court that he was asked by his would-be father-in-law to raise Rs. 60 before he would permit Biswas to marry his daughter. Accordingly, Biswas obtained four fans on hire from a local firm and sold them to a shop keeper in Wellington Street for Rs. 60 only and handed over the amount to the father of the girl.

Next day the marriage was celebrated but a week later Biswas was arrested by the police and sent up for trial.

BRILLIANT WHITE METEORITE

—:o:—

"Like A Great Lamp"

CHIPSTEAD, (By Mail).

A brilliant white meteorite, or "shooting star," with a long yellow tail, was reported by local residents to have passed over Chipstead recently.

Mr. A. W. Dods said that he saw it at 9-35 while out for an evening stroll with his wife.

"It was like a great white electric lamp," he said, "and it was much more brilliant and luminous than any shooting star I have ever seen in England or in the East.

"It travelled slowly from east to west across a large section of the exceptionally clear sky, and then it seemed to drop down before disappearing."

Mr. Walter G. Bell writes:—

Meteorites are more common later in the year. This was probably a stray one. From time to time exceptionally large meteorites are reported. From the above description this one appears to have been unusually brilliant. They are small particles travelling in space, which at times enter the earth's atmosphere at great speed and by friction become luminous and are rapidly dissolved into vapour.

The entire phenomena of a shooting star from its first appearance rarely last more than one or two seconds.

AEROPLANES FOR SOWING SEEDS

"We must consider the technique of agriculture from an entirely new stand-point," Professor Tulaikov solemnly declares to his students of the Soviet Agricultural Academy; and without further ado his students set out to sow their seeds by airplane and dirigible.

Next year, whole fleet of 'planes will be operating over Russian fields, starting with the southernmost regions of the Soviet territory and working northward as spring advances. Experiments have already demonstrated the practicability of this new newest of Soviet plans, and it is related:

"A hectre (2-1/2 acres) can be sprinkled with seed in less than a minute. The harvest yield in the rice fields increased after the air sowings, and this year the rice area which will be sown in this way will amount to 7,000 hectares.

"Speed in sowing is very important in the arid regions of South eastern Russia and Russian Central Asia, which habitually suffer from insufficient rainfall.

"It is calculated by some agricultural experts that in regions which are subject to drought, the saving of four or five days during the spring planting may mean an increase of 15 or 20 per cent in the harvest yield. In the case of flax airplane sowing may open up the possibility of gathering two harvests in the same year.

"A main disadvantage of air sowing lies in the fact that it has thus far proved impossible to distribute seed with requisite evenness. Until this can be remedied air sowing is recommended primarily for crops like rice, where the handplanting is very laborious; or like clover, timothy, and some other feed plants, which require relatively thin-seeding."

Lack of Calcium causes Weakness

Build up your Strength with KALZANA— the Calcium Food
Calcium is the mortar of your health, the element that gives your body the power of resistance. Any real lack of this vital element will make your body "shaky," and spoil your health.
A few typical symptoms of too little calcium in the body are: susceptibility to colds, skin troubles, weak and decayed teeth, hair falling out, acidity, rickets and many other common minor ailments. Indeed, innumerable ailments are caused by calcium deficiency. Kalzana, the scientific calcium food supplies this much needed element in the most easily absorbed form.
Kalzana removes the root cause of so many such complaints. It strengthens the body and the heart. It gives a new power of resistance and a new feeling of health and vitality. Kalzana will improve the health of mother and child, of man and boy. It is a calcium food and contains no drugs, so that it is absolutely harmless. Kalzana must do you good.
Kalzana
THE CALCIUM FOOD
At all Chemists & Bazars.

QUALITY IS CHEAP
though cheap quality is dear. This is why it is better to ask for
MERCKOZONE
and see that you get it, rather than be content with any nameless brand of Peroxide of Hydrogen.
For First aid work, for disinfecting and sterilising wounds; for all surgical purposes, for sore throats, for ear troubles, for the toilet, for the household you want THE BEST and in
MERCKOZONE
you get the best you can possibly want
INSIST ON MERCKOZONE
from all Chemist and Stores
In 4 oz. 10 oz. and 20 oz. PATENT BOTTLES.
MADE ONLY BY
E. MERCK, DARMSTADT, GERMANY.
B.C.2

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA
BANKERS TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

Authorised Capital	Rs.	11,25,00,000
Paid-up Capital	Rs.	5,62,50,000
Reserve Fund	Rs.	5,15,00,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	Rs.	5,62,50,000

BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED ON TERMS WHICH MAY BE ASCERTAINED ON APPLICATION AT ANY OFFICE.
BRANCHES THROUGHOUT INDIA AND BURMA.
BOMBAY LOCAL HEAD OFFICE:—APOLLO STREET.
Local Branches:—Byculla, Mandvi and Sandhurst Road.

AMERICAN COTTON MARKETS

Urgent Liquidation In Cotton Appears Over

NERVOUS UNDERTONE

Bombay, Sept. 2.

The New York cotton futures market early advanced yesterday on higher Liverpool advices but reacted later on bulls unloading and Southern selling. The market opened at a rise of 7 points on higher Liverpool advices and a further improvement of 6 points was registered on scattered buying. This level proved to be the highest for the day as there was increased selling pressure. There was nervous long liquidation which in conjunction with Southern hedge selling imported weakness. Prices declined 25 points from the highest level and closed at a net decline at 8 to 12 points. Spot cotton prices declined 10 points at 8.30c.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet and closed at a decline of 7 points. Spot cotton prices closed at a further loss of 5 points at 8.15c.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a decline of 23 points. Hedge selling and liquidation was well taken by fresh buying orders. Crop reports stated continuance of excessive heat. Later prices ruled steady. Lancashire strike news was dampening the sentiment. The market firmed up on good New York advices and later receded on easier American advices. The market closed easy at a decline of 39 to 40 points. Middling American spot cotton prices declined 22 points at 6.50d.

East Indian cotton futures ruled easy and closed at a decline of 31 points. Egyptian cotton futures lost 40 to 42 points.

The Alexandria cotton futures market was weak on heavy long liquidation and closed at a decline of 52 to 34 points.

WEEKLY WEATHER REPORT

The official weather report, issued on 31st Aug., states that in the Cotton belt temperature generally was higher. Rainfall was less frequent than in recent weeks. This is somewhat more favourable for cotton. In the important producing sections it is reported a continuation of poor to fair progress but considerable complaints of shedding.

CROP IMPROVES.

Messrs. Thos. Smith & Co. state:—

Further liquidation checked trade buying. Advices from American state there is a slight improvement in crop conditions and the recent loan of 50 million dollars the Reconstruction Finance Corporation to the Farm Board and Co-operative Societies has upset trade interests.

We prefer moderate purchases on all setbacks.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. October Highest 8-45 (10-6 a.m.); Lowest 8.20 (2-56 p.m.)

Messrs. Anderson, Clayton & Co. have received the following review of the past week from their New York office:—

"Nervous market. Main influence is September Government estimate which general opinion makes under last month, though wide differences in views. Offerings increasing. Basis high. Trade fair buyers contracts and actual cotton. Domestic demand good, Continent steady. England and Orient light. Indications are Americans will meet stronger competition from increased yield foreign growths. Domestic cotton goods turnover, recently heavy, less active now."

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta & Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool.—Decline due Japanese selling and considerable profit taking inufluenced by larger private crop estimates than anticipated.

New York.—India Farm Board cotton being refinanced through Reconstruction Corporation not well taken by bulls who want this cotton disposed of causes liquidation.

New York.—Opened higher owing to Liverpool cables better than expected. Liverpool, Wall Street, Speculative and trade buying. Forecast light showers. Declined during the forenoon on Japanese and Southern selling. Liquidation. Very nervous. Scalpers market. No new features of importance. Cotton goods market—yarn market—moderate business doing since sharp decline cotton.

Messrs. Drennan Co. have received the following cables:—

Messrs. E. J. Schwabach Co., New York:

Cotton, basis strong, liquidation by longs has become smaller, hedging is only moderate, reaction may go further, but think next important move will be upward.

Messrs. Orvis Bros. New York:

"Believe liquidation about completed, expect higher before reoprt, deterioration continuing.

Messrs. J. H. Springman & Co., Liverpool:

Market very weak in sympathy with New York, market heavy under renewed liquidation, in consequence of tendency to increase crop estimates East of Mississippi.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables:—

9-14 a.m.:—Excessive heat continues in the Eastern belt. Light to moderate rainfall in the Central belt and Texas. More rain is expected. Heavy storm in the lower border of Mississippi and West Florida Coast.

11-00 a.m.—Tropical storm entering Alabama.

11-21 a.m.—Further long liquidation on weakness of New York.

12-47 p.m.—Between midnight and daylight heavy rains in West Texas, light rains in Oklahoma.

4.03 p.m. New York Cables:—Urgent liquidation appears over, trade good buyer on decline, anticipate irregular market until Bureau, Southern selling limited on decline.

8-54 p.m.: New York:—Liquidation offset by new buying. Nervous tone.

Another of their Liverpool friends cabled as under:—

"Market well liquidated. Think it a good time to buy around present level."

The Journal of Commerce, New York, estimate condition 59.5 p.c Crop, 11,924,000 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Sept. 1.

October	8.24—03
December	8.39—11
January, 1933	8.47—10
March, 1933	8.60—12
Middling Spot	8.30—10

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Sept. 1.

October	8.25—07
December	8.42—07
Middling Spot	8.15—05

New York, 10-55 A. M.:—
(As known in Liverpool at closing time.)

October	8.24
January	8.47
March	8.60

New York, Noon Call:—

October	8.33
January	8.59
March	8.73

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, Sept. 1.

	Bales
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	17,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	2,000
Day's Exports to the Continent	21,000

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Sept. 1.

Sakellaridis, October	8.36
November	8.42
December	8.49
January, 1933	8.53
March, 1933	8.63
May, 1933	8.73
July	8.83
F. G. F. Spot	8.70

INDIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Sept. 1.

Broach, Fully Good, (Good Staple)	6.03
Broach, Fine, (Good Staple)	6.15
Broach, Superfine, (Good Staple)	6.27
C. P. Oomra, Good, (No. 1 Staple)	6.14
Oomra Superfine, (No. 1 Staple)	6.29
Oomra Choice, (No. 1 Staple)	6.44
Bengal, Good	5.21
Bengal, Fully Good	5.31
Bengal Fine	5.41
Scinde, Fully Good	5.31
Scinde, Fine	5.41
Scinde Superfine	5.51

LONDON SILVER.

London, Sept. 1.

Silver.—Market is steady.

Spot	18-7/16
Forward	18-1/2

LONDON GOLD.

Bar Gold Fine per oz. £5/18/11

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, Sept. 1.

Interest Day to Day Loan	3/4 p.c.
Interest 7 Days' Market Loan	3/4 p.c.
Bank Bills 3 months	1-39/64 p.c.
Bank Bills 6 months	1-53/64 p.c.
Fine Trade Bills 3 months	2-1/2 p.c.
Fine Trade Bills 6 months	2-3/4 p.c.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Sept. 1.

T T London on Berlin	14.58
T T London on Amsterdam	8.62
T T London on Brussels	25.01
T T London on Madrid	43.03
T T London on Milan	67.56
T T London on Berne	17.87
T T London on Paris	88.46
T T London on Prague	117.12
T T London on New York (Closing Rate)	3.46-7/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Sept. 1.

	£
Chartered Bank of I. A. & C.	13-3/8
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank London Register	114
P. & O. Banking Corporation	7
National Bank of India	40-1/2
Funding Loan 4 p.c.	108-5/8
Conversion Loan 3½ p.c.	98-1/8
Rupee Paper 3½ p.c.	51
Indian Stock 3 p.c. Sterling Loan	68
Indian Stock 3 p.c. Sterling Loan	79
Indian Stock 4½ p. c. Sterling Loan	101-1/2
Consols 2½ p.c.	72-1/2
War Loan 5 p.c.	102
Victory Bonds 4 p.c.	105-7/8

LONDON METAL.

London, Sept. 1.

	£
Copper Braziers	45-1/4
Yellow Metal	38-1/2
Spelter Hard Indian Brands	4-3/4
Corrugate Sheets 24 Gauge	9-1/4
Tin English Ingot	150

NEW YORK DEMAND BILLS.

New Rork, Sept. 1.

Demand Bills	3.46-5/8

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, Sept. 1.

London, Sept. 1.

Cottonseed Bombay Hull ton: No offers.

Castorseed Bombay Hull ton: 212-7-6 Sept|Oct. Sellers.

Rapeseed Torio. Hill Continent: 211-7-6 Sept|Oct. Sellers.

LINSEED.

London, Sept. 1.

Linseed Calcutta (Loncn) ton: 10-17-6 Sept|Oct. Sellers.

Linseed La Plata, c i f Hull ton: 8-15-0 Sept. Sellers.

Linseed Bombay (London) ton: 211-10-0 Sept|Oct. Nominal.

LINSEED OIL.

London, Sept. 1.

Linseed Oil Naked London cwt.: 15|9 Sept|Dec. Sellers.

Linseed Oil naked London cwt.: 16|9 Jan|April Sellers.

NEW YORK SUGAR

New York, Sept. 1.

Technical position December Sugar appears easier. Would accept partial profit temporarily.

September 1.09;
December 1.13;
March 1.09.

AMERICAN COTTON BELT

Daily Weather Report

EAST:—Temperatures ranged from 70 to 102 degrees. Weather was in parts clear and in parts cloudy. Rainfall in Jacksoneville 1/5 inch.

CENTRAL:—Temperatures ranged from 72 to 98 degrees. Weather was mostly clear.

WEST:—Temperatures were from 54 to 94 degrees. Weather was clear in parts and cloudy in parts. Chief falls were:—Abilene 1/10 and San Antonio 3/10 inch.

COTTON STRADDLES

Approximate Differences

New York-Liverpool:—Oct. 408: Jany. 387; March 380.

Bombay-Liverpool:—Broach A/-May 242—Liverpool May (6.25) Rs. 30-1/4 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay-New York:—Broach A.-May 242—New York May (8.71) Rs. 37-1/4 at 3.46-5/8 Cross Rate.

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET.

London, September 1.

Java Sugar, Fine White Dutch Dutch Standard, No. 25 c and f Calcutta, Sept. |Nov. per cwt. 8|0-3|4 sellers.

C. and F. Bombay Sep. |Nov per cwt. 8|1-1|4 sellers.

C. and F. Karachi, Sept. |Nov. per cwt. 8|1-1|4 sellers.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

TAXABLES.

Bombay, Sept. 2.

	Rs.
3½ p.c. G.P. Notes	68-8
4 p.c. 1931/36 Conv.	96-10
4 p.c. 1934/37 Loan	95-8
4 p.c. 1960/70 Loan	79-0
4½ p.c. 1934 Bonds	99-12
4½ p.c. 1955/60 Loan	90-0
5 p.c. 1929/47 Loan	98-10
5 p.c. 1939/44 Loan	98-14
5 p.c. 1940/43 Loan	98-10
5 p.c. 1935 Bonds	100-6
5½ p.c. 1938/40 Loan	102-6
6 p.c. 1933/36 Bonds	101-10
6½ p.c. 1935 T. Bonds	104-8

TAX FREES.

	Rs.
5 p.c. 1945/55 Loan	104-13
5 p.c. 1933 Bonds	101-5
6 p.c. 1932 Bonds	100-3
6½ p.c. 1935 B.D.L.	105-9

STATE LOANS.

	Rs.
5½ p.c. 1935 Mysore	103-3
5 p.c. 1955 Mysore	102-8

CORPORATION LOANS. TAXABLES.

	Rs.
4 p.c. B.P.T. 1974	74-0
4 p.c. M. Deb. 1974	73-4
5 p.c. M. Deb. 1956	88-8
6 p.c. M. Deb. 1954	103-0
6 p.c. K.P.T. 1956	102-12
6½ p.c. I.T. 1937	103-10

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. 2-9-1932:—

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —.093 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 79.9 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 78.2 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 90.2 degrees (5.1 above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 75.2 degrees (0.4 below normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 92 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. E.N.E.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 4 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 117 miles.

Velocity of baximum gust of wind during 24 hours 17 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky sloudy eq. 10) 9.

Rainfall in 24 hours 1.40 inches.

Total rainfall during the month 1.40 inches.

Total rainfall during the year 54.85 inches.

Weather Remarks:—Thunderstorm.

BOMBAY CITY RAINFALL

Bombay, Sept. 2.

Rainfall during 24 hours 8 a.m. of date 2-9-32. Colaba Point 1.40 in., Fort, 1.30 in., J J Hospital 1.28 in.

Total since 1st June to date. Colaba Point 54.28 in. Fort 61.21 in. J J Hospital 57.66 in.

Total for the corresponding periodng of 1930. Colaba Point 43.69 in. Fort 50.17 in., J J Hospital 47.56 in.

Total for the corresponding period of 1931. Colaba Point 77.48 in., Fort 85.54 in., J J Hospital 79.07 in.

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, Sept. 2.

B. C. Rate T. T. 1/6 1/16
B. C. Rate D. D. 1/6 1/16
LONDON:—
Banks Selling T. T. 1/6 3/32 November.
Banks Selling D. D. 1/6 3/32.
Banks Selling T. T. 1/6 1/16 Dec./Jany.
Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 5/32
Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/16
Banks Buying 3 Months 1/6 1/4 Sept./December.
Banks Buying 3 Months 1/6 7/32 January/February.
NEW YORK:—
B. C. Rate T. T. 383
Banks Selling T. T. 382
Banks Buying T. T. 380
PARIS:—
Banks Selling D. D. 662
Banks Buying D. D. 682
AMSTERDAM:—
Banks Selling D. D. 64 3/4
JAPAN:—
Banks Selling T. T. 87
Banks Buying 60 Days 83
HONGKONG:—
Banks Selling D. D. 92 1-8
SHANGHAI:—
Banks Selling D. D. 120
SINGAPORE:—
Banks Selling D. D. 154 7/3
JAVA:—
Banks Selling D. D. 65
CROSS RATE:—
New York/London 3.46 3/4 1st instant.
Shanghai/London 1/9 7/16 2nd instant.
Japan/London 1/3 5/8 1st instant.
London/Paris 88.35 1st instant.
London/Belgium 24.95 1st instant.
London/Switzerland 17.85 1st instant.
London/Italy 67.50 1st instant.
London/Berlin 14.56 1st instant.
London/Holland 8.61 1st instant.
London/Stockholm 19.48 1st instant.
London/New York 3.46 7/8 1st instant.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.
Gold £5-18-10 31st ulto. £5-18-11 1st instant.
Silver London Ready 18 7/16 31st ulto.; 18 7/16 1st instant.
Silver London Forward 18 1/2 31st ulto; 18 1/3 1st instant.
Silver New York Ready 28 7/8 31st ulto.; 28 5/8 1st instant.
London Discounts 3 Months 23/32 per cent. 31st ulto.; 23/32 per cent. 1st instant.
London Discounts 6 Months 1 5/32 per cent. 31st ulto.; 1 5/32 per cent. 1st instant.
Imperial Bank Rate 4 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1 3/4 per cent 3 Months 2 per cent.; 6 Month 2 1/2 per cent.
Tone:—Steady.

GOLD & SILVER

—:o:—

Bombay, Sept. 2.

Ready Silver 56-10-0.
Bhadarva delivery 56-14-6.
Aso delivery 57-4-6.
Sovereigns 18-7-0.
Bar gold 29-4-0.
Tone—Quiet.

WHEAT—BALTIC EXCHANGE.

London, September 1.

Rozario Santa Fe, per 64 lb. Cargoes 27 Sep.|Oct. sellers.

Barletta Russo, per 64 lb. Cargoes 26|9 Sep.|Oct. sellers.

Wheat South Australian Parcels. 28|6 Sep. paid.

Wheat Choice White Karachi Parcels No offers.

LONDON RUBBER.

London, Sept. 1.

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed lb. Spot: 2-15|16 Sellers.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, Sept. 1.

10-10 a. m. To-day's quotations Price

August 1932	
September 1932	6.15—.40
October 1932	6.33 6.16—.40
November 1932	6.15—.40
December 1932	6.16—.39
January 1933	6.32 6.17—.39
February 1933	6.18—.40
March 1933	6.37 6.20—.40
April 1933	6.22—.40
May 1933	6.43 6.25—.39
June 1933	6.27—.39
July 1933	6.45 6.29—.39
August 1933	6.30—.39
September 1933	6.31—.39
Middling Spot	6.50—.22

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURN.

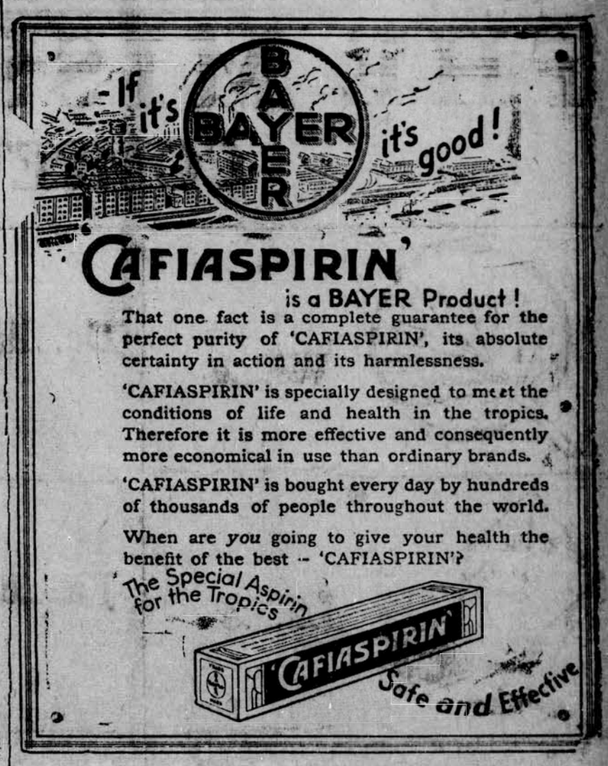
LONDON, September 1.

	This week. £
Total bullion	£139 800 000
Public Deposits	20 700 000
Other Deposits	115 000 000
Government Securities	73 100 000
Other Securities	31 200 000
Notes and coin	49 500 000
Notes in circulation	365 300 000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities	36.49 p.c.

COFFEE—NEW YORK MARKET.

New York, September 1.

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) Spot 8-3|4.


If it's BAYER it's good!
CAFIASPIRIN
is a BAYER Product!
That one fact is a complete guarantee for the perfect purity of 'CAFIASPIRIN', its absolute certainty in action and its harmlessness.
'CAFIASPIRIN' is specially designed to meet the conditions of life and health in the tropics. Therefore it is more effective and consequently more economical in use than ordinary brands.
'CAFIASPIRIN' is bought every day by hundreds of thousands of people throughout the world.
When are you going to give your health the benefit of the best — 'CAFIASPIRIN'?
The Special Aspirin for the Tropics
CAFIASPIRIN
Safe and Effective

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Lower Prices Induce Covering In Mill Shares

TATA POWER AND TRAMS STEADY

Bombay, Sept. 2.

The Share Market was open for one hour only to-day on account of the death of a member of the Stock Exchange.

Mill Shares ruled quiet and prices declined on long liquidation but later on there was partial recovery on short covering Closing prices compared with the previous close, show a net decline of Rs. 2/8 to Rs. 7/-.

It appears that the effect of the protection granted to the textile industry is now discounted, and

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Sept. 2.

Bombay Dyeing 687; 85; 88.
Century 217; 19; 18.
Colaba 71.
Crescent 47.
Fazul 285; 88; 87.
Indore 353; 52.
Madhowji 7.
Nagpur 287; 90.
New Great 128; 25; 26.
Pearl 157; 53.
Simplex N, 50.
Swadeshi 221; 19
Burma 370; 68; 72.
Hydro 128-7; 128-8.
Tram 106.; 9 7-13.
Deff. 222.
Ord. 24-6; 10; 8; 14.
Bundi 14.
Indian 181; 78; 75.
Katni Ord. 153; 51-14.
Alcock 120.

there exists and undercurrent of easier feeling. There is less disposition to buy cotton prices have declined and the demand for cloth is unsatisfactory as prices have been raised.

In the miscellaneous section there was good enquiry for Tata Power Shares which ruled firm while Tram Shares were also steady and closed at a small improvement compared with last closing prices.

TEXTILE SECTION

Ahmedabad Advance	295-0
Apollo Mills	0-12
Bombay Dyeing	688/2
Century	213/12
Central India	290
Colaba Land	71/4
Crescent	47/8
Dawn Mills	485
E. D. Sassoon	0-3½
Elphinstone	1-8
Ebrahim Pabaney	85
Edward Sassoon	20-0
Finlay	70
Fazulbhoy	287/8
Gokak	110/10
Hindustan	1460
Indian Manufg.	1262/8
Indian Bleaching	143/12
Indore Malwa	352/8
Kastoorchand	6/3
Khatau	38-12
Kohinoor	140
Lakshmi	925
Morarjee	400
Madhavjee	7/6
Modol Nagpore	60-0
Mysore	105-0
New City	43-12
New Great	131/4
Pearl	153/12
Phoenix	285
Premier	1-0
Sholapur	1910
Sholapur Deb. (94 F.P.)	93-8
Sassoon Silk	45
Swan	85-0
Simplex	50
Swadeshi	219/6
Tata Mills	15-0
Vishnu	1430
HYDRO & ELECTRIC SECTION.	
Ahmedabad Electric	122-8
Andhra Valley Ord.	1030
Andhra Valley Pref.	1061/4
Bombay Tram Ordy.	107/13
Tata Hydro Ordy	128/7
Broach Electric	7-6
Karachi Electric	150-0
Surat Electric	117-8
Suburban Electric	100-0
Tata Power Ordy.	690
Tata Hydro Pref.	107-8
Tata 8 p.c. Deb.	107/4
Tata Power Ord.	690
Tata Power Pref.	1203/12
MISCELLANEOUS SECTION.	
Alcock Ashdown	120
Br. Burma Petrol	3
Bombay Burma Old	372/8
Bombay Burma New	130/10
Bombay Steamer	208/6
Bombay Telephone	54/8
Bombay 6½ p.c. Deb.	52/14
Bellapur Sugar	125
Indian Radio Ordy.	250
Indian Radio Def.	240-0
Indian Mercantile	29/12
McKenzies	60-0
New India Assurance	18|10
Jupiter Insurance	6-2
Oriental Insurance	1945
Vulcan Insurance	5-2
Port Canning	660-0
Scindia Steam	6/14
Tata Construction	43/8
Tata Iron and S. Ordy.	24/14
Tata Iron & S Def.	222/8
Tata 1st Pref	117/8
Tata 2nd Pref.	39/12
Tata Oil	17/8
RAILWAY SECTION.	
Ahmedabad Prantej	625
Amritsar Patti Ord.	91
Dhond Bharamati	74-8
Gujarat	49
Hoshiarpur Doab	68
Larkhana	76-0
Mandra Bhon	54-8
Mymensing Rebate	66
Mymensing Gtd.	63-0
Pachora Jamner	52-8
Sara Sirajgunj	67
Sialkot Narowall	72
Sind Light	46-0
Tati Balley	600
Upper Sind Light	64-0
BANK SECTION.	
Bank of India	90
Baroda Bank	72-0
Bombay Provincial	53
Cenral Bank	15-12
Eastern Bank	58/8
Imperial P.P.	287/8
Imperial P. P.	287/8
Union Bank	3/6
CEMENT SECTION.	
Bundi Cement	14
Gwallor Cement	51
Indian Cement	175/10
Katni Cement Ordy.	151/4
Katni Cement Def.	530
Punjab Cement Ordy.	8/4
Shahabad Cement	195
Shivrajpur	17/2
United Cement	72-0

LONDON SILVER REVIEW.

LONDON, September 1.

Messrs. Mocatta and Goldsmid report:—Indian buying has been mainly responsible for the rise during the week under review. China, being a small seller. Buying by American speculators appears to have eased off considerably and sales have been made from that quarter. There have been some Continental purchases but business has not been on a particularly large scale.—Reuter.

THE BOMBAY AMATEUR DRAMATIC CLUB

PRESENT

HAWK ISLAND

A "THRILLER" IN 3 ACTS

BY

HOWARD IRVING YOUNG

AT THE

OPERA HOUSE

Saturday, 27th August
Tuesday, 30th "
Wednesday, 31st "
Thursday, 1st September
Saturday, 3rd "
AT 9-30 P.M.

MATINEE

Saturday, 3rd September
AT 6-0 P.M.

BOX OFFICE & PLAN AT S. ROSE & CO.

Dr. BURMAN, Hydrocele Expert,
(Balaji Rd., SURAT.)
RADICALLY CURES
HYDROCELE
WITHOUT OPERATION
In 15 minutes at one sitting, In BOMBAY From:—
2nd September to 9th Sept.
—Consultation Fee Rs. 5/-
Add:— Golpitha, Hararwala Building.

The fool says, any old thing will do. The wise man says, I want,

THE BEST.

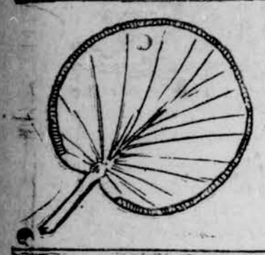
So be wise and buy a bottle of

LITTLE'S ORIENTAL BALM.

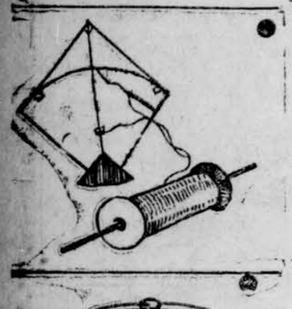
India's first and and best, the balm for all aches and pains.

THE MISSING LETTER COMPETITION

Second Series



Wi...e

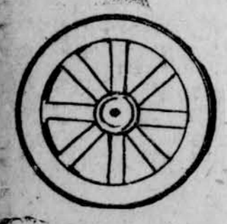


La...e

Ad....ust

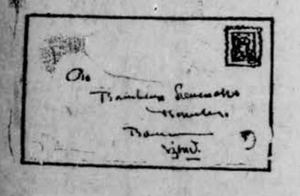
Ri....e

Ha....k



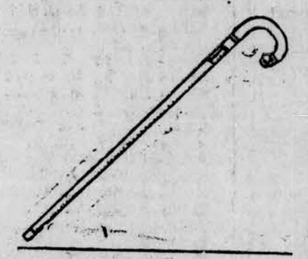
Je....el

Ro....k



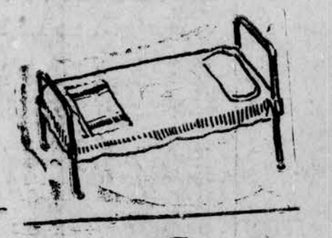
Me...ting

De....k



Fa....e

Bom....ay

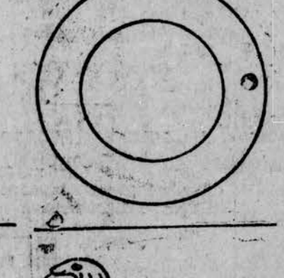


Fe....s

....alf

Ro....e

Poli....e



Ba....e

FIRST PRIZE Rs. 1,200

SECOND PRIZE Rs. 200

THIRD PRIZE Rs. 100

and

Twenty Consolation Prizes

Here is a simple and yet intelligent and interesting competition. Act now and you may win Rs. 1,200 for annas EIGHT only. You have merely to find out what each picture represents.

RULES AND CONDITIONS

1. **Sixteen words are given with ONE LETTER of each word missing. The 16 pictures represent 16 objects. All you have to do is, to find out the names of these objects. The first letter in the word representing the name of the object will be the letter that you find missing in the word.**
2. **SOLUTION FOR YOUR GUIDANCE: — The First Picture represents a FAN. The first letter of F of FAN when applied to the first word gives WIFE. Similarly the second picture represents a KITE, and K applied to the second word gives LAKE.**
3. After you have filled in your Form, write your name and full address clearly in the Coupon. Then cut out the Coupon and enclose EIGHT ANNAS in 'QUARTER-ANNA' or 'HALF-ANNA' Stamps as Entrance Fee.

4. Address your Entries to:—

THE COMPETITION MANAGER,

THE MISSING LETTER COMPETITION,

Post Box No. 706, BOMBAY.

Local residents may, if they choose enclose 8 Annas in coin instead of stamps and hand in their Entries at the Competition Counter in the Offices of the "Bombay Chronicle" and the "Bombay Samachar," and obtain receipts for the same.

5. Alterations and corrections and mutilations of Entries will disqualify the entrants submitting such entries.
6. No correspondence will be entered into and all competitors enter this competition on the distinct understanding that the Competition Manager's decision is final, legal and binding in all matters pertaining to this competition and that all competitors accept to be governed by these rules.
7. All entries must be received not later than 17TH SEPTEMBER.
8. In case of ties, the Competition Manager reserves the right to divide the prizes at his discretion and his decision will be final. The first prize will be awarded for an all-correct solution.
9. Any number of entries may be submitted by each competitor provided a separate coupon solution and Entrance Fee are enclosed for each entry.
10. No competitor may win more than ONE prize.
11. No responsibility is accepted for non-receipt of entries.
12. This a joint competition appearing simultaneously in the "Bombay Chronicle" and the "Bombay Samachar."

NAME .....

ADDRESS .....

Raw Cotton Situation

FURTHER HEAVY REDUCTION IN THE OFFICIAL CROP ESTIMATE

Japanese Made Heavy Purchases Of Indian Cotton This Week

Bombay, September 1.

Messrs. P. Chrystal and Co., have issued the following weekly report:—

Up to two days ago the Home markets were very strong and there had been no reaction what ever for about a cent and three quarters. Owing to heavy purchases by speculators the market had got into a top heavy condition and the reaction of about 80 New York points during the last two days was not only expected but has strengthened the technical position of the market. Today we have received the following cable from Liverpool friends: "Technical position strengthened by long liquidation. Crop prospects continue poor." We feel that for the present the markets are not likely to react much further and that although there may be many fluctuations there is not likely to be a substantial alteration in values until the next Bureau Report which will be issued on the 8th instant. Reports from the American belt continue to report an extension of boll weevil damage in the East and boll shedding in the West and we confidently expect to see a further heavy reduction in the Official estimate.

We wish we could report with equal confidence an improvement in the world's general conditions. Unfortunately this is impossible. In the U.S.A. confidence has in a measure been restored which is proved by the return, after many months absence, of speculators to the New York and other futures markets. Also the price of many commodities has improved along with cotton which is all to the good, but if we look for actual fresh business it is difficult to see very much improvement except that there has been a great increase in the offtake of Mill products in America. In England there is a distinctly more hopeful feeling, but here the position has been made worse by the strike in Lancashire. In Germany also political matters are very obscure and no one can see the end of the trouble in that country. In the Far East trouble has once more broken out between Japan and China. With so many factors against cotton, it is rather surprising that prices have advanced so far, but we think that the present price level is justified not only because the American, Indian and Egyptian crops will be smaller than normal, but because we think that there will be a very definite improvement in cotton consumption in the months ahead and that in a year's time we shall accordingly see a greatly reduced carryover.

India is now anxiously watching the weather. The break in the rains has lasted the best part of three weeks and in many parts more rain is required. For the last two days there have been signs in Western India of a resumption of the Monsoon current which we trust will bring more rain. Since this day last week this market is about 6 to 1 Rupee higher.

We have no very strong opinion at present, but we still favour the long side in easy markets for a moderately long view.

The fresh protection for Indian Mills, will undoubtedly help them, but so far prices of cloth and yarn have not followed cotton and so Mills are not buying the raw material. Japanese interests have made heavy purchases of Indian cotton both actual and for future delivery during the week.

Bombay Yarn Market

ABSENCE OF PROTECTION TO YARNS CAUSES DISAPPOINTMENT

BOMBAY, Aug. 31.

The important event during the week has been the publication of the decision by the Government of India on the Interim Report of the Tariff Board with regard to the protection of the Indian Mill Industry against heavy dumping of Japanese cloth owing to drastic decline in Japanese Exchange, and the announcement by the Government on Tuesday morning levying an additional protective Duty of 18 3/4 per cent on all Cotton Piecegoods not of British Manufacture, has produced a feeling of satisfaction among the Mill Industry and to a large extent among the general public in India. It is regarded in several quarters that the action by the Government although late to some extent, has been satisfactory to the Mill Industry and it is believed that the Mill Industry will now be able to stand against any unnatural competition from any quarters. This has produced a healthy feeling in the cloth market and prices in cloth have shown an advance to the extent of quarter to half anna per lb. in various sorts, particularly plain, grey and bleached goods. As regards yarns there has been absolutely no increase in Duty either on Cotton yarn, or Artificial Silk yarns and this has naturally given a heavy blow to several merchants, who had been holding several kinds of yarns including cotton yarn, and Artificial Silk yarn in stock with a view to take advantage of any rise in Duty which was anticipated by them. Absence of any additional Duty therefore has produced an easy feeling in the Yarn Market particularly in fine counts and also in Art Silk yarns, where increase in Duty to some extent was anticipated. Prices therefore in fine counts yearns as well as Art Silk yarns have slightly declined and many of the traders have been disappointed to some extent. Cotton market during the week has remained very firm but the rise has been so rapid and hectic that the yarn Trade has not been able to follow it to any appreciable extent. At the close of the week however a sharp decline has been in evidence and has created a feeling of nervousness in the local market with the result that the turnover has been restricted for the time being. Whilst the future outlook seems to be very uncertain and mostly dependent upon the course of the cotton prices we are of opinion that the present level of prices will be maintained in the next few days. Monsoon has also been weak during the last few days, but the break was needed at that time and has proved rather useful. The return of Monsoon is again needed and if it is realized it will considerably help the growth of the crops all over the country.

ENGLISH YARNS:

There has been some improvement in prices in sympathy with sharp rise in cotton during the last few days, but the demand for Manchester yarns has been yet very moderate. The principal reason is the very low prices of Japanese and Shanghai yarns owing to very favourable Exchange. Forward prices in Manchester have considerably advanced but no forward business has been possible.

JAPANESE YARNS.

There has been some improvement in Japanese and Shanghai yarns in sympathy with smart rise in cotton during the last few days and turnover has been rather satisfactory. Stocks are very large and also arrivals and therefore the rise has been only limited. As regards forward business only small business has been transacted owing to the fact that prices in Japan have considerably improved in sympathy with cotton prices and forward business consequently has been very small. Japanese Import Houses as well as the dealers in Japanese yarns have been satisfied as a result of no levy of addtional Duty on any yarns and it is believed in several quarters that this will enable the Japanese Import Houses to dump their cotton yarns as well as Art Silk yarns in Indian markets to the detriment of Indian yarns particularly of fine counts from 30s onwards.

ARTIFICIAL SILK YARNS.

The expected has not been realized by the large holders of stocks of all kinds of Art Silk yarns, Italian, Japanese and others in expectation of heavy additional Duty on Japanese Art Silk yarns and this has naturally disappointed some of the prominent merchants who have been holding very large stocks of Art Silk yarns both in the local market as well as in up-country districts. It is believed therefore that many of these people will be inclined to make sales of their stocks at market rates and the prices therefore may very likely be unfavourably affected in the next few days. Sales by the Syndicate will therefore be very limited and so by the other Importers. The undertone is quiet but steady.

RADIO 'PHONE SERVICE

RUGBY, Sept. 1.

The Postmaster General announces that radio telephone service with ships on North Atlantic route now covers the Empress of Britain," "Homeric," "Leviathan," "Majestic," "Olympic' and "Bremen." The charge for person to person call to any of these ships is 12 shillings per minute when the ship is within 500 miles of the Land's End and 24 shillings at other times with minimum charge as for three minutes.—B. O. W.

DISTRIBUTING CONGRESS BULLETINS?

BOMBAY, Friday.

The raid carried out by the Maharbavdi police last night on a building near C. P. Tank which was believed to be the distributing centre of "Congress Bulletins" had a sequel in the court of Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Fourth Court, to-day when two Gujerati youths were put up on a remand application.

One of the accused was described as the "Chief distribution agent" for the "Congress Bulletins" in Bombay.

STORY OF RAID.

Sub-Inspector Jayawant in applying for a remand of the accused into custody stated that for about a week the Maharbavdi police kept a watch on room No. 15, first floor of Narottam Building, at C. P. Tank Road. The room was raided yesterday and 2,756 "Congress Bulletins" bearing the date of 1-9-32 and other Congress literature was seized. Two persons found in the room were arrested. The police believed that the second accused was the Chief Agent for the distribution of "Congress Bulletins" in the City. As the police wanted to make further investigation they required time.

The accused were remanded to police custody till September 5.

ATTEMPT TO SWALLOW NECKLACE?

Gujarati Remanded To Custody For Six Days

BOMBAY, Friday.

How a Gujarati Hindu described as a professional thief attempted to swallow gold necklace was narrated by a police officer this morning in the court of Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawala, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court.

The police applied for remand of the accused in custody for six days, and the application was granted by the court.

It was stated by the police that this morning a domestic servant was going along Ramwadi with a nine months' old child of his master. The accused who was closely following the servant removed the gold necklace from the person of the child. On being accosted the man put the necklace in his mouth and attempted to swallow it but he was prevented from doing so and handed him over to the police.

The Branded Oath Upon Her Arms
"Revenge! Revenge!!" Doth Cry;

Her Vanished Sun Doth Rise In Arms
To Make Her Tears Dry!

PRABHAT CINETONE'S Second Musical Extravaganza.

IN HINDI

JALTI NISHANI

AT

Globe Talkies

'BRANDED OATH'

Featuring: Miss LEELA (A Bright Bubble on the Ocean of Beauty) Master VINAYAK and Mr. BABURAO PENDARKER (Indian "Adolphe Menjou")

From 10th SEPTEMBER, 1932 SEE and HEAR on the Silver Screen.

IN MARATHI

AGNI

KANKAN

AT

Cinema Majestic

THE EXCELSIOR

TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW AT 4, 6-30 AND 10 P. M.

Pekin to Shanghai—the train ride that changed 200 lives! Bringing them face to face with hatred, intrigue, scandal, love —and WAR! Because of this woman—

Marlene Dietrich in "SHANGHAI EXPRESS"

A PARAMOUNT SUPER PRODUCTION
Directed by JOSEPH VON STERNBERG
WITH
CLIVE BROOK
ANNA MAY WONG WARNER OLAND
ALSO
An Exclusive Talkie of SIR PHIROZ SETHNA'S Speech on the Present Political Situation
FREE LIST ENTIRELY SUSPENDED

COMMENCING FROM TO-DAY: "Hail to Thee Blithe Spirit!"
Yes! You will Hail This Picture—Because—It will Make You Happy and Gay.
SAGAR MOVIETONE ALL TALKING, SINGING PICTURE

FAIRY OF BAGDAD

Directed by—Mr. NANUBHAI VAKIL
Cameraman—Mr. FARDOON
Recordist —Mr. BOMANSHA
Music —Mr. RANE

JUST SEE HERE THE CAST
Master BACHU, Miss SUSHILA
Mr. MAHBUB, Miss KHATUM, Etc.
Mr. YAKUB.

A Cocktail of Fun and Frolic: It will drive away Blues.
Haunting Melodies: Comic Punches: Terrific Fight.
WHEN IT IS SAGAR IT IS THE BEST!

TIME DAILY :—5-30, 8 and 10-30 P.M. SAT., SUNDAY and on HOLIDAYS 3 P.M. MATINEE SHOW.

Imperial Cinema,

(LAMINGTON ROAD)

Fourth 4 Glorious Week.

See to-night Don't fail.

KRISHNATONE'S MOST POPULAR HINDI TALKIE

KRISHNAVATAR

Featuring Screen's lovely lady SHANTAKUMARI

Nevermind if you have no time to spare, but your family members must not miss to see this renowned film.

KRISHNA CINEMA NEW CHARNI ROAD

LAST WEEK

Saturday Sunday 2-30 p. m.
Daily: 5, 7-45, 10.30 p.m.

Coming shortly, Bharat Movietone Talkie "ROSHANARA" Featuring Miss TARA.

SAFELY RELY

ON

AMRUTANJA BALM

For the Cure of

Colds, Cough, Headaches, Rheumatism Swellings and all other kinds of Aches and Pains.

AMRUTANJAN DEPOTS

BOMBAY : : : AND : : : MADRAS

THE PALACE

BYCULLA Rly. Station, Parel Rd.
DAILY MATINEE 4, 6-30, 10 P.M.

Special for PATETI WEEK.
DOUBLE ATTRACTION.

NORMA SHEARER

In M.G.M. FARCE COMEDY

"PRIVATE LIVES"

ROBERT MONTGOMERY, JEAN HERSHOLT & UNA MERKEL

also

LAUREL AND HARDY

IN HILARIOUS NEW COMIC.

Also METROTONE NEWS.

THE EMPIRE

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW AT 4, 6-30 and 10 P.M.

A BRITISH MUSICAL COMEDY ROMANCE enacted in VIENNA

The City of Love, Laughter, Song and Romance.

"GOOD-NIGHT VIENNA"

with

JACK BUCHANAN
(of "MONTE CARLO" fame)

ANNA NEAGLE

Also

An Exclusive Talkie of Sir Phiroz Sethna's Speech on the Present Political Situation.

Free List Entirely Suspended

4th WEEK

Proves Its Unprecedented Success And Popularity
SARASWATI CINETONE'S First Marathi Talkie Masterpiece

SHYAM SUNDER

with

Master MODAK and Miss SHANTA APTE

16 Songs---Clearest Recording

DAILY: 5-30, 8, and 10-30 p. m. Saturday Sunday, Monday and Tuesday MATINEE: 3 p.m.

WEST-END TALKIES

Lamington Road and Charni Road.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 15 December, 2016

JUPITER GENERAL
has various schemes of LIFE INSURANCE to suit all
J9

REGD. NO. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1932

JUPITER GENERAL
will gladly supply full particulars about Life Insurance for mere asking
J10

CONQUEST OF ANTARTIC

"Discovery The Second" In New Venture

NORWEGIAN EXPLORER TO COMPLETE CHARTING

WELLINGTON, September 1.

Equipped with fuel and provisions for several months, the research ship "Discovery the Second" sailed on a new trip to the Antarctic in order to complete a general survey of rocks, coasts and shoals on the Antarctic coast, begun on the instructions of the Colonial Secretary.

"The "Discovery", which left London a year ago, has hitherto been investigating the Antarctic whaling industry under the command of Captain W. M. Carey.

NORWEGIAN ATTEMPT

OSLO, September 1.

An atempt to complete the charting of the Atlantic sector of the Antarctic mainland will be made in February by Captain Riiserlarsen, the Norwegian explorer and a member of several of Amundsen's expeditions.

The task will be largely a continuation of the project vainly attempted by Sir Ernest Shackleton in the "Quest".

An expedition was later started by Captain Riiserlarsen and other Norwegian explorers from 1929 to 1931.

Captain Riiserlarsen will land at Enderby Land or Queen Maud Land and travel by sledge along the coast. The expedition, which consists of Captain Riiserlarsen, two companions and two or three dog teams, will also make meteorological observations in the hope of elucidating questions concerning the Polar year.—Reuter.

De Valera For League?

IRISHMAN'S TURN

In accordance with the rotation arrangements, an Irishman will be in the chair at the forthcoming session of the League Council.

It is not yet known definitely whether President de Valera himself will be able to attend to assume the chairmanship.

It is understood that this is his intention but the final decision will depend on the trend of domestic events.

In the absence of the Irish Minister at the Council, the Irish permanent representative at Geneva would assume the chairmanship.—Reuter.

PEACE CONVENTION IN FREE STATE

Pro-British Forces At Work

DUBLIN, Sept. 1.

A resolution calling on the Dail immediately to end the economic war with Britain has been passed at a meeting of farmers and ratepayers of Dublin, Meath and Kildare, held at Mansion House. The resolution included a request to every county of the Free State to hold meetings to prepare for a convention to be held in Dublin on September 15, with a view to adoption of effective measures.—Reuter.

CHANNEL ISLAND DIPLOMACY

LONDON, Sept. 1.

The visit of the French Premier M. Heriot to the Channel Island where in the company of the British Home Secretary, Sir Herbert Samuel, he made excursions to all points of interest in the island, concluded yesterday when he returned to Cherbourg. In the evening he dined aboard M. Duppy's yacht in the company of Sir Austen Chamberlain who is a guest of M. Duppy.

On arrival at Cherbourgh M. Heriot was informed of the contents of the German aide memoire, handed yesterday to the French Ambassador in Berlin, proposing that direct negotiations on the subject of equal rights regarding armaments should be opened between the French and German Governments.

In accordance with the terms of the Consultations Pact, the British Government has been kept informed of developments on this subject.—B. O. W.

MORTGAGE RATES OF INTEREST

LONDON, Sept. 1.

Five leading building societies in Britain have decided to reduce the rate of interest on new mortgages from six percent to five and half per cent. Whether reduction will be practicable on existing contracts will be determined at a later date.—B. O. W.

ALDERSHOT BEATEN

LONDON, Sept. 1.

In the third Division of the Southern Section of the League to-day Queen's Park Rangers drew with Aldershot, each side scoring two goals.

In the Third Division of the Northern Section, Carlisle beat Crewe by two goals to nil.—Reuter's Special.

Yesterday was the eclipse of the sun and to-day the eclipse of the British golfers. The scores at the end of the first eighteen holes were 3|0, 7|0, 5|0, 7|0 respectively in the order of results.

Seaver, America's longest hitter, drove 300 yards for the 14th and also holed 25 yards shot in the sixth for a birdie three.

Fiddian and Mcruvie won on the first four holes and in the second round were only two down at the 27th but they faded away against the Americans' long driving and fine putting.

Quimets' putting was wonderful. Seaver and Moreland were 9|0 at the 22nd and 5|0 at the 29th.

Eight singles will be played on Friday.—Reuter.

Mr. LEHMANN, the special German engineer, who has built the new Rotary Machine of the "Chronicle."

FUTURE OF INDIAN BANKING

Sir P. S. Sivaswami Iyer Optimistic.

MADRAS, August, 31.

Presiding over the Silver Jubilee Celebration of the Indian Bank, Madras last evening, Sir P. S. Sivaswamy Iyer, observed that a period of 25 years whether in the life of individuals or of banks was a considerable one in a country where the average life was very low, and the fact that the bank had completed 25 years successfully was a proof of the degree of confidence that it commanded among the public.

He looked forward to the time which was not far distant, when the constitutional reforms would come into existence and operation, and when they had no doubt a great stimulus to the development of indigenous banking which was essentially connected with the future prosperity of the country would be given. He had, therefore, nothing but a feeling of optimism towards the future of banking in this country.

NO DEMAND FOR MONEY

Mr. A. Rangaswamy Iyengar, Editor of the "Hindu" who then spoke a few words felicitated the bank on the great public service which it had rendered to South India by coming in at a critical moment and developing ideas of the banking habit among the people. Caution and conservation which had marked the administration of this institution would be as much required in the future as in the past. Owing to the present state of the economic depression, the bank was not able to encourage enterprise in commerce which the founders have intended. The real position was that while there was no demand for commodities, there was no demand for the money. When there came about demand for commodities in the shape of rise in prices, there would be demand for money and he was sure that the bank would be in a strong position to help the country in its economic development.+A.P.

Sholapr.—The All-India Industrial Exhibition opened was closed here on 28th August with a farewell meeting of exhibitors and organisers, presided over by Rao Bahadur Dr. V. V. Mulay, Chairman of the Exhibition Committee. Awards of gold and silver were distributed.

Lahore.—A sentence of six months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 50, in default, one and half months' further imprisonment, was awarded to each of two Congress volunteers by Mr. Syed Bashir Haider, Magistrate, under Section 67 of the Special Powers Ordinance for taking out a Congress procession with Congress flags. They were arrested on Monday last in Chowk Ranmahal.—A. P.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER REPORT

Monsoon Active In Malabar And Konkan

POONA, September ..

The monsoon has been active in Burma and Malabar and has strengthened in Konkan and North Madras Coast. Scattered thundershowers have also occurred in North-east India and the interior of the Peninsula. Conditions are markedly unsettled off the Orissa-Ganjam Coast where a depression is forming. Temperatures are above normal from the United Provinces and East and North Punjab to North Deccan.

Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Bengal, Bihar, Konkan, Mysore; Malabar and Madras Deccan and local in Upper Burma; Assam; Gujarat; Bombay-Deccan; North Hyderabad; Southeast Madras and North Madras Coast. A few falls have occurred in Chota Nagpur Central Provinces; South Hyderabad.

The chief amounts of rainfall are:—Port Blair, Amherst; and Akyab two inches each; Diamond Island one and a half; Tavoy and Kyaukpyu one; Victoria Point, Mergui, Rangoon, Gwa, Minbu and Maymyo three-quarters; Dinajpur five; Darbhanga four; Jalpaiguri two; Cherrapunji and Darjeeling one and a half; Tezpur and Narayanganj three-quarters, Akola one; Bhavnagar a half! Ratnagiri, and Calicut four; Madras two; Bombay, Sholapur and Cuddapah one and a half; Mangalore, Cochin, and Cuddalore one; Mahabaleshwar, Trivandrum, Mercara, Vellore, Kurnool and Masulipatam three-quarters; and Bangalore a half.

Forecast:—The monsoon will continue active along the west coast of the Peninsula and in Burma and rainfall will increase in Mysore, Deccan and North Madras Coast and extend in Northeast India. Scattered thundershowers will occur in Southeast Madras, Gujarat, Central Provinces and East United Provinces.—A.P.

WALKER-CUP GOLF

U. S. Leads By Four Matches To Nil

BROOKLINE (Massachusett), Sept. 1.

In the Walker Cup golf winning all to-day's foursomes, the United States leads, beating Britain by four matches to nil. The following are the results:

Sweetser and Voigt beat Rex Hartley and Lister Hartley, 7/6; Seaver and Moreland beat Torrance and De Forest, 6/5; Quimet and Dunlap beat Stout and Burke, 1/0.

Moe and Howell beat Fiddian and Mcruvie, 5/4.—Reuter.

GOLD SHARES UP

LONDON, Sept. 1.

On the Stock Exchange gilt edged securities continued to forge ahead as also Rayons' shares on reports of agreement among strong producers. The only feature in the other sections was the renewed upward movement of gold mining shares.

Wheat lacked support and prices weakened mainly, owing to increased offerings by Russian and German markets. Tin, despite lower eastern advices, rose sharply on a larger decrease than expected in the monthly carryover.

Other commodities were mostly easier. Wall Street was fluctuating, but trading was fairly active —Reuter.

I. C. S. EXAMINATION

No Real Fall In English Candidates

LONDON, September 1.

With reference to the recent "Daily Mail" article on the fall in number of English candidates for this year's examination of the I.C.S., it is pointed out that the figures quoted compare the number of entrants in 1931 with the number who actually sat in 1932. The number of European candidates who entered in 1931 was 103 of whom 93 sat, the corresponding figures for 1932 being 102 and 83, and, for 1930, 95 and 79.

Moreover, there had been this year no recruitment by open competition for eastern cadetships, the probable result of which was that the number of candidates who would have put down India as their second or third choice had not entered or had withdrawn from the examination —Reuter.

AVIATOR'S HONEYMOON

QUEBEC, September 1.

The airman, Mr. J. A. Mollison, has landed here from Sydney (Nova Scotia) preparatory to his sailing for England on Saturday aboard the "Empress of Britain". He said that he was planning to continue the interrupted honeymoon which had lasted only a week before he left.—Reuter.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS

Better Control Urged By Committee

SIMLA, Sept. 1.

The Military Accounts Committee reassembled to-day and signed its report which will be incorporated in the report of the Public Accounts Committee. Those who signed the report are Sir Alan Parsons, Mr. Taylor, Mr. B Das, Mr. Abdul Matin Chaudhry and Mr. S. C. Mitra. This is the first time that such a committee has assembled to hold a detailed enquiry into military accounts and the Committee received valuable assistance from the Military authorities.

The Committee, it is understood, found that in most directions in which it had urged improvement, steps were already being taken to bring about reforms and only in respect of regulations which, because of their vagueness, resulted in wrong payments, the Committee has asked or a further report next year, to see that the rules were simplified.

Among the subjects which the Committee is understood to have discussed may be mentioned those relating to Stores Accounts and trading Accounts and Financial irregularities. A system of better control in the Military Engineering Services was also discussed. It is also understood that the Committee reviewed the question of capitation charges which has already been referred to an Advisory Tribunal.—A. P.

Ahmednagar Principal Sent To Jail

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDNAGAR, Sept. 1.

The Principal of the National High School and a prominent leader were sentenced to-day to one year's rigorous imprisonment by the Prant Officer. Another national worker arrested on the District Political Conference Day was sentenced to one year's imprisonment by the Kopargaon Magistrate.

Poverty Of Indian Workers

"International Scandal" Says Miss Wilkinson

MADRAS, Aug. 30.

Miss Wilkinson, a member of the India League delegation addressing a large gathering of workers under the auspices of the Madras Labour Union, Mr. B. Shiva Rao presiding, declared the poverty of Indian workers was an international scandal.

While anxious that India should secure complete self-government, she observed, freedom could never be real unless the millions of India's workers achieved complete economic freedom. International solidarity of working classes, she concluded, was the only solution to the evils of capitalist system.—A. P.

Mr. C. R. CHARIAR

MADRAS, Aug. 30.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar leift Madras last night for Trichancode. Miss Wilkinson and Miss Whatley, members of the India League deputation, also left for Trichancode by the same train.—A. P.

REVOLVER NEAR THE WAIST

DACCA, Sept. 1.

Mr. S. N. Chatterjee, special magistrate, delivered judgment to-day in the Badamtali Arms Find Case, sentencing Suresh Chandra and Manoranjan to four and two years' rigorous imprisonment respectively under section 19-F of the Arms Act and to two and one year's rigorous imprisonment respectively under section 19-F read with 120-B of the Indian Penal Code, the sentences to run concurrently.

The third accused Pankaj was sentenced to one year's rigorous under Section 19-F read with 120-B I.P.C.

It will be recalled that on April 23 last the accused were proceeding to Badamtali steamer station early in the morning when the police suspecting their movements pursued and arrested them. A search revealed a revolver tied to a belt round the waist of Suresh Chandra and cartridges and a sword with the other two.—A. P.

CONGRESS FLAG OVER COURTS

DACCA, Sept. 1.

Four persons entered the Dacca criminal courts and going up the roof of the building hoisted the national flag. They were arrested and sentenced to six months' rigorous each. Two others were awarded similar sentences for shouting slogans in the court-room below.—A. P.

Charged For Infringment *Jail Rules*

NEW DELHI, Sept. 1

Ram Pershad, who was arrested some days ago along with other men for alleged unlawful Congress activities and kept in custody in the District jail recently wanted permission from the magistrate to get his food from his house.

As he was an under-trial the Magistrate gave him permission. One day two letters one written in Hindi and one in Urdu intended for his lawyer are alleged to have been found attached to his tiffin carrier.

The accused being under-trial, it was against the jail rules to send any communication to persons outside the jail without the permission of the Jail Superintendent and so the latter has decided to take legal action against the accused on the charge of infringement of jail rules.—A.P.

U. S. AIRMEN KILLED

COLON, Sept. 1.

In the Panama Canal zone four United States naval airmen were killed in the crash of their plane at an air base.—Reuter.

SADANAND-SHAUKAT CASE

Legal Bout Postponed By Consent

BOMBAY, Friday.

The case in which Mr. Shaukat Ali has charged Mr. S. Sadanand, editor and Mr. D. N Nadkarni, printer and publisher of the "Free Press Journal" with defamation in respect of certain articles, which appeared in that paper, was adjourned to-day to October 21, by mutual agreement.

The Court room was crowded with lawyers and visitors when the case was called on for hearing.

Mr. Yaseen Noori, Bar.-at Law, instructed by Mr. S. Baker, of Messrs. Little and Co., Solicitors appeared for the complainant. Mr. F. S. Talyarkhan, with Mr. C. N. Kanuga and Mr. R. F. Talyarkhan, appeared for the defendant.

Mr. F. S. Talyarkhan asked the Court if there was any chance of the case being taken up to-day as he understood that there were many part-heard cases on the board. He asked for a further date.

Mr. Yaseen Noori, counsel for the complainant, said that he had no objection if a date was given.

GOING OUT OF INDIA.

Magistrate:—But last time it was stated that Mr. Shaukat Ali was going out of India. What about that?

Mr. Noori told the Court that his client was going out of India but all arrangements about the tour were not yet complete. However, the complainant was likely to go in the last week of September.

Magistrate:—How long he would stay there?

Mr. Noori:—For nearly three months.

Magistrate:—Then why not take it up after his return?

Mr. Noori said that a provisional date might be given and the case should be heard if Mr. Shaukat Ali was in Bombay on that date.

Counsel for the complainant agreed and the case was adjourned till October 21.

3550

ORDINANCE TOLL IN BOMBAY CITY

Bombay, Friday.

The total number of convictions in the city during the last eight months in connection with the civil disobedience movement has reached to 3,550. This includes the persons who were convicted for breaching the orders of the Police Commissioner, issued under the ordinance.

The number of arrests in the month of August was 304. The largest number of this was for successive raids on the Secretariat which was a feature of Congress activities in this month. The number of persons arrested for this was 37.

The Special Powers Ordinance claimed a toll of 56 persons in this month. Seventy were arrested for picketing foreign cloth shops and shops in Dawa Bazar and Madvi.

Twenty-four were arrested for demonstrations in courts while the number of persons jailed for other demonstrations was 67.

QUADRUPLETS BORN IN HOSPITAL

Mrs. Lavell, of Lancaster-street, Blackfriars, S.E., who is already the mother of five children whose ages range from twelve to two years, has given birth to quadruplets at St. Thomas's Hospital.

The four babies, two boys and two girls, are much below the normal weight. Special measures were at once taken with them, but in spite of this one of the boys later in the day and the second boy was stated to be weaker and not likely to survive. Mrs. Lavell, who is the wife of a labourer, is as well as can be expected.

Members of the staff at St. Thomas's of over 20 years service cannot recollect any previous occasion when quadruplets were

The fear of being detected by a railway ticket examiner has heavily cost a passenger, who was travelling without ticket on an E. I. Rly. train. When the train slowed down on the Jamuna bridge the passenger jumped down and fell on the rails, with the result that both his legs were cut. He has been removed to the Railway Hospital.

Edited by LAXMAN GANESH KHARE (Ag. Editor) and Printed and Published for the "Bombay Chronicle" Co. Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE at the "Bombay Chronicle" Press, Hari Building, Old Custom House Road, and Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street Fort, Bombay.